BEFORE THE PODIATRIC MEDICAL BOARD DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation against:)))
KI JOON CHOE, D.P.M. Doctor of Podiatric Medicine License No. E-4716) File No: 500-2018-000673))
Respondent	
The attached Stipulated Set Reprimand is hereby accepted an	ttlement and Disciplinary Order for Public d adopted as the Decision and Order by the lent of Consumer Affairs, State of California. OCT 28 2021
IT IS SO ORDERED SEP	2 8 2021
	PODIATRIC MEDICAL BOARD Judith Manzi, D.P.M., President

1	ROB BONTA			
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ Supervising Deputy Attorney General KEITH C. SHAW Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 227029			
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8	Attorneys for Complainant			
9				
10	BEFORE THE			
11	PODIATRIC MEDICAL BOARD DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS			
12	STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA		
13				
14	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 5002018000673		
15	KI JOON CHOE, D.P.M.	OAH No. 2020100971		
16	9 La Flora Irvine, CA 92614	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER FOR PUBLIC		
17	Podiatrist License No. E 4716	REPRIMAND		
18	1 odnavist Execuse 100 E 00 E			
19	Respondent.			
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22	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-			
23	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:			
24	<u>PARTIES</u>			
25		Executive Officer of the Podiatric Medical Board		
26	(Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this matter by			
27	Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Keith C. Shaw, Deputy Attorney			
28	General.			
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STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER FOR PUBLIC REPRIMAND (5002018000673)

- 2. Respondent Ki Joon Choe, D.P.M. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by attorney Bradley McGirr, Esq., whose address is: 2677 North Main Street, #901, Santa Ana, CA 92705.
- 3. On or about March 21, 2007, the Board issued Podiatrist License No. E 4716 to Respondent Ki Joon Choe, D.P.M. The Podiatrist License expired on August 31, 2018, and has not been renewed.

JURISDICTION

- 4. Accusation No. 5002018000673 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on August 28, 2020. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation.
- 5. A copy of Accusation No. 5002018000673 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 6. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 5002018000673. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order for Public Reprimand.
- 7. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 8. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

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CULPABILITY

- 9. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 5002018000673, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon his Podiatrist License.
- 10. For the purpose of resolving the Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent gives up his right to contest that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case with respect to the charges and allegations contained in the Accusation.
- 11. Respondent agrees that his Podiatrist License is subject to discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's terms as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.

CONTINGENCY

- 12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Podiatric Medical Board. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Podiatric Medical Board may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order for Public Reprimand shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 13. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order for Public Reprimand, including PDF and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 14. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

DISCIPLINARY ORDER

A. PUBLIC REPRIMAND

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Podiatrist License No. E 4716 issued to Ki Joon Choe, D.P.M., shall be and hereby is publicly reprimanded pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a)(4). This public reprimand is issued in connection with allegations that Respondent failed to properly maintain adequate and accurate records, including informed consent, regarding his care and treatment of a patient, as set forth in Accusation No. 5002018000673.

B. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping, at Respondent's expense, approved in advance by the Board or its designee.

A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

C. COST RECOVERY

Within three (3) years from the effective date of the Decision or other period agreed to by the Board or its designee, Respondent shall reimburse the Board in the amount of \$12,500.00 for its investigative and prosecution costs. The filing of bankruptcy or period of non-practice by respondent shall not relieve Respondent of his obligation to reimburse the Board for its costs.

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ACCEPTANCE 1 I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order for Public 2 Reprimand and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Bradley McGirr, Esq. I understand the 3 4 stipulation and the effect it will have on my Podiatrist License. I enter into this Stipulated 5 Settlement and Disciplinary Order for Public Reprimand voluntarily, knowingly, and 6 intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Podiatric Medical Board. 7 June 25, 2021 8 Respondent 9 10 I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Ki Joon Choe, D.P.M., the terms and 11 conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order 12 for Public Reprimand. I approve its form and content 13 14 DATED: BRADLEY MCGIRR, ESO. 15 Attorney for Respondent 16 17 **ENDORSEMENT** 18 The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully 19 submitted for consideration by the Podiatric Medical Board. 20 DATED: 6/28/21 Respectfully submitted, 21 **ROB BONTA** 22 Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ 23 Supervising Deputy Attorney General 24 25 KEITH C. SHAW Deputy Attorney General 26 Attorneys for Complainant 27 SD2020800487 28 82929832.docx

Exhibit A

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1	Xavier Becerra			
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ			
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General KEITH C. SHAW			
	Deputy Attorney General			
4	State Bar No. 227029 600 West Broadway, Suite 1800			
5	San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266			
6	San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 738-9515			
7	Facsimile: (619) 645-2012			
8	Attorneys for Complainant			
9				
10	BEFORE THE			
11	PODIATRIC MEDICAL BOARD DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS			
12	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
13				
14	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 500-2018-000673			
15	KI JOON CHOE, D.P.M.			
16	9 La Flora Irvine, CA 92614 ACCUSATION			
17				
18	Podiatrist License No. E 4716			
19	Respondent.			
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21	<u>PARTIES</u>			
22	1. Brian Naslund (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity as			
23	the Executive Officer of the Podiatric Medical Board, Department of Consumer Affairs.			
24	2. On or about March 21, 2007, the Podiatric Medical Board issued Podiatrist License			
25	No. E 4716 to Ki Joon Choe, D.P.M. (Respondent). The Podiatrist License expired on August			
26	31, 2018, and is presently in delinquent status as the license has not been renewed.			
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JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Podiatric Medicine (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Section 2222 of the Code states:

"The California Board of Podiatric Medicine shall enforce and administer this article as to doctors of podiatric medicine. Any acts of unprofessional conduct or other violations proscribed by this chapter are applicable to licensed doctors of podiatric medicine and wherever the Medical Quality Hearing Panel established under Section 11371 of the Government Code is vested with the authority to enforce and carry out this chapter as to licensed physicians and surgeons, the Medical Quality Hearing Panel also possesses that same authority as to licensed doctors of podiatric medicine.

"The California Board of Podiatric Medicine may order the denial of an application or issue a certificate subject to conditions as set forth in Section 2221, or order the revocation, suspension, or other restriction of, or the modification of that penalty, and the reinstatement of any certificate of a doctor of podiatric medicine within its authority as granted by this chapter and in conjunction with the administrative hearing procedures established pursuant to Sections 11371, 11372, 11373, and 11529 of the Government Code. For these purposes, the California Board of Podiatric Medicine shall exercise the powers granted and be governed by the procedures set forth in this chapter."

- 5. Section 2497 of the Code states:
- "(a) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension of, or the revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, a certificate to practice podiatric medicine for any of the causes set forth in Article 12 (commencing with Section 2220) in accordance with Section 2222.
- "(b) The board may hear all matters, including but not limited to, any contested case or may assign any such matters to an administrative law judge. The proceedings shall be held in accordance with Section 2230. If a contested case is heard by the board itself, the administrative

law judge who presided at the hearing shall be present during the board's consideration of the case and shall assist and advise the board."

6. Section 2234 requires that the Board take action against any licensee charged with unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to:

"(c) Repeated negligent acts.

"

7. Section 2266 of the Code provides that failure to maintain adequate and accurate medical records pertaining to patient care provided by the licensee constitutes unprofessional conduct.

COST RECOVERY

- 8. Section 2497.5 of the Code states:
- "(a) The board may request the administrative law judge, under his or her proposed decision in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before the board, to direct any licensee found guilty of unprofessional conduct to pay to the board a sum not to exceed the actual and reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- "(b) The costs to be assessed shall be fixed by the administrative law judge and shall not be increased by the board unless the board does not adopt a proposed decision and in making its own decision finds grounds for increasing the costs to be assessed, not to exceed the actual and reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- "(c) When the payment directed in the board's order for payment of costs is not made by the licensee, the board may enforce the order for payment by bringing an action in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licensee directed to pay costs.
- "(d) In any judicial action for the recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.
- "(e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.

"(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for those unpaid costs.

"(f) All costs recovered under this section shall be deposited in the Board of Podiatric Medicine Fund as a reimbursement in either the fiscal year in which the costs are actually recovered or the previous fiscal year, as the board may direct."

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct: Repeated Negligent Acts)

- 9. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (c), of the Code in that he was repeatedly negligent in his care and treatment of Patient A.¹ The circumstances are as follows:
- 10. Patient A, a then 58 year-old male, was first seen by Respondent on or about January 19, 2015, for treatment of an ulcer at the bottom of his right foot. Patient A presented with a longstanding history of chronic comorbidities, including diabetes mellitus, diabetic peripheral neuropathy,² gastrointestinal cancer, kidney transplant, and anticoagulant therapy (cardiac pacemaker). At the initial examination, Respondent noted a right second hammertoe³ with extension of the second metatarsal phalangeal joint and a pre-ulcer lesion at the right second metatarsal phalangeal joint. There was no documentation that either a vascular examination⁴ or neurological examination was performed at the initial visit, nor any of the numerous subsequent

¹ The patient listed in this document is unnamed to protect his privacy. Respondent knows the name of the patient and can confirm his identity through discovery.

² Diabetic peripheral neuropathy is nerve damage caused by chronically high blood sugar and diabetes that typically affects the hands and feet.

³ Hammertoe is an abnormal bend in the middle joint of a toe, often placing pressure on the toes while wearing shoes and becoming progressively worse over time.

⁴ Due to Patient A's chronic ulcer of the right foot, a vascular examination would have been appropriate to determine why he was not healing and ensure adequate blood flow improvement.

office visits prior to Patient A's right foot surgery on or about June 3, 2016. Many of the notes do not include which mediations the patient was presently taking, and include cut and paste statements from previous notes that bear no relation to the current office visit.

- 11. On several office visits throughout 2015, Respondent discussed extensive right foot surgery with Patient A for a painful sub-second metatarsal phalangeal joint that did not probe to the bone. Respondent noted that the patient had a full thickness ulcer of the right second metatarsal phalangeal joint of the right foot. It was noted that Respondent had recommended on several occasions a nephrology⁶ and cardiology consultation, but neither was accomplished prior to surgery.
- 12. On or about May 18, 2016, an extensive right forefoot reconstructive surgery was planned for Patient A, which would include resection of the second metatarsal head, rotation skin flap, and hammertoe second repair with arthrodesis. It was advised that Patient A should stop Plavix and aspirin for seven days prior to surgery and should have cardiac clearance, EKG, chest X-ray, and a stress test. Patient A obtained medical clearance for surgery from his primary care physician on or about June 1, 2016, who noted that Patient A had poorly controlled diabetes; however, Patient A was not referred to an internist to focus on better controlling the hyperglycemia. There was no documentation that Respondent obtained and reviewed an X-ray. Similarly, there was no record that Respondent ordered an MRI of the right foot to define osseous and soft tissue pathology. There was no record that Respondent discussed informed consent with Patient A, including the nature and purpose for surgery, the risks and benefits of surgery, and

⁵ Patient A had a total of 11 recorded office visits with Respondent between January 19, 2015, and May 18, 2016.

⁶ Nephrology is a specialty of medicine focusing on the kidneys, specifically normal kidney function and kidney disease. Patient A was taking a number of immunosuppressive drugs for a prior kidney transplant.

⁷ Arthrodesis is the surgical immobilization of a joint by fusion of the adjacent bones and intended to relieve intractable pain.

⁸ An X-ray should have been obtained when the pre-ulcer lesion had significantly worsened, as noted in the office visit on or about July 10, 2015; an X-ray should have also been read when the surgery was scheduled and at the post-operative visit on or about June 9, 2016.

alternatives to surgery and the risks to those alternatives. There was no consent form contained in the patient's record.9

- 13. On or about June 3, 2016, Respondent performed right forefoot reconstructive surgery on Patient A, including hammertoe repair of the second digit with K-wire, second metatarsal head resection with rotational skin plasty, and excision of the ulceration. There is no record that Patient A was prescribed antibiotics either before or just after surgery even though that may have reduced the risk of infection and complications given Patient A was an immunocompromised patient, had multiple comorbidities, as well as a non-healing ulcer. Several days following surgery, Patient A developed fever and chills, as well as cellulitis. Patient A's foot pain continued to worsen and he noticed discoloration extending from his foot to below his knee.
- 14. On or about June 9, 2016, Patient A attended his scheduled post-operative visit with Respondent. Respondent suspected cellulitis and prescribed Patient A an antibiotic with instructions to go the emergency room the following day if there was no significant improvement. Patient A was admitted to Cedars Sinai Hospital on or about June 10, 2016, with cellulitis and suspected ischemia 11 of the second digit of the right foot. During the hospital stay, Patient A underwent a number of incision and drainage procedures. However, internists and infectious disease specialists who managed Patient A ultimately determined right foot second toe amputation was necessary due to cellulitis and osteomyelitis, 12 and amputation was subsequently performed. 13 On or about June 30, 2016, Patient A was discharged from Cedars Sinai Hospital.

⁹ The surgery center obtained a consent form from Patient A only at the time of surgery; instead, a consent form for an elective surgery should be obtained at the pre-operative visit so that the patient has time to contemplate the surgery and plan accordingly.

¹⁰ Cellulitis is a common and sometimes painful bacterial skin infection.

¹¹ Ischemia is an inadequate blood supply to an organ or part of the body.

¹² Osteomyelitis is an infection in a bone.

¹³ Respondent did not care for Patient A while at Cedars Sinai Hospital due to not having hospital privileges.

1	1 4. Taking such other and further action as de	eemed necessary and proper.
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4	BRIAN	NASLUND
5	5 Executive Podiatric	e Officer Medical Board
6 7	Department State of C	ent of Consumer Affairs California
8	Complain	nant
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