

BEFORE THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the First Amended
Accusation Against:

Manbir Singh, M.D.

Physician's & Surgeon's
Certificate No. A 44591

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2018-042148

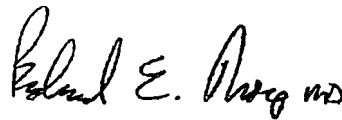
DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on May 27, 2022.

IT IS SO ORDERED: April 27, 2022.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA



Richard E. Thorp, M.D. Chair
Panel B

1 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
2 ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
3 JOSEPH F. MCKENNA III
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8 *Attorneys for Complainant*

9 **BEFORE THE**
10 **MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA**
11 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

12 In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation
Against:

13 **MANBIR SINGH, M.D.**
14 **733 3rd Street**
McFarland, California 93250-1008

15 **Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate**
16 **No. A 44591,**

17 Respondent.

Case No. 800-2018-042148

OAH No. 2021060190

**STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND
DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

18
19 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-
20 entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:

21 **PARTIES**

22 1. William Prasifka (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board of
23 California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this
24 matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, and by Joseph F. McKenna III,
25 Deputy Attorney General.

26 2. Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by
27 attorney Dennis R. Thelen, Esq., whose address is: 5001 E. Commerce Center Dr., Suite 300,
28 Bakersfield, California, 93309-1687.

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CULPABILITY

9. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations contained in First Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591.

10. Respondent stipulates that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case or factual basis for the charges and allegations contained in the First Amended Accusation; that he gives up his right to contest those charges and allegations contained in the First Amended Accusation; and that he has thereby subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate to disciplinary action.

CONTINGENCY

11. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.

12. Respondent agrees that if an accusation is ever filed against him before the Board, all of the charges and allegations contained in First Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of any such proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

13. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties herein to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final and exclusive embodiment of the agreements of the parties in the above-entitled matter.

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1 14. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile
2 copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile
3 signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

4 15. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
5 the Board may, without further notice or opportunity to be heard by the Respondent, issue and
6 enter the following Disciplinary Order

7 **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

8 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D.'s Physician's and
9 Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591 shall be and is hereby Publicly Reprimanded pursuant to
10 California Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a), subsection (4). This
11 Public Reprimand, which is issued in connection with the charges and allegations contained in
12 First Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148, is as follows:

13 1. PUBLIC REPRIMAND.

14 Respondent failed to adequately document in the progress notes of Patients A, B, C, and D
15 the necessary information for the prescribing of controlled substances to said patients. This
16 constitutes an inadequate record for each patient, as more particularly alleged in First Amended
17 Accusation No. 800-2018-042148.

18 2. EDUCATION COURSE.

19 Within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall
20 submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval forty (40) hours of educational
21 program(s) or course(s) which shall be aimed at correcting any areas of deficient practice or
22 knowledge and shall be Category I certified. The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be at
23 Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME)
24 requirements for renewal of licensure.

25 Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its
26 designee not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after successfully completing the educational
27 program(s) or course(s).

28 ////

1 Failure to successfully complete the educational program(s) or course(s) within one (1) year
2 of the effective date of the Decision is a violation of this agreement and shall be deemed an act of
3 unprofessional conduct and a separate and distinct basis for discipline, in addition to any other
4 action that may be taken based on Respondent's failure to successfully complete the educational
5 program(s) or course(s).

6 3. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE.

7 Within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall
8 enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in advance by the Board or its designee.
9 Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that
10 the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and
11 successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after
12 Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of
13 the course within ten (10) months of enrollment. The medical record keeping course shall be at
14 Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME)
15 requirements for renewal of licensure.

16 Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its
17 designee not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after successfully completing the medical record
18 keeping course.

19 Failure to successfully complete the medical record keeping course within one (1) year of
20 the effective date of the Decision is a violation of this agreement and shall be deemed an act of
21 unprofessional conduct and a separate and distinct basis for discipline, in addition to any other
22 action that may be taken based on Respondent's failure to successfully complete the medical
23 record keeping course.

24 A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges contained
25 in the First Amended Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole
26 discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the
27 course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the
28 effective date of this Decision.

1 4. PROFESSIONALISM PROGRAM (ETHICS COURSE).

2 Within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall
3 enroll in a professionalism program that meets the requirements of Title 16, California Code of
4 Regulations, section 1358.1. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete that
5 program. Respondent shall provide any information and documents that the program may deem
6 pertinent. The professionalism program shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition
7 to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

8 Respondent shall successfully complete the classroom component of the program not later
9 than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment, and complete the longitudinal
10 component of the program within ten (10) months of enrollment.

11 Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee
12 not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after successfully completing the professionalism program.

13 Failure to successfully complete the professionalism program within one (1) year of the
14 effective date of the Decision is a violation of this agreement and shall be deemed an act of
15 unprofessional conduct and a separate and distinct basis for discipline, in addition to any other
16 action that may be taken based on Respondent's failure to successfully complete the
17 professionalism program.

18 A professionalism program taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the First
19 Amended Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of
20 the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the program
21 would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the program been taken after the
22 effective date of this Decision.

23 5. INVESTIGATION/ENFORCEMENT COST RECOVERY.

24 Respondent is hereby ordered to reimburse the Board its costs of enforcement, including
25 legal review and expert review, as applicable, in the amount of \$1,760 (one thousand seven
26 hundred sixty dollars). Costs shall be payable to the Medical Board of California. Failure to pay
27 such costs shall be considered a violation of this agreement and shall be deemed an act of
28 unprofessional conduct and a separate and distinct basis for discipline.

1 Any and all requests for a payment plan shall be submitted in writing by Respondent to the
2 Board.

3 The filing of bankruptcy by Respondent shall not relieve Respondent of the responsibility
4 to repay investigation and enforcement costs, including expert review costs (if applicable).

5 **6. FAILURE TO COMPLY.**


6 Any failure by Respondent to comply with the terms and conditions of the Disciplinary
7 Order set forth above shall constitute unprofessional conduct and grounds for further disciplinary
8 action.

9 **ACCEPTANCE**

10 I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully
11 discussed it with my attorney, Dennis R. Thelen, Esq. I fully understand the stipulation and the
12 effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591. I enter into this
13 Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree
14 to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

15
16 DATED: 2-9-22 
17 _____
18 MANBIR SINGH, M.D.
19 Respondent

18 I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D., the terms and
19 conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
20 I approve its form and content.

21
22 DATED: 2-9-22 
23 _____
24 DENNIS R. THELEN, ESQ.
25 Attorney for Respondent

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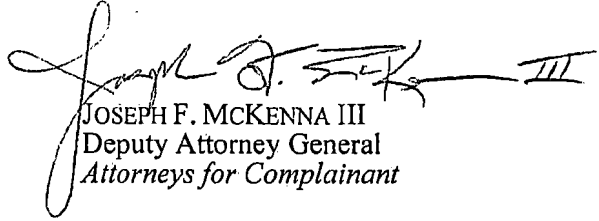
ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

DATED: *February 9, 2022*

Respectfully submitted,

ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ
Supervising Deputy Attorney General



JOSEPH F. MCKENNA III
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

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Doc.No.83259200

Exhibit A

First Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148

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8 *Attorneys for Complainant*

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**BEFORE THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

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13

In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation
Against:

Case No. 800-2018-042148
OAH No. 2021060190

14

15

MANBIR SINGH, M.D.
733 3rd Street
McFarland, CA 93250-1008

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION

16

17

**Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
No. A 44591,**

18

Respondent.

19

20

Complainant alleges:

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PARTIES

22

1. William Prasifka (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation solely in his
23 official capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California (Board),
24 Department of Consumer Affairs.

25

2. On or about March 21, 1988, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
26 No. A 44591 to Manbir Singh, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
27 was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on
28 November 30, 2023, unless renewed.

1 **JURISDICTION**

2 3. This First Amended Accusation which supersedes Accusation No. 800-2018-042148,
3 filed on March 1, 2021, in the above-entitled matter, is brought before the Board, under the
4 authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code
5 (Code) unless otherwise indicated.

6 **STATUTORY PROVISIONS**

7 4. Section 2227 of the Code states:

8 (a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of
9 the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government
10 Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered
11 into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the
12 provisions of this chapter:

13 (1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.

14 (2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one
15 year upon order of the board.

16 (3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation
17 monitoring upon order of the board.

18 (4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a
19 requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the
20 board.

21 (5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of
22 probation, as the board or an administrative law judge may deem proper.

23 (b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters,
24 medical review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations,
25 continuing education activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that
26 are agreed to with the board and successfully completed by the licensee, or other
27 matters made confidential or privileged by existing law, is deemed public, and
28 shall be made available to the public by the board pursuant to Section 803.1.

5. Section 2234 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with
unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional
conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or
abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.

(b) Gross negligence.

1 (c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more
2 negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a
3 separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute
4 repeated negligent acts.

5 ...

6 6. Unprofessional conduct under section 2234 of the Code is conduct which
7 breaches the rules or ethical code of the medical profession, or conduct which is unbecoming to
8 a member in good standing of the medical profession, and which demonstrates an unfitness to
9 practice medicine. (*Shea v. Board of Medical Examiners* (1978) 81 Cal.App.3d 564, 575.).

10 7. Section 2266 of the Code states:

11 The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate
12 records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes
13 unprofessional conduct.

14 COST RECOVERY

15 8. Section 125.3 of the Code states:

16 (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a
17 disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the
18 Osteopathic Medical Board upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the
19 administrative law judge may direct a licensee found to have committed a violation
20 or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of
21 the investigation and enforcement of the case.

22 (b) In the case of a disciplined licensee that is a corporation or a partnership,
23 the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.

24 (c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where
25 actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its
26 designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of
27 investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of
28 investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not
limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.

(d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount
of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested
pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard
to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board
may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if
the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to
subdivision (a).

(e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as
directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any
appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights
the board may have as to any licensee to pay costs.

1 (f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be
2 conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

3 (g)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or
4 reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered
5 under this section.

6 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion,
7 conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any
8 licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement
9 with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid
10 costs.

11 (h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement
12 for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs
13 to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.

14 (i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of
15 the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.

16 (j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in
17 that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative
18 disciplinary proceeding.

19 PERTINENT DRUG INFORMATION

20 9. Opioids are Schedule II controlled substances pursuant to Health and Safety Code
21 section 11055, and are a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
22 The DEA has identified opioids as a drug of abuse. (Drugs of Abuse, DEA Resource Guide
23 (2017 Edition), at pp. 38-39.)

24 (a) Morphine Sulfate Extended Release is an opioid used to treat the
25 symptoms of acute pain and chronic severe pain that requires daily, around-the-clock,
26 long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are
27 inadequate. According to the black box warning, Morphine Sulfate Extended Release
28 tablets are not indicated as an "as needed" (prn) analgesic.

(b) Norco is an opioid used for the management of moderate to severe pain.
Norco is a brand name for hydrocodone-acetaminophen.

10. Benzodiazepines are Schedule IV controlled substances pursuant to Health and Safety
Code section 11057, and are a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section
4022. The risk of respiratory depression, drug overdose, and death is increased with the
concomitant use of benzodiazepines and opioids. The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA)
has identified benzodiazepines as a drug of abuse. (Drugs of Abuse, DEA Resource Guide (2017
Edition), at p. 59.)

1 (a) Ativan is a benzodiazepine used for the treatment of anxiety and
2 insomnia. Ativan is a brand name for lorazepam.

3 (b) Restoril is a benzodiazepine used for the short-term treatment (7-10 days)
4 of insomnia. Restoril is a brand name for temazepam.

5 (c) Valium is a benzodiazepine used for the treatment of anxiety, alcohol
6 withdrawal symptoms, or muscle spasms and stiffness. Valium is a brand name
7 for diazepam.

8 (d) Xanax is a benzodiazepine used for the short-term treatment (4-6 weeks)
9 of severe anxiety, panic attacks, or muscle spasms when other modalities have
10 failed. Xanax is a brand name for alprazolam.

11 11. Soma, a muscle relaxant, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health
12 and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and
13 Professions Code section 4022. Soma is a brand name for carisoprodol. When properly
14 prescribed and indicated, it is used for the short-term treatment of acute and painful
15 musculoskeletal conditions. Soma is commonly used by those who abuse opioids to potentiate
16 the euphoric effect of opioids, to create a better "high."

17 PERTINENT CASE INFORMATION

18 12. Respondent, at all times relevant to the charges and allegations brought in First
19 Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148, owned McFarland Singh Medical Clinic (MSMC),
20 and also employed a physician assistant (PA) and an advanced practice registered nurse at MSMC.
21 Respondent is the sole owner of MSMC, and he operates the clinic as a solo practice and is the
22 only physician practicing there. Respondent has no specialty training in the field of Pain Medicine.

23 13. On May 11, 2020, Respondent, with his attorney present, was interviewed by a
24 Division of Investigation investigator and a district medical consultant working on behalf of the
25 Board. During the interview, Respondent answered a number of general background questions,
26 including questions asked about supervising physician assistants, and delegation of services
27 agreements (DSA) with those he supervised at MSMC. Respondent also answered questions
28 about specific patients seen by him and other providers whom he supervised, which are relevant
to the charges and allegations brought in First Amended Accusation No. 800-2018-042148.
Respondent stated that he was not currently board-certified. He explained that he was previously

1 board certified with the American Board of Internal Medicine, but that he did not take the
2 recertification exam after 2005.

3 14. The Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) is a
4 program operated by the California Department of Justice (DOJ) to assist health care practitioners
5 in their efforts to ensure appropriate prescribing of controlled substances, and law enforcement
6 and regulatory agencies in their efforts to control diversion and abuse of controlled substances.
7 (Health & Saf. Code, § 11165.) California law requires dispensing pharmacies to report to the
8 DOJ the dispensing of Schedule II, III, and IV controlled substances as soon as reasonably
9 possible after the prescriptions are filled. (Health & Saf. Code, § 11165, subd. (d).) It is
10 important to note that the history of controlled substances dispensed to a specific patient based on
11 the data contained in CURES is available to a health care practitioner who is treating that patient.
12 (Health & Saf. Code, § 11165.1, subd. (a).)

13 **FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

14 **(Gross Negligence)**

15 15. Respondent has subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591
16 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined in section 2234, subdivision (b),
17 of the Code, in that Respondent committed gross negligence in his care and treatment of Patients
18 A, B, and C,¹ as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

19 16. **Patient A**

20 (a) Between in or around April 2016 and in or around March 2018, Patient
21 A treated with Respondent at MSMC. During that timeframe, Respondent saw
22 Patient A for a number of medical issues including, low back pain and knee pain.

23 (b) On or about April 12, 2016, Patient A, a then-52-year-old male,
24 presented at Respondent's clinic for medication refills and complained of low back
25 pain, according to the progress note for the visit. The medications documented

26
27 ¹ To protect the privacy of the patients involved in this matter, patient names have not
28 been included in this pleading. Respondent is aware of the identities of Patients A, B, C, and D.

1 under plan in the note were morphine sulfate extended release (100 mg) (“q6 hrs
2 prn prescription”)² and Soma (350 mg) (“q6 hrs prn prescription”). However, a
3 notation in the note indicated that both of these two medications were “not
4 prescribed” at this visit.³ Notably, on the same date of the visit, CURES showed
5 that Patient A had filled both prescriptions and they had been issued by
6 Respondent.

7 (c) Between in or around April 2016, through in or around March 2018,
8 Respondent charted approximately fifty (50) clinical visits with Patient A at
9 MSMC. During this timeframe of approximately two (2) years, Respondent
10 consistently prescribed morphine sulfate extended release (100 mg) with directions
11 to be taken on an “as needed” basis by Patient A.

12 (d) During the subject interview held on May 11, 2020, Respondent
13 answered specific questions regarding the care and treatment he had provided to
14 Patient A. When Respondent was asked why he had prescribed extended release
15 morphine on an “as needed” (prn) basis, Respondent replied, “[b]ecause I didn’t
16 want him to take it routinely. Unless he has pain, do not take it. So I always
17 insisted him to take it only if you need it.” When Respondent was asked whether
18 he was concerned about the potency of extended release morphine being
19 prescribed for intermittent use by Patient A, Respondent replied, “Looking at the
20 severity of his pain ... he was always in pain and that’s the only way he felt better.
21 So I felt to monitor him closely and ... at the same time not to use it routinely.”

22 17. Respondent committed gross negligence in his care and treatment of Patient A
23 including, but not limited to, the following:

24 (a) Respondent improperly prescribed morphine sulfate extended release
25 (100 mg) to Patient A with directions to be taken on an “as needed” basis.

26 ² Prescription to be taken every 6 hours (q6 hrs), or as needed (prn).

27 ³ The same notation is repeated in every progress note for Patient A between 2016 and
28 2018. Furthermore, CURES showed that Respondent issued those prescriptions and that Patient
A filled them on or near dates of his scheduled clinical visits at MSMC.

1 18. **Patient B**

2 (a) Between in or around June 2016 and in or around February 2018,
3 Patient B treated with Respondent at MSMC. During that timeframe, Respondent
4 saw Patient B for a number of medical issues including, pain, panic disorder,
5 anxiety, insomnia, diabetes mellitus, and high blood pressure.

6 (b) On or about Jun 20, 2016, Patient B, a then-66-year-old female,
7 presented for medication refills at MSMC. Respondent issued prescriptions for
8 Norco and Xanax to Patient B, according to the progress note for the visit. A
9 cursory physical examination was performed, but the progress note does not
10 contain any relevant information regarding history of pain, subjective pain levels,
11 or conditions for which controlled substances were being prescribed. Under plan,
12 the note refers to ordering x-rays of the elbows and cervical spine. The progress
13 note does not document whether informed consent was obtained, in light of the
14 concurrent prescriptions for combined use of an opioid and a benzodiazepine.
15 Finally, the progress note does not document any information about consultations
16 or referrals to a specialist for Patient B's chronic pain issues.

17 (c) On or about July 5, 2016, Patient B returned to MSMC for medication
18 refill and to discuss x-ray results. Respondent noted that the x-ray results were
19 "discussed with patient, patient understood and accepted," according to the
20 progress note for this visit. However, no further information was documented
21 about the x-rays, nor any information about a plan and objectives for treatment of
22 Patient B's chronic pain. Again, a cursory physical examination was performed,
23 but the progress note does not contain any relevant information regarding history
24 of pain, subjective pain levels, or conditions for which controlled substances were
25 being prescribed. Respondent refilled Patient B's prescriptions for Norco and
26 Xanax at this visit.

27 (d) On or about September 13, 2016, Patient B returned to MSMC for
28 medication refill and complaints of cold congestion. Consistent with prior clinical

1 visits, a cursory physical examination was performed, but the progress note does
2 not contain any relevant information regarding history of pain, subjective pain
3 levels, or conditions for which controlled substances were being prescribed.
4 Respondent refilled Patient B's prescriptions for Norco and Xanax at this visit, and
5 also added a prescription for promethazine-codeine oral syrup for her cough.⁴

6 (e) Between in or around June 2016, through in or around February 2018,
7 Respondent charted approximately fifty (50) clinical visits with Patient B at
8 MSMC. Significantly, the progress notes rarely document any substantial history
9 of pain or contain any relevant physical examination of conditions for which
10 controlled substances were being prescribed. The progress notes also lack clear
11 objectives regarding symptom control, and there is no periodic review of the
12 treatment plan, other than refilling medications. Respondent consistently refilled
13 Patient B's prescriptions for Norco and Xanax on a monthly basis during this time-
14 frame. The progress notes fail to adequately document whether informed consent
15 was obtained, in light of the concurrent prescriptions for combined use of an
16 opioid, a benzodiazepine, and a sedative.⁵ Finally, the progress notes do not
17 document any information about consultations or referrals to a specialist for
18 Patient B's chronic medical issues

19 (f) During the subject interview held on May 11, 2020, Respondent
20 answered specific questions regarding the care and treatment he had provided to
21 Patient B. When asked whether he was concerned about the effects of sedation
22 with the combined use of Norco, Xanax, and the promethazine with codeine,
23 Respondent replied, "Oh yes. We had ... several conversations in this regard."
24 When asked about Patient B's refusal to reduce her pain medication in 2016,

25
26 ⁴ Respondent prescribed promethazine-codeine oral syrup to Patient B for a six-month
27 period (August 2017–January 2018), but did not document an explanation for prescribing "as
28 needed" (prm) controlled medicine for a chronic/recurring symptom.

⁵ Respondent prescribed Soma to Patient B from June 2017 through February 2018.

1 Respondent admitted that he had “several discussion” with the patient and that he
2 had tried to decrease the Xanax many times. When asked if he had considered
3 giving her a tapering prescription, Respondent replied, “Yes. I have ... told her to
4 try to take it two times rather than three times ... but she was not happy. And ...
5 my part was to keep on trying.”

6 19. Respondent committed gross negligence in his care and treatment of Patient B
7 including, but not limited to, the following:

8 (a) Respondent failed to appropriately prescribe controlled substances
9 to Patient B due to a consistent failure to adequately document in
10 the progress notes the necessary information for the prescribing of
11 controlled substances.

12 20. Patient C

13 (a) Between in or around April 2012 and in or around December 2012,
14 Patient C treated with PA C.L.⁶ at MSMC for a number of medical issues
15 including, hip pain, neck pain, back pain, insomnia, and Dercum’s disease.

16 (b) On or about April 3, 2012, Patient C, a then-63-year-old male, presented
17 for medication refills at MSMC. PA C.L. issued prescriptions for Norco, Restoril,
18 Valium, and Soma to Patient C, according to the progress note for the visit. The
19 progress note does not contain any medical history beyond a scant reference to
20 “[patient] states his condition is stabilizing” and “[patient] now able to sleep.” The
21 progress note does not contain any information or data of a physical examination
22 beyond “V.S. – STABLE.”⁷ The progress note does not document a treatment
23 plan other than the refill of controlled pain medications and return to clinic in four
24 (4) weeks. The progress note does not document whether informed consent was

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26 ⁶ During the subject interview held on May 11, 2020, PA C.L. was mistakenly referred to
as “Walter Lee” by Respondent.

27 ⁷ Under the physical examination section of the progress note, the only information
28 recorded is an “x” under “WNL” (i.e., “within normal limits.”) No further information or data is
provided in the note.

1 obtained, in light of the concurrent prescriptions for combined use of an opioid,
2 multiple benzodiazepines, and a sedative. Finally, the progress note does not
3 document any information about consultations or referrals to a specialist for
4 Patient C's chronic medical issues.

5 (c) In 2012, PA C.L. charted approximately eleven (11) more clinical visits
6 with Patient C: on or about April 26, May 22, June 14, June 19, July 12, July 17,
7 August 14, September 11, October 11, November 8, and December 6.

8 Significantly, PA C.L. did not adequately document Patient C's progress notes for
9 these clinical visits including, but not limited to: did not adequately document
10 patient history; did not adequately document performance of a physical
11 examination except for scant notations; did not document treatment plan, clear
12 objectives, or periodic review of treatment plan; did not document informed
13 consent; and did not document any information about consultations or referrals to
14 a specialist for Patient C's chronic medical issues.

15 (d) Between in or around April 2012 and in or around December 2012, PA
16 C.L. routinely refilled Patient C's prescriptions for opioids, benzodiazepines, and
17 other controlled substances, according to the progress notes of the visits.
18 Significantly, however, all of those prescriptions were actually issued by
19 Respondent, according to CURES.

20 (e) On or about March 28, 2011, PA C.L. signed a DSA in connection with
21 his employment at MSMC.⁸ The DSA documented that Respondent would be PA
22 C.L.'s supervising physician and it memorialized standard procedures under the
23 agreement. The DSA enumerated Respondent's responsibilities and also
24 emphasized specific conditions regarding the prescribing of controlled substances
25 at MSMC. Under the DSA, Respondent "shall review, audit and countersign every
26 medical record written" by PA C.L. within twenty-nine (29) days of the patient

27
28 ⁸ As of May 11, 2020, PA C.L. remained employed by Respondent as a physician
assistant.

1 encounter. Furthermore, Respondent "shall review, countersign, and date the
2 medical record of any patient for whom PA issues or carries out a drug order for a
3 Schedule II Controlled Substance within seven (7) days." Significantly, however,
4 Respondent did not co-sign and date any of the progress notes and/or medical
5 records for Patient C during this timeframe.

6 (f) During the subject interview held on May 11, 2020, Respondent
7 answered specific questions regarding the care and treatment PA C.L. had
8 provided to Patient C. Respondent admitted that he did not "co-sign" any of PA
9 C.L.'s progress notes for Patient C.

10 21. Respondent committed gross negligence in his care and treatment of Patient C
11 including, but not limited to, the following:

12 (a) Respondent did not appropriately prescribe controlled substances
13 to Patient C, wherein he failed to comply with the procedures and
14 requirements under the DSA, including but not limited to: failing to
15 review, countersign, and date progress notes wherein PA C.L. had
16 prescribed a Schedule II Controlled Substance to Patient C; and
17 reviewing the quality of Patient C's medical records written by
18 PA C.L.

19 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

20 **(Repeated Negligent Acts)**

21 22. Respondent has further subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No.
22 A 44591 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined in section 2234,
23 subdivision (c), of the Code, in that Respondent committed repeated negligent acts in his care and
24 treatment of Patients A, B, and D, as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

25 23. **Patient A**

26 (a) Paragraphs 16 and 17, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and
27 realleged as if fully set forth herein.

28 ////

1 (b) Between in or around April 2016 through in or around March 2018,
2 Respondent charted approximately fifty (50) clinical visits with Patient A at MSMC.
3 During this timeframe of approximately two (2) years, Respondent did not
4 appropriately prescribe controlled substances to Patient A due to a consistent failure
5 to adequately document in the progress notes the necessary information for the
6 prescribing of controlled substances, including, but not limited to: missing adequate
7 history explaining history of pain or investigation into cause behind recent injuries;
8 missing or only scant notations regarding physical examinations and level of pain;
9 missing clear objectives regarding pain control; missing periodic review of the
10 treatment plan; and referrals from specialists are not clearly incorporated into a pain
11 management plan for Patient A.

12 (c) On or about March 13, 2018, according to the progress note for this
13 clinical visit, Respondent advised Patient A that he would “no longer be giving him
14 pain medication” and that he would refer Patient A to pain management for his pain
15 medication. However, Respondent did not discuss (or document discussing) with
16 Patient A what the immediate plan should be to wean him off of his pain medication
17 and/or arrange for another provider to take over prescribing before Patient A runs
18 out of pain medication.

19 **24. Patient B**

20 (a) Paragraphs 18 and 19, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and
21 realleged as if fully set forth herein.

22 (b) On or about July 31, 2017, Patient B returned to MSMC for a lab report
23 review of her recent lab tests. Respondent only documented a scant notation
24 regarding the glucose and A1C lab levels in the progress note for this visit.
25 Notably, however, Respondent did not document any information in the note
26 regarding the lab results of Patient A’s CBC showing leukopenia and
27 thrombocytopenia. Progress notes showed that Patient B had been diagnosed with
28 thrombocytopenia, leukopenia, and a positive rheumatoid screening test. However,

1 there was no clear documentation of an interpretation nor plan regarding these lab
2 results in the progress notes.

3 25. Patient D

4 (a) Between in or around December 2016 through in or around April 2019,
5 Respondent charted approximately fifty (50) clinical visits with Patient D at MSMC
6 primarily for complaints of pain. During this timeframe of approximately two (2)
7 years and five (5) months, Respondent did not appropriately prescribe controlled
8 substances to Patient D due to a consistent failure to adequately document in the
9 progress notes the necessary information for the prescribing of controlled
10 substances, including, but not limited to: missing adequate history explaining
11 history of pain or investigation into cause behind symptoms attributed to anxiety;
12 missing or only scant notations regarding physical examinations and level of pain;
13 missing clear objectives regarding pain control; missing periodic review of the
14 treatment plan; missing clear documentation about informed consent; and referrals
15 from specialists are not clearly incorporated into a pain management plan for Patient
16 D; Respondent continued prescribing Ativan to Patient D even after care had been
17 transferred to another physician.

18 26. Respondent committed repeated negligent acts in his care and treatment of
19 Patients A, B, and D, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 20 (a) Respondent failed to appropriately prescribe controlled substances to
21 Patient A due to a consistent failure to adequately document in the progress
22 notes the necessary information for the prescribing of controlled substances;
- 23 (b) Respondent failed to properly end his controlled substance prescribing
24 relationship with Patient A;
- 25 (c) Respondent failed to appropriately follow up regarding abnormal lab
26 results for Patient B; and
- 27 (d) Respondent failed to appropriately prescribe controlled substances to
28 Patient D due to a consistent failure to adequately document in the

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progress notes the necessary information for the prescribing of controlled substances.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Medical Records)

27. Respondent has further subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined in section 2266, of the Code, in that Respondent failed to maintain adequate and accurate records in connection with his care and treatment of Patients A, B, C, and D, as more particularly alleged in paragraphs 15 through 26, above, which are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth herein:

28. **Patient A**

(a) Paragraphs 16 and 17, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

29. **Patient B**

(a) Paragraphs 18 and 19, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

30. **Patient C**

(a) Paragraphs 20 and 21, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

31. **Patient D**

(a) Paragraphs 25 and 26, above, are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth herein.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

32. Respondent has further subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234 of the Code, in that Respondent has engaged in conduct which breaches the rules or ethical code of the medical profession, or conduct which is unbecoming to a member in good standing of the medical profession, and which

1 demonstrates an unfitness to practice medicine, as more particularly alleged in paragraphs 15
2 through 31, above, which are hereby incorporated by reference and realleged as if fully set forth
3 herein.

4 **PRAYER**

5 WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
6 and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

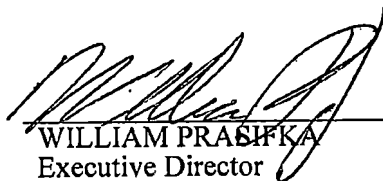
7 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44591, issued
8 to Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D.;

9 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D.'s
10 authority to supervise physician assistants pursuant to section 3527 of the Code, and advanced
11 practice nurses;

12 3. Ordering Respondent Manbir Singh, M.D., to pay the Board the costs of the
13 investigation and enforcement of this case, and if placed on probation, the costs of probation
14 monitoring; and

15 4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

16
17 DATED: JAN 24 2022

18 
19 WILLIAM PRASIFKA
20 Executive Director
21 Medical Board of California
22 Department of Consumer Affairs
23 State of California
24 Complainant

25
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27 SD2020801140
28 Doc.No.83207502