BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Metter of the Assumption Against	
In the Matter of the Accusation Against)
CLARENCE ANDREW FEAGIN, M.D.) File No. 12 2002 133385
Physician's and Surgeon's	·)
Certificate No. G 56398))
Respondent.)
	<u>DECISION</u>
	•
	er of License and Order is hereby adopted as the edical Quality of the Medical Board of California, of California.
This Decision shall become effect	ive at 5:00 p.m. on <u>April 5, 2004</u> .
IT IS SO ORDERED March 29	9, 2004
	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
	By: Mii Kui
•	Lorie G. Rice, Chair
	Panel A Division of Medical Quality

- - -	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California VIVIEN H. HARA					
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General					
4	Deputy Attorney General					
5	1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000					
6	Oakland, California 94612-0550					
7	Facsimile: (510) 622-2121					
8	Attorneys for Complainant					
9	BEFORE THE					
10	THE MEDICAL BOARD	OF CALIFORNIA SUMER AFFAIRS				
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 12 2002 133385				
12	CLARENCE ANDREW FEAGIN, M.D.	OAH No. N2003 120581				
13	120 Broadway Avenue, Suite 21 Richmond, California 94804	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF				
14	Physician and Surgeon Certificate No. G 56398	LICENSE AND ORDER				
15	Respondent.	·				
16						
17	N	AGREED by and between the parties to the				
18	above-entitled proceedings that the following matters	s are true:				
19	<u>PARTIE</u>	_				
20		tiated, Ron Joseph was the Executive				
21	Director of the Medical Board of California. He brought this action solely in his official					
22	capacity. Joyce Hadnot has recently been appointed Acting Executive Director of the Medical					
23	Board of California. Ms. Hadnot is now the complainant in this action and she is represented in					
24	this matter by Bill Lockyer, Attorney General of the	State of California, by Thomas P. Reilly,				
25	Deputy Attorney General.					
26	2. Respondent Clarence Andrew 1	Feagin, M.D. ("Respondent") is represented				
27	in this matter by Edward A. Hinshaw of the law firm,	•				
28	12901 Saratoga Avenue, Saratoga, California 95070-9	9998.				

- 3. Respondent has received and read the Accusation which is presently on file and pending in case number 12-2002-133385 before the Board, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A.
- 4. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 12-2002-133385. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.
- 5. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel at his own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 6. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.
- 7. Respondent agrees that cause exists to discipline his physician and surgeon's certificate pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234. This license has been suspended since May 15, 2002 and is currently expired.
- 8. Respondent understands that by signing this stipulation he is enabling the Medical Board of California to issue its order accepting the surrender of license without further process. He understands and agrees that Board staff and counsel for complainant may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation, without notice to or participation by respondent or his counsel. In the event that this stipulation is rejected for any reason by the Board, it will be of no force or effect for either party. The Board will not be disqualified from further action in this matter by virtue of its consideration of this stipulation.
- 9. Upon acceptance of this stipulation by the Board, respondent understands that he will not be permitted to practice as a physician and surgeon in California, and also agrees

to surrender and cause to be delivered to the Board any license and wallet certificate in his possession before the effective date of the decision.

- 10. The admissions made by Respondent herein are only for the purposes of this proceeding, or any other proceedings in which the Medical Board or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceeding.
- 11. Respondent expressly agrees that he will not seek to renew his certificate, to seek reinstatement of his certificate, or to seek relicensure in the State of California for at least three years from the effective date of the decision and that any such application shall be deemed a petition for reinstatement of the certificate under Business and Professions Code section 2307.
- 12. Respondent fully understands and agrees that if he ever files an application for relicensure or reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement, and respondent must comply with all laws, regulations and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked license in effect at the time the petition is filed.
- 13. Respondent understands that in the event he files a petition for reinstatement, information gathered in connection with Accusation number 12-2002-133385 may be considered by the Division of Medical Quality in determining whether or not to grant the petition for reinstatement. For the purposes of the reinstatement hearing, the allegations in Accusation number 12-2002-133385 shall be deemed to be admitted by respondent. In the event that respondent files a petition for reinstatement, these admissions shall be deemed to have been made only for the purposes of that reinstatement petitition proceeding and shall not be admissible in any other criminal or civil proceeding. Respondent waives any and all defenses based on a claim of laches or the statute of limitations.
- 14. In consideration of respondent's agreement to surrender his certificate, complainant agrees to waive her claim for the costs of investigation and prosecution of this disciplinary action. Respondent understands and agrees that payment of these costs shall be a condition of reinstatement should he file a petition for reinstatement of his certificate.
 - 15. The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated

Surrender of License and Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force 2 and effect as the originals. 3 /// 4 /// **5**. /// 6 /// 7 /// 8 /// 9 /// 10 /// 11 /// 12 /// 13 /// 14 /// 15 /// 16 /// 17 /// 18 /// 19 /// 20 /// 21 /// 22 | /// 23 /// 24 /// 25 /// 26 /// 27 /// 28 ///

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ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above stipulation and have fully discussed it with my attorney Edward A. Hinshaw. I enter into it freely and voluntarily and with full knowledge of its force and effect and do hereby surrender my Physician and Surgeon's Certificate Number G56398 to the Division of Medical Quality, Medical Board of California, for its formal acceptance. By signing this stipulation to surrender my license, I recognize that upon its formal acceptance by the Board, I will lose all rights and privileges to practice as a physician and surgeon in the State of California and I also will cause to be delivered to the Board any license and wallet certificate in my possession before the effective date of the decision.

DATED: _	2/	4/	<u> </u>	/1			
	/	7		(a1	; ;		
			CL. Res	ARENCE A	ANDREV	V FEAGIN,	M.D.

I have fully read and discussed with respondent Clarence Andrew Feagin, M.D. the provisions of this Stipulated Surrender of License. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 7 - Y- 07

FOWARD A. HINSHAW Hinshaw, Draa, Marsh, Still & Hinshaw

Attorneys for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Division of Medical Quality, Medical Board of California.

DATED: MALCH 8. 2004

BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California

THOMAS P. REILLY
Deputy Attorney General

Attorneys for Complainant

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Exhibit A:

Accusation in Case No. 12-2002-133385

STATE OF CALIFORNIA 1 BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA of the State of California SACRAMENTO Defember 4 20 03 2 VIVIEN H. HARA BY Wallio Mal Supervising Deputy Attorney General **ANALYST** 3 THOMAS P. REILLY State Bar No. 110990 4 Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice 5 1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000 Post Office Box 70550 6 Oakland, California 94612-0550 Telephone: (510) 622-2224 7 Facsimile: (510) 622-2121 8 Attorneys for Complainant 9 BEFORE THE 10 DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA 11 DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 13 In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 12 2002 133385 14 CLARENCE ANDREW FEAGIN, M.D. 120 Broadway Avenue, Suite 21 15 Richmond, California 94804 ACCUSATION 16 Physician and Surgeon Certificate No. G 56398 17 Respondent, 18 Complainant Ronald Joseph alleges: 19 **PARTIES** 20 1. Ronald Joseph ("complainant") brings this accusation solely in his official 21 capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California ("board"). 22 2. On November 18, 1985, the board issued Physician and Surgeon 23 Certificate No. G 56398 to Clarence Andrew Feagin, Jr. ("respondent") and at all times relevant to the charges brought in this accusation, this license has been in full force and effect. By 24 25 operation of law, this license expired on September 24, 2003 due to failure to make court-ordered 26 family support payments and it has not been renewed. As more fully explained below, this 27 license has been suspended under Penal Code section 23 since May 15, 2002 and under

Government Code section 11524 since July 12, 2002. It remains suspended as of the date of

3. This Accusation is brought before the board, under the authority of the following sections of the Business and Professions Code.¹

JURISDICTION

A. Section 2227 of the Code provides that a licensee who is found guilty under the Medical Practice Act may have his or her license revoked, or suspended for a period not to exceed one year, be placed on probation and required to pay the costs of probation monitoring, or have such other action taken in relation to discipline as the Division of Medical Quality of the board ("division") deems proper.

- B. Section 2234 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the division "shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter.
 - (b) Gross negligence.
 - (c) Repeated negligent acts. . . .
 - (d) Incompetence.
- (e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
- (f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate: . . . "
- C. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in part, that the board may request the administrative law judge to direct any licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay the board a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the

^{1.} All statutory references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

investigation and enforcement of the case.

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D. Section 480 of the Code states:

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"(a) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the grounds that the applicant has one of the following:

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(1) Been convicted of a crime. A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action which a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken

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when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal,

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or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code.

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(2) Done any act involving dishonesty, fraud or deceit with the intent to substantially benefit himself or another, or substantially injure another; or

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(3) Done any act which if done by a licentiate of the business or profession in question, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of license.

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The board may deny a license pursuant to this subdivision only if the crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of the business or profession for

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which application is made.

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(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, no person shall be denied a license solely on the basis that he has been convicted of a felony if he has obtained a certificate of

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rehabilitation under Section 4852.01 and following of the Penal Code or that he has been

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convicted of a misdemeanor if he has met all applicable requirements of the criteria of rehabilitation developed by the board to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when considering

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the denial of a license under subdivision (a) of Section 482.

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(c) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the ground that the applicant knowingly made a false statement of fact required to be revealed in the application for

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such license." Section 726 of the Code provides, in pertinent part: "The commission of E.

any act of sexual abuse, misconduct, or relations with a patient, client, or customer constitutes

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unprofessional conduct and grounds for disciplinary action for any person licensed under this division. . . . "

F. Section 2236 of the Code states:

- "(a) The conviction of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter. The record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred.
- (b) The district attorney, city attorney, or other prosecuting agency shall notify the Division of Medical Quality of the pendency of an action against a licensee charging a felony or misdemeanor immediately upon obtaining information that the defendant is a licensee. The notice shall identify the licensee and describe the crimes charged and the facts alleged. The prosecuting agency shall also notify the clerk of the court in which the action is pending that the defendant is a licensee, and the clerk shall record prominently in the file that the defendant holds a license as a physician and surgeon.
- (c) The clerk of the court in which a licensee is convicted of a crime shall, within 48 hours after the conviction, transmit a certified copy of the record of conviction to the board. The division may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of a crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is of an offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
- (d) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction after a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section and Section 2236.1. The record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred."
- G. Section 2238 of the Code states: "A violation of any federal statute or federal regulation or any of the statutes or regulations of this state regulating dangerous drugs or controlled substances constitutes unprofessional conduct."
- H. Section 2261 of the Code states: "Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine or podiatry which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts, constitutes

unprofessional conduct."

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Section 2306 of the Code states: "If a licensee's right to practice medicine I. is suspended, he or she shall not engage in the practice of medicine during the term of such suspension. Upon the expiration of the term of suspension, the certificate shall be reinstated by the Division of Medical Quality, unless the licensee during the term of suspension is found to have engaged in the practice of medicine in this state. In that event, the division shall revoke the licensee's certificate to engage in the practice of medicine."

- Section 2354 of the Code provides that each physician who requests J. participation in a diversion program shall agree to cooperate with the treatment program designed by a committee. Any failure to complete successfully a treatment program or an acceptable substitute program may result in the filing of an accusation for discipline which may include any acts giving rise to the original diversion.
- Welfare and Institutions Code section 14124.12 provides, in part, that a 4. physician whose license has been placed on probation by the Medical Board shall not be reimbursed by Medi-Cal for "the type of surgical service or invasive procedure that gave rise to the probation."

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Sexual Abuse of a Patient)

- 5. Patient D.S.² suffered an on-the-job injury to her lower back on November 24, 1999. She began to consult Dr. David Wren, Jr. in connection with this injury in December 2000.
- Patient D.S. first encountered respondent on February 15, 2001. On that 6. date, she had an appointment with Dr. Wren and she was seen by respondent instead. Respondent made a suggestive comment to her.

^{2.} The patients and other victims discussed in this accusation are referred to by initials to protect their and their family's privacy. Respondent knows their names and may confirm them through discovery.

- 7. She next saw respondent on March 8, 2001. On that occasion, she again went to Dr. Wren's office about her back injury. On this occasion, respondent hugged her without warning or invitation.
- 8. On March 14, 2001, D.S. underwent disk surgery at Doctors' Hospital in Richmond. Respondent assisted in the surgery.
- 9. Shortly after her operation, respondent visited D.S. in her hospital room. During this visit, he made suggestive comments about her pubic area, observing that it had been shaven. After this, D.S. insisted on being allowed to wear shorts and a tank top while in the hospital.
- 10. Several days after her discharge from the hospital on March 19, 2001, D.S. telephoned Dr. Wren's office and told the woman she spoke to that she was experiencing pain. Shortly afterward, she received a phone call from respondent who asked if she could come to the office. She said she had no transportation. Twenty minutes later, respondent arrived at the house.
- 11. After D.S. admitted him into the house, respondent examined her back, made sexually suggestive comments, and then pushed her up against a kitchen counter. He held her arms and pulled down her pants and underwear. She could feel his erect penis against her back. Eventually, she broke free and demanded that respondent leave the house. Behaving as if nothing unusual had happened, respondent took a banana he saw in the kitchen and left.
- that he was coming over. D.S. immediately went to the front door to lock it. As she attempted to get the door locked, D.S. opened it and discovered respondent on the doorstep. He forced his way into the house and badgered D.S. into showing him where she showered. In the bathroom, respondent lifted D.S.'s shirt up, exposing her breasts. D.S. tried to pull her shirt down, but respondent repeatedly attempted to lift it up. As he tried to pull up her shirt, respondent forced D.S. into the shower.
- 13. D.S. was able to escape from the bathroom. Respondent then told her he wanted a fling. He implied that he could help her with her workers' compensation claim if she

Forms, and any and all Drug Enforcement Administration permits, which documents shall be surrendered by him to the Medical Board pending adjudication of this matter."

As of the date of this accusation, this order remains in full force and effect.

- 28. Notwithstanding these two suspension orders, after May 15, 2002 and after July 12, 2002 respondent engaged in the practice of medicine and retained and was compensated for positions requiring the possession of a valid medical license.
- 29. Specifically, respondent served as and received compensation for serving as the medical director for two medical transportation firms, Bay Medic Ambulance Service of Concord and California Medical Transport of Mountain View, at all times from May 2002 until March 2003.
- 30. Both positions required possession of a valid license to practice medicine and in both positions respondent was responsible for authorizing orders of dangerous drugs and controlled substances.
- 31. During the period from May 15, 2002 through March 3, 2003, Bay Medic Ambulance Service ordered and obtained dangerous drugs and controlled substances under respondent's authority.
- 32. In addition, respondent was responsible for providing quality assurance for Bay Medic Ambulance Service through inspection of medical records, training, and on-site inspections. He received compensation for the performance of these functions at least through January 2003.
- 33. In January 2003, respondent furnished Bay Medic Ambulance Service with a curriculum vitae stating that he was currently on staff at Doctors' Medical Center, San Pablo and was engaged in the practice of orthopedic medicine with Dr. David Wren, Inc. in Richmond. Complainant believes and alleges these statements were false, since respondent's license to practice medicine in California was suspended at the time.
- 34. Respondent's actions in continuing to serve as and to receive compensation for serving as medical director of two medical transport companies and his

	allowing his Drug Enforcement Administration permit and his status as a licensed physician to be
2	used to obtain prescription drugs constitute the practice of medicine on a suspended license. If
3	the representations on his curriculum vitae regarding practice with Dr. Wren and being on staff at
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5	false, they constitute an act of dishonesty substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and
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. 8	35. Therefore, cause exists for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and
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10	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
11	(Violation of Drug Laws, Practicing Medicine on a
12	Suspended License, Unprofessional Conduct)
13	36. During March or April 2003, respondent visited the apartment of his 18-
14	year-old son, C.A.F., and left a bottle of dangerous drugs with his son's apartment mate saying,
15	"He needs to take these."
16	37. These drugs were in a prescription drug container indicating that they were
17	Celexa, an anti-depressant. The container further indicated they were prescribed, not for
18	respondent's son, but for respondent's ex-wife, L.W.
19	38. This conduct constitutes dispensation of prescription medication in
20	violation of Health and Safety Code section 11152 and Business and Professions Code section
21	4077.
22	39. This conduct also constitutes the practice of medicine on a suspended
23	license and violation of both the suspension order issued by Judge Kennedy and the interim
24	suspension order issued by Administrative Law Judge Crowell.
25	40. Therefore, cause for discipline exists pursuant to Business and Professions
26	Code sections 2234, 2234(e), 2234(f), 2238, and 2306.
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FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Mental or Physical Illness Affecting Ability to Practice Medicine Safely)

- 41. In 1989, respondent suffered a criminal conviction for giving false information to a peace officer in violation of Penal Code section 148.9. This stemmed from a July 1989 incident in which respondent was arrested on a charge of furnishing alcohol to a minor after being found in a parked car with a 17-year-old girl and an open bottle of wine. At that time, respondent was 33 years old.
- 42. In 1995, respondent allegedly importuned a medical records representative at Sonoma Valley Hospital to have sex with him. Several times that year, he allegedly grabbed this woman and touched her breasts and her crotch through her clothing. On one occasion, he physically pinned her against a wall while inviting her to have sex. This woman filed a civil suit against respondent, which was settled in 1998.
- 43. An x-ray technician at the same hospital charged that, in March 1995, respondent threw her on a bed in the doctors' sleeping lounge and put his hand down the front of her pants.
- 44. A third woman met respondent when she went to the emergency room at Sonoma Valley Hospital for treatment in 1993. She complained that he spoke to her in a flirtatious and inappropriate manner in the emergency room. He later telephoned her to ask her out, and he subsequently turned up at her house at a Christmas party to which he had not been invited.
- 45. After these incidents, respondent was asked to and did resign his privileges at Sonoma Valley Hospital.
- 46. On May 3, 1996, respondent was arrested on charges of rape and oral copulation on a victim unconscious of the nature of the act. This arrest was based upon complaints made by two women, J.M. and C.M. Both women charged that respondent had raped and orally copulated them after a night of drinking and smoking marijuana together. Respondent was found not guilty by a jury of these charges. In a 1999 interview with Board personnel, however, he admitted to drinking, smoking marijuana, and "heavy petting" in connection with

this incident.

47. On the basis of these incidents and arrests, the Board conducted an investigation on respondent beginning in 1996. During that investigation, respondent submitted to a psychiatric evaluation in 1999. The evaluating psychiatrist determined that respondent suffered from intermittent alcohol and cannabis abuse and that he exhibited narcisstic and antisocial personality traits which were intensified by substance abuse. The psychiatrist also noted that respondent was "intermittently prone to lapses in judgement regarding boundaries in the sexual arena" and that he exhibited a "disregard for the truth" and an "inability and unwillingness to see himself as capable of abusing the power differential that exists between himself as a physician and others." He concluded that respondent posed "a moderate danger to the public and his patients on the basis of psychological forces that are currently out of his awareness and control."

48. In August 1999, respondent requested admission to the Board's Diversion Program for impaired physicians. He was accepted into the Diversion Program and signed an agreement to comply with program requirements on November 3, 1999.

49. Since that date:

- Respondent was expelled from the Diversion Program for noncompliance with program requirements on July 9, 2002.
- Respondent was arrested, tried, and convicted of assaulting and battering a patient in 2001 and 2002 as alleged in the First and Second Causes for Disciplinary Action.
- Another female patient, K.V., filed a report with the Richmond Police

 Department alleging that respondent made sexually suggestive comments and physical overtures
 to her during medical examinations in 2000 and 2001.
- In April 2002, a 34-year old woman filed a complaint with the Cotati
 Police Department alleging that respondent had sexually assaulted her after placing a drug in her
 drink causing her to black out. In an interview with police, respondent described this encounter
 as "consensual" and said he thought the woman was "a hooker."
 - 50. These facts indicate that respondent suffers from a mental and/or physical

1	condition that makes him dangerous to patients, and specifically young female patients.
2	Therefore, cause for disciplinary action exists pursuant to Business and Professions Code section
3	822.
4	SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
5	(Failure to Comply With and Complete Diversion Program Requirements)
6	51. As noted above, respondent applied for and entered into the Diversion
7	Program in 1999.
8	52. He did not complete the program and was expelled from it in July 2002 for
9	non-compliance with program requirements.
10	53. Therefore, cause for disciplinary action exists pursuant to Business and
11	Professions Code section 2354.
12	<u>DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS</u>
13	54. In determining the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on
14	respondent, complainant requests that consideration be given to respondent's record of criminal
15	convictions, his continued pattern of predatory sexual behavior, his failure to comply with
16	Diversion Program requirements and to complete diversion, his failure to abide by two
17	suspension orders prohibiting him from practicing medicine, and the fact that his license has
18	expired by operation of law pursuant to the provisions of Family Code section 17520 for failure
19	to make child or family support payments.
20	<u>PRAYER</u>
21	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein
22	alleged, and that following the hearing, the Division of Medical Quality of the Medical Board
23	issue a decision:
24	1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number
25	G 56398 issued to Clarence Andrew Feagin, M.D.;
26	2. Ordering respondent to pay the division the reasonable costs of the
27	investigation and enforcement of this case, and, if placed on probation, the costs of probation
28	monitoring;

3. Prohibiting respondent from supervising physician assistants;

4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: December 4, 2003

RONALD JOSEPH Executive Director

Medical Board of California