

**BEFORE THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D.

**Physician's & Surgeon's
Certificate No. G 58063**

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2022-086324

DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on March 23, 2026.

IT IS SO ORDERED: February 19, 2026.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

 MD.

**Veling Tsai, M.D., Chair
Panel A**

1 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
2 EDWARD KIM
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
3 CHRISTINE FRIAR WALTON
Deputy Attorney General
4 State Bar No. 228421
300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702
5 Los Angeles, CA 90013
Telephone: (213) 269-6472
6 Facsimile: (916) 731-2117
E-mail: Christine.Walton@doj.ca.gov
7 *Attorneys for Complainant*

8 **BEFORE THE**
9 **MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA**
10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

11 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

12 **EDMUNDO S. JESALVA, M.D.**
13 **4165 E. Thousand Oaks Blvd., Suite 345**
Westlake Village, CA 91362-3814

14 **Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate**
15 **No. G 58063,**

16 **Respondent.**

Case No. 800-2022-086324

OAH No. 2025050192

STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND
DISCIPLINARY ORDER

17
18 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-
19 entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:

20 **PARTIES**

21 1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board of
22 California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this
23 matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Christine Friar Walton,
24 Deputy Attorney General.

25 2. Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding
26 by attorney Gary Wittenberg of Baranov & Wittenberg, LLP, located at 1901 Avenue of the
27 Stars, Suite 1040, Los Angeles, California 90067.

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3. On or about August 4, 1986, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58063 to Respondent. That Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2022-086324, and will expire on September 30, 2027, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

4. Accusation No. 800-2022-086324 was filed before the Board and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on February 25, 2025. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. A true and correct copy of Accusation No. 800-2022-086324 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2022-086324. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with his counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.

6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

8. Respondent acknowledges the fact that, if adopted by the Board, the Board will report this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order to the National Practitioner Data Bank (NPDB) and Federation of State Medical Boards (FSMB) and publicly post such enforcement action, and Respondent hereby waives any and all objections thereto.

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1 **CULPABILITY**

2 9. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations in Accusation
3 No. 800-2022-086324, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon his
4 Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate.

5 10. For the purposes of resolving the Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of
6 further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a factual
7 basis for the charges in Accusation No. 800-2022-086324, and that Respondent hereby gives up
8 his right to contest those charges. Respondent further agrees that if an accusation is ever filed
9 against him before the Board, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-
10 2022-086324 shall be deemed true, correct, and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of any
11 such proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of
12 California.

13 11. Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to
14 discipline and agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the
15 Disciplinary Order below.

16 **CONTINGENCY**

17 12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California.
18 Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical
19 Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and
20 settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the
21 stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek
22 to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails
23 to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
24 Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal
25 action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having
26 considered this matter.

27 13. Respondent agrees that if an accusation and/or petition to revoke probation is filed
28 against him before the Board, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-

1 2022-086324 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by respondent for purposes of any
2 such proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of
3 California.

4 14. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties herein to
5 be an integrated writing representing the complete, final and exclusive embodiment of the
6 agreement of the parties in this above entitled matter.

7 15. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile
8 copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile
9 signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

10 16. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
11 the Board may, without further notice or opportunity to be heard by the Respondent, issue and
12 enter the following Disciplinary Order:

13 **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

14 **A. PUBLIC REPRIMAND**

15 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58063 issued
16 to Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D. shall be and is hereby publicly reprimanded pursuant to
17 California Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a)(4). This Public
18 Reprimand, which is issued in connection with Respondent's care and treatment of Patient A, as
19 set forth in Accusation No. 800-2022-086324, is as follows:

20 During your management of Patient A's Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD),
21 including Patient A's prescription medication regimen of controlled substances, between 2019
22 and 2022, you committed acts of negligence when you authorized early refills for medications
23 without adequate justification, failed to monitor Patient A's pulse and blood pressure, failed to
24 periodically consult the Controlled Substances Utilization Review and Evaluation System
25 (CURES) database to review Patient A's controlled substance history and failed to maintain
26 accurate and adequate records for Patient A. This conduct violated California Business and
27 Professions Code sections 2234, subdivision (c), and 2266, and Health and Safety Code section
28 11165.4, as more fully described in Accusation No. 800-2022-086324, a copy of which is

1 attached as Exhibit A and is incorporated by reference herein.

2 **B. TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

3 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent is subject to the following terms and
4 conditions:

5 1. EDUCATION COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this
6 Decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval educational
7 program(s) or course(s) which shall not be less than 40 hours for the first year after the effective
8 date of this Decision. The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be aimed at correcting any
9 areas of deficient practice or knowledge and shall be Category I certified. The educational
10 program(s) or course(s) shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the
11 Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure. Following the
12 completion of each course, the Board or its designee may administer an examination to test
13 Respondent's knowledge of the course. Respondent shall provide proof of attendance for 65
14 hours of CME of which 40 hours were in satisfaction of this condition.

15 2. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective
16 date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in
17 advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider
18 with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent.
19 Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course
20 not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully
21 complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical
22 record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing
23 Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

24 A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the
25 Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board
26 or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have
27 been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of
28 this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

3. PREScribing PRACTICES COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in prescribing practices approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The prescribing practices course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A prescribing practices course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

4. INVESTIGATION/ENFORCEMENT COST RECOVERY. Respondent is hereby ordered to reimburse the Board its costs of investigation and enforcement, in the amount of \$33,493.36 (Thirty-three thousand four hundred and ninety-three dollars and thirty-six cents). Costs shall be payable to the Medical Board of California. Failure to pay such costs shall be considered a violation of this Disciplinary Order.

Payment must be made in full within 30 calendar days of the effective date of the Order, or by a payment plan approved by the Medical Board of California. Any and all requests for a payment plan shall be submitted in writing by Respondent to the Board. Failure to comply with

1 the payment plan shall be considered a violation of this Disciplinary Order.

2 The filing of bankruptcy by Respondent shall not relieve Respondent of the responsibility
3 to repay investigation and enforcement costs.

4 5. FAILURE TO COMPLY. Failure to comply with any of the terms of this
5 Disciplinary Order shall constitute unprofessional conduct and shall be a basis for further
6 disciplinary action by the Board. In such circumstances, the Complainant may reinstate
7 Accusation No. 800-2022-086324 and/or file a supplemental accusation alleging any failure to
8 comply with any provision of this order by Respondent as unprofessional conduct.

9 6. FUTURE ADMISSIONS CLAUSE. If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for
10 a new license or certification, or petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care
11 licensing action agency in the State of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in
12 Accusation No. 800-2022-086324 shall be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by
13 Respondent for the purpose of any Statement of Issues or any other proceeding seeking to deny or
14 restrict a license.

15 ACCEPTANCE

16 I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully
17 discussed it with my attorney, Gary Wittenberg. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will
18 have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and
19 Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the
20 Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

21
22 DATED: 11/21/25 Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D.
23 EDMUNDO S. JESALVA, M.D.
Respondent

24 I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D. the terms and
25 conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
26 I approve its form and content.

27 DATED: 11/26/25 GARY WITTENBERG
28 GARY WITTENBERG
Attorney for Respondent

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ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

DATED: November 21, 2025

Respectfully submitted,

ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
EDWARD KIM
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
Christine Friar Digitally signed by Christine
Walton Friar Walton
Date: 2025.11.21 14:26:55
-08'00'
CHRISTINE FRIAR WALTON
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2022-086324

1 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
2 EDWARD K. KIM
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
3 CHRISTINE FRIAR WALTON
Deputy Attorney General
4 State Bar No. 228421
300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702
5 Los Angeles, CA 90013
Telephone: (213) 269-6472
6 Facsimile: (916) 731-2117
E-mail: Christine.Walton@doj.ca.gov
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9 **BEFORE THE**
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10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
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11 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Case No. 800-2022-086324

12 **Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D.**
13 **4165 E. Thousand Oaks Blvd., Suite 345**
Westlake Village, CA 91362-3814

A C C U S A T I O N

14 **Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate**
15 **No. G 58063,**

16 Respondent.

17 **PARTIES**

18 1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity as
19 the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs
20 (Board).

21 2. On or about August 4, 1986, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
22 Number G 58063 to Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's
23 Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will
24 expire on September 30, 2025, unless renewed.

25 **JURISDICTION**

26 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following
27 laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise
28 indicated.

1 4. Section 2004 of the Code states:

2 The board shall have the responsibility for the following:

3 (a) The enforcement of the disciplinary and criminal provisions of the Medical
4 Practice Act.

5 (b) The administration and hearing of disciplinary actions.

6 (c) Carrying out disciplinary actions appropriate to findings made by a panel or
7 an administrative law judge.

8 (d) Suspending, revoking, or otherwise limiting certificates after the conclusion
9 of disciplinary actions.

10 (e) Reviewing the quality of medical practice carried out by physician and
11 surgeon certificate holders under the jurisdiction of the board.

12 (f) Approving undergraduate and graduate medical education programs.

13 (g) Approving clinical clerkship and special programs and hospitals for the
14 programs in subdivision (f).

15 (h) Issuing licenses and certificates under the board's jurisdiction.

16 (i) Administering the board's continuing medical education program.

17 5. Section 2220 of the Code states:

18 Except as otherwise provided by law, the board may take action against all
19 persons guilty of violating this chapter. The board shall enforce and administer this
20 article as to physician and surgeon certificate holders, including those who hold
21 certificates that do not permit them to practice medicine, such as, but not limited to,
22 retired, inactive, or disabled status certificate holders, and the board shall have all the
23 powers granted in this chapter for these purposes including, but not limited to:

24 (a) Investigating complaints from the public, from other licensees, from health
25 care facilities, or from the board that a physician and surgeon may be guilty of
26 unprofessional conduct. The board shall investigate the circumstances underlying a
27 report received pursuant to Section 805 or 805.01 within 30 days to determine if an
28 interim suspension order or temporary restraining order should be issued. The board
 shall otherwise provide timely disposition of the reports received pursuant to Section
 805 and Section 805.01.

 (b) Investigating the circumstances of practice of any physician and surgeon
 where there have been any judgments, settlements, or arbitration awards requiring the
 physician and surgeon or his or her professional liability insurer to pay an amount in
 damages in excess of a cumulative total of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) with
 respect to any claim that injury or damage was proximately caused by the physician's
 and surgeon's error, negligence, or omission.

 (c) Investigating the nature and causes of injuries from cases which shall be
 reported of a high number of judgments, settlements, or arbitration awards against a
 physician and surgeon.

6. Section 2227 of the Code provides that a licensee who is found guilty under the Medical Practice Act may have his or her license revoked, suspended for a period not to exceed one year, placed on probation and required to pay the costs of probation monitoring, or such other action taken in relation to discipline as the Board deems proper.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

7. Section 2234 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.

• • • •

(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.

(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.

(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

• • • •

(f) Any action or conduct that would have warranted the denial of a certificate.

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8. Section 2266 of the Code states:

The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct.

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1 9. Health and Safety Code section 11165.4, effective January 1, 2017 to December 31,
2 2019, stated:

3 (a)(1)(A)(i) A health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer,
4 or furnish a controlled substance shall consult the CURES database to review a
5 patient's controlled substance history before prescribing a Schedule II, Schedule III,
6 or Schedule IV controlled substance to the patient for the first time and at least once
every four months thereafter if the substance remains part of the treatment of the
patient.

7 (ii) If a health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer, or
8 furnish a controlled substance is not required, pursuant to an exemption described in
9 subdivision (c), to consult the CURES database the first time he or she prescribes,
10 orders, administers, or furnishes a controlled substance to a patient, he or she shall
consult the CURES database to review the patient's controlled substance history
before subsequently prescribing a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV
controlled substance to the patient and at least once every four months thereafter if
the substance remains part of the treatment of the patient.

11 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, "first time" means the initial occurrence in
12 which a health care practitioner, in his or her role as a health care practitioner, intends
13 to prescribe, order, administer, or furnish a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV
controlled substance to a patient and has not previously prescribed a controlled
substance to the patient.

14 (2) A health care practitioner shall obtain a patient's controlled substance
15 history from the CURES database no earlier than 24 hours, or the previous business
16 day, before he or she prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a Schedule II,
Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance to the patient.

17 (b) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
does not apply to veterinarians or pharmacists.

18 (c) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
19 does not apply to a health care practitioner in any of the following circumstances:

20 (1) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, or furnishes a controlled
21 substance to be administered to a patient while the patient is admitted to any of the
following facilities or during an emergency transfer between any of the following
facilities for use while on facility premises:

22 (A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
23 1200) of Division 2.

24 (B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
Section 1248) of Division 2.

25 (C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
26 1250) of Division 2.

27 (D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
Section 1440) of Division 2.

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1 (2) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
2 controlled substance in the emergency department of a general acute care hospital and
3 the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day
4 supply of the controlled substance to be used in accordance with the directions for
5 use.

6 (3) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
7 controlled substance to a patient as part of the patient's treatment for a surgical
8 procedure and the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable
9 five-day supply of the controlled substance to be used in accordance with the
10 directions for use, in any of the following facilities:

11 (A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
12 1200) of Division 2.

13 (B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
14 Section 1248) of Division 2.

15 (C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
16 1250) of Division 2.

17 (D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
18 Section 1440) of Division 2.

19 (E) A place of practice, as defined in Section 1658 of the Business and
20 Professions Code.

21 (4) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
22 controlled substance to a patient currently receiving hospice care, as defined in
23 Section 1339.40.

24 (5)(A) If all of the following circumstances are satisfied:

25 (i) It is not reasonably possible for a health care practitioner to access the
26 information in the CURES database in a timely manner.

27 (ii) Another health care practitioner or designee authorized to access the
28 CURES database is not reasonably available.

(iii) The quantity of controlled substance prescribed, ordered, administered, or
furnished does not exceed a nonrefillable five-day supply of the controlled substance
to be used in accordance with the directions for use and no refill of the controlled
substance is allowed.

(B) A health care practitioner who does not consult the CURES database under
subparagraph (A) shall document the reason he or she did not consult the database in
the patient's medical record.

(6) If the CURES database is not operational, as determined by the department,
or when it cannot be accessed by a health care practitioner because of a temporary
technological or electrical failure. A health care practitioner shall, without undue
delay, seek to correct any cause of the temporary technological or electrical failure
that is reasonably within his or her control.

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1 (7) If the CURES database cannot be accessed because of technological
2 limitations that are not reasonably within the control of a health care practitioner.

3 (8) If consultation of the CURES database would, as determined by the health
4 care practitioner, result in a patient's inability to obtain a prescription in a timely
5 manner and thereby adversely impact the patient's medical condition, provided that
6 the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable five-day
7 supply if the controlled substance were used in accordance with the directions for use.

8 (d)(1) A health care practitioner who fails to consult the CURES database, as
9 described in subdivision (a), shall be referred to the appropriate state professional
10 licensing board solely for administrative sanctions, as deemed appropriate by that
11 board.

12 (2) This section does not create a private cause of action against a health care
13 practitioner. This section does not limit a health care practitioner's liability for the
14 negligent failure to diagnose or treat a patient.

15 (e) This section is not operative until six months after the Department of Justice
16 certifies that the CURES database is ready for statewide use and that the department
17 has adequate staff, which, at a minimum, shall be consistent with the appropriation
18 authorized in Schedule (6) of Item 0820-001-0001 of the Budget Act of 2016
19 (Chapter 23 of the Statutes of 2016), user support, and education. The department
20 shall notify the Secretary of State and the office of the Legislative Counsel of the date
21 of that certification.

22 (f) All applicable state and federal privacy laws govern the duties required by
23 this section.

24 (g) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section
25 or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
26 applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

27 10. Health and Safety Code § 11165.4, effective January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021, stated:

28 (a)(1)(A)(i) A health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer,
or furnish a controlled substance shall consult the CURES database to review a
patient's controlled substance history before prescribing a Schedule II, Schedule III,
or Schedule IV controlled substance to the patient for the first time and at least once
every four months thereafter if the substance remains part of the treatment of the
patient.

(ii) If a health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer, or
furnish a controlled substance is not required, pursuant to an exemption described in
subdivision (c), to consult the CURES database the first time the health care
practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a controlled substance to a
patient, the health care practitioner shall consult the CURES database to review the
patient's controlled substance history before subsequently prescribing a Schedule II,
Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance to the patient and at least once
every four months thereafter if the substance remains part of the treatment of the
patient.

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1 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, "first time" means the initial occurrence in
2 which a health care practitioner, in their role as a health care practitioner, intends to
3 prescribe, order, administer, or furnish a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV
4 controlled substance to a patient and has not previously prescribed a controlled
5 substance to the patient.

6 (2) A health care practitioner shall obtain a patient's controlled substance
7 history from the CURES database no earlier than 24 hours, or the previous business
8 day, before the health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
9 Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance to the patient.

10 (b) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
11 does not apply to veterinarians or pharmacists.

12 (c) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
13 does not apply to a health care practitioner in any of the following circumstances:

14 (1) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, or furnishes a controlled
15 substance to be administered to a patient while the patient is admitted to any of the
16 following facilities or during an emergency transfer between any of the following
17 facilities for use while on facility premises:

18 (A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
19 1200) of Division 2.

20 (B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
21 Section 1248) of Division 2.

22 (C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
23 1250) of Division 2.

24 (D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
25 Section 1440) of Division 2.

26 (2) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
27 controlled substance in the emergency department of a general acute care hospital and
28 the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day
supply of the controlled substance to be used in accordance with the directions for
use.

(3) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
controlled substance to a patient as part of the patient's treatment for a surgical
procedure and the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable
five-day supply of the controlled substance to be used in accordance with the
directions for use, in any of the following facilities:

(A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
1200) of Division 2.

(B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
Section 1248) of Division 2.

(C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
1250) of Division 2.

1 (D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
2 Section 1440) of Division 2.

3 (E) A place of practice, as defined in Section 1658 of the Business and
4 Professions Code.

5 (4) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
6 controlled substance to a patient currently receiving hospice care, as defined in
7 Section 1339.40.

8 (5)(A) If all of the following circumstances are satisfied:

9 (i) It is not reasonably possible for a health care practitioner to access the
10 information in the CURES database in a timely manner.

11 (ii) Another health care practitioner or designee authorized to access the
12 CURES database is not reasonably available.

13 (iii) The quantity of controlled substance prescribed, ordered, administered, or
14 furnished does not exceed a nonrefillable five-day supply of the controlled substance
15 to be used in accordance with the directions for use and no refill of the controlled
16 substance is allowed.

17 (B) A health care practitioner who does not consult the CURES database under
18 subparagraph (A) shall document the reason they did not consult the database in the
19 patient's medical record.

20 (6) If the CURES database is not operational, as determined by the department,
21 or cannot be accessed by a health care practitioner because of a temporary
22 technological or electrical failure. A health care practitioner shall, without undue
23 delay, seek to correct any cause of the temporary technological or electrical failure
24 that is reasonably within the health care practitioner's control.

25 (7) If the CURES database cannot be accessed because of technological
26 limitations that are not reasonably within the control of a health care practitioner.

27 (8) If consultation of the CURES database would, as determined by the health
28 care practitioner, result in a patient's inability to obtain a prescription in a timely
manner and thereby adversely impact the patient's medical condition, provided that
the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable five-day
supply if the controlled substance were used in accordance with the directions for use.

(d)(1) A health care practitioner who fails to consult the CURES database, as
described in subdivision (a), shall be referred to the appropriate state professional
licensing board solely for administrative sanctions, as deemed appropriate by that
board.

(2) This section does not create a private cause of action against a health care
practitioner. This section does not limit a health care practitioner's liability for the
negligent failure to diagnose or treat a patient.

(e) This section is not operative until six months after the Department of Justice
certifies that the CURES database is ready for statewide use and that the department
has adequate staff, which, at a minimum, shall be consistent with the appropriation
authorized in Schedule (6) of Item 0820-001-0001 of the Budget Act of 2016

1 (Chapter 23 of the Statutes of 2016), user support, and education. The department
2 shall notify the Secretary of State and the office of the Legislative Counsel of the date
of that certification.

3 (f) All applicable state and federal privacy laws govern the duties required by
4 this section.

5 (g) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section
6 or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

7 (h) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2021, or upon the date the
8 department promulgates regulations to implement this section and posts those
regulations on its internet website, whichever date is earlier, and, as of January 1,
2022, is repealed.

9 11. Health and Safety Code § 11165.4, effective July, 2021 to December 31, 2023, stated:

10 (a)(1)(A)(i) A health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer,
11 or furnish a controlled substance shall consult the patient activity report or
information from the patient activity report obtained from the CURES database to
12 review a patient's controlled substance history for the past 12 months before
prescribing a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substance to the
13 patient for the first time and at least once every six months thereafter if the prescriber
renews the prescription and the substance remains part of the treatment of the patient.

14 (ii) If a health care practitioner authorized to prescribe, order, administer, or
15 furnish a controlled substance is not required, pursuant to an exemption described in
subdivision (c), to consult the patient activity report from the CURES database the
16 first time the health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
controlled substance to a patient, the health care practitioner shall consult the patient
17 activity report from the CURES database to review the patient's controlled substance
history before subsequently prescribing a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV
18 controlled substance to the patient and at least once every six months thereafter if the
prescriber renews the prescription and the substance remains part of the treatment of
19 the patient.

20 (iii) A health care practitioner who did not directly access the CURES database
to perform the required review of the controlled substance use report shall document
21 in the patient's medical record that they reviewed the CURES database generated
report within 24 hours of the controlled substance prescription that was provided to
22 them by another authorized user of the CURES database.

23 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, "first time" means the initial occurrence in
24 which a health care practitioner, in their role as a health care practitioner, intends to
prescribe, order, administer, or furnish a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV
25 controlled substance to a patient and has not previously prescribed a controlled
substance to the patient.

26 (2) A health care practitioner shall review a patient's controlled substance
history that has been obtained from the CURES database no earlier than 24 hours, or
27 the previous business day, before the health care practitioner prescribes, orders,
administers, or furnishes a Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled
28 substance to the patient.

1 (b) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
2 does not apply to veterinarians or pharmacists.

3 (c) The duty to consult the CURES database, as described in subdivision (a),
4 does not apply to a health care practitioner in any of the following circumstances:

5 (1) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, or furnishes a controlled
6 substance to be administered to a patient in any of the following facilities or during a
7 transfer between any of the following facilities, or for use while on facility premises:

8 (A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
9 1200) of Division 2.

10 (B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
11 Section 1248) of Division 2.

12 (C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
13 1250) of Division 2.

14 (D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
15 Section 1440) of Division 2.

16 (E) Another medical facility, including, but not limited to, an office of a health
17 care practitioner and an imaging center.

18 (F) A correctional clinic, as described in Section 4187 of the Business and
19 Professions Code, or a correctional pharmacy, as described in Section 4021.5 of the
20 Business and Professions Code.

21 (2) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
22 controlled substance in the emergency department of a general acute care hospital and
23 the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day
24 supply of the controlled substance to be used in accordance with the directions for
25 use.

26 (3) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
27 controlled substance to a patient as part of the patient's treatment for a surgical,
28 radiotherapeutic, therapeutic, or diagnostic procedure and the quantity of the
controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day supply of the
controlled substance to be used in accordance with the directions for use, in any of the
following facilities:

(A) A licensed clinic, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
1200) of Division 2.

(B) An outpatient setting, as described in Chapter 1.3 (commencing with
Section 1248) of Division 2.

(C) A health facility, as described in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section
1250) of Division 2.

(D) A county medical facility, as described in Chapter 2.5 (commencing with
Section 1440) of Division 2.

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1 (E) A place of practice, as defined in Section 1658 of the Business and
2 Professions Code.

3 (F) Another medical facility where surgical procedures are permitted to take
4 place, including, but not limited to, the office of a health care practitioner.

5 (4) If a health care practitioner prescribes, orders, administers, or furnishes a
6 controlled substance to a patient who is terminally ill, as defined in subdivision (c) of
7 Section 11159.2.

8 (5)(A) If all of the following circumstances are satisfied:

9 (i) It is not reasonably possible for a health care practitioner to access the
10 information in the CURES database in a timely manner.

11 (ii) Another health care practitioner or designee authorized to access the
12 CURES database is not reasonably available.

13 (iii) The quantity of controlled substance prescribed, ordered, administered, or
14 furnished does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day supply of the controlled
15 substance to be used in accordance with the directions for use and no refill of the
16 controlled substance is allowed.

17 (B) A health care practitioner who does not consult the CURES database under
18 subparagraph (A) shall document the reason they did not consult the database in the
19 patient's medical record.

20 (6) If the CURES database is not operational, as determined by the department,
21 or cannot be accessed by a health care practitioner because of a temporary
22 technological or electrical failure. A health care practitioner shall, without undue
23 delay, seek to correct the cause of the temporary technological or electrical failure
24 that is reasonably within the health care practitioner's control.

25 (7) If the CURES database cannot be accessed because of technological
26 limitations that are not reasonably within the control of a health care practitioner.

27 (8) If consultation of the CURES database would, as determined by the health
28 care practitioner, result in a patient's inability to obtain a prescription in a timely
manner and thereby adversely impact the patient's medical condition, provided that
the quantity of the controlled substance does not exceed a nonrefillable seven-day
supply if the controlled substance were used in accordance with the directions for use.

(d)(1) A health care practitioner who fails to consult the CURES database, as
described in subdivision (a), shall be referred to the appropriate state professional
licensing board solely for administrative sanctions, as deemed appropriate by that
board.

(2) This section does not create a private cause of action against a health care
practitioner. This section does not limit a health care practitioner's liability for the
negligent failure to diagnose or treat a patient.

(e) All applicable state and federal privacy laws govern the duties required by
this section.

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1 (f) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section
2 or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
3 applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

4 (g) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2021, or upon the date the
5 department promulgates regulations to implement this section and posts those
6 regulations on its internet website, whichever date is earlier.

7 COST RECOVERY

8 12. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the
9 administrative law judge to direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of
10 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and
11 enforcement of the case, with failure of the licensee to comply subjecting the license to not being
12 renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be
13 included in a stipulated settlement.

14 DEFINITIONS

15 13. As used herein, the terms below will have the following meanings:

16 "Adderall," a mixture of amphetamine and amphetamine salts, is a central
17 nervous system stimulant of the amphetamine class. Adderall is a Schedule II
18 controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11055,
19 subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code
20 section 4022. When properly prescribed and indicated, it is used for attention-
21 deficit hyperactivity disorder and narcolepsy. Adderall has a black box warning
22 which states "Adderall has a high potential for abuse and misuse, which can lead to
23 the development of a substance use disorder, including addiction. Misuse and abuse
24 of CNS stimulants, including Adderall, can result in overdose and death, and this
25 risk is increased with higher doses or unapproved methods of administration, such
26 as snorting or injection."

27 "Alprazolam" (brand name Xanax), a benzodiazepine, is a centrally acting
28 hypnotic-sedative that is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and
Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to
Business and Professions Code section 4022. When properly prescribed and
indicated, it is used for the management of anxiety disorders.

"Gabapentin" (brand name Neurontin), is used to treat neuralgia in adults and
as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of partial seizures for patients over the age of
twelve (12) with epilepsy, and is a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and
Professions Code section 4022. Gabapentin includes a warning that "Antiepileptic
drugs (AEDs), including gabapentin, increase the risk of suicidal thoughts or
behavior in patients taking these drugs for any indication. Patients treated with any
AED for any indication should be monitored for the emergence or worsening of
depression, suicidal thoughts or behavior, and/or any unusual changes in mood or
behavior."

1 L-methylfolate (brand names include¹ Denovo and Deplin), is a medical food
2 dispensed by prescription for the clinical dietary management of metabolic
3 imbalances associated with depression and schizophrenia, and a dangerous drug
pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

4 "Pristiq" (generic name desvenlafaxine) is an antidepressant that belongs to a
5 group of medicines called serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRI's),
6 and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.
7 Pristiq has a black box warning that "[a]ntidepressants increased the risk of suicidal
8 thoughts and behavior in children, adolescents, and young adults in short-term
studies" and "that patients of all ages who are started on antidepressant therapy,
[should be] monitor[ed] closely for worsening, and for emergence of suicidal
thoughts and behaviors. Advise families and caregivers of the need for close
observation and communication with the prescriber."

9 "Trazadone" (brand names include Desyrel and Oleptro), an antidepressant
10 that belongs to a group of medicines called serotonin modulators, is a dangerous
11 drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022, that increases the
12 amount of serotonin, a natural chemical in the brain. When properly prescribed and
13 indicated, it is used for the management of depression with and without prominent
anxiety. Trazadone has a black box warning regarding possible suicidality with
antidepressant drugs, such as trazadone, which can increase the risk of suicidal
thinking and behavior (suicidality) in children, adolescents, and young adults and
advises that anyone considering the use of trazadone or any other antidepressant in
a child, adolescent, or young adult must balance this risk with the clinical need.

14 "Viibryd (generic name vilazodone), an antidepressant that belongs to a
15 group of drugs called selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRI's), is a
16 dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022. When
17 properly prescribed and indicated, it is used for the management of major
depressive disorder (MDD) in adults. Viibryd has a black box warning regarding
possible suicidal thoughts and behaviors in young adult patients and the need to
closely monitor all antidepressant-treated patients for clinical worsening and for
emergence of suicidal thoughts and behaviors.

18 "Wellbutrin" (generic name bupropion), an antidepressant medication, is a
19 dangerous drug as defined in Code section 4022, which is generally used to treat
20 major depression and seasonal affective disorder. Possible associated risks include,
21 but are not limited to, increased restlessness, agitation, anxiety, and insomnia,
22 especially shortly after initiation of treatment; neuropsychiatric signs and
23 symptoms when prescribed for depressed patients, including delusions,
hallucinations, psychosis, concentration disturbance, paranoia, and/or confusion
(which abate with dose reduction or withdrawal of treatment); precipitation of
manic episodes in bipolar disorder patients during a depressed phase and activation
of psychosis in susceptible patients; altered appetite and weight; and other concerns
more fully in the package inserts for this medication. This medication comes in
sustained release (SR) and extended release (XR) form.

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28 ¹ As used herein, the terms "include," "including" and "included" mean without limitation
such as including, but not limited to, in context with the subject matter being discussed.

1 **FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

2 **(Repeated Negligent Acts)**

3 14. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined
4 by section 2234, subdivision (c), of the Code, in that he committed repeated negligent acts in his
5 care and treatment of Patient A,² as more particularly alleged hereinafter:

6 15. On or about April 19, 2019, Patient A, a 47-year-old female, had a follow-up visit
7 with Respondent who documented "I'm doing OK," as the patient's chief complaint. Respondent
8 did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the patient was stable, had no
9 medication side effects, and that there was a discussion of treatment options which included no
10 changes to the patient's current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone
11 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s. (before sleep), and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent
12 electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

13 16. On or about July 10, 2019, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
14 again documented a chief complaint of, "I'm doing OK." Respondent did a "[w]ellness check"
15 which noted, among other things, that the patient was stable, had no medication side effects; the
16 patient's "duration of action" (DOA) was 5 hours per dose; the patient's mental status exam was
17 normal; and Respondent's assessment for the patient of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the
18 same. Respondent discussed treatment options with the patient which included no changes to the
19 patient's current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30)
20 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his Progress
21 Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

22 17. On or about November 4, 2019, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
23 again documented a chief complaint of, "I'm doing OK." Respondent did a "[w]ellness check"
24 which noted, among other things, that the patient was stable, had no medication side effects, and
25 that the medication had a DOA of 5 hours per dose. The patient's mental status exam was normal
26 and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's

27 ² The patient in this Accusation is identified as Patient A to address privacy concerns. The
28 patient's identity is known to Respondent or will be disclosed to Respondent upon a duly issued
request for discovery and in accordance with Government Code section 11507.6.

1 documented plan was to continue the patient's current therapy which included, Xanax
2 (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-
3 tab t.i.d., and to consider genomic testing. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for
4 this visit on December 15, 2022.

5 18. On or about February 24, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
6 again documented a chief complaint of, "I'm doing OK." Respondent did a "[w]ellness check"
7 which noted, among other things, that the patient was stable, had no medication side effects, and
8 that the medication had a DOA of 4 hours per dose (one hour less than previously reported), and
9 that the patient suffered from a "subsequent increase in anxiety." The patient's mental status
10 exam was normal and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder for the patient
11 remained the same. The documented plan was to "continue current therapy" which included
12 Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg
13 (#90) 1-tab t.i.d., "monitor Xanax DOA and anxiety level, [and] consider increasing dose."
14 Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

15 19. On or about March 25, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
16 documented, "Telephone appointment [and] [n]o changes since last visit," as the patient's chief
17 complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
18 patient was generally stable, and had no medication side effects. Respondent documented that he
19 "discussed treatment options agree with no changes with medication at this time," and that the
20 patient "reports DOA about 2-3 hours for each [X]anax dose, worries more thereafter but
21 tolerable, not a cause of any impairment in functioning." The patient's mental status exam was
22 normal and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same.
23 Respondent's plan was to "continue current therapy" which included Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg
24 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent
25 electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

26 20. On or about May 18, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
27 documented, "Telephone appointment [and] I'm doing OK," as the patient's chief complaint.
28 Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the patient was stable,

1 no medication side effects, and "discussed treatment options [and] agree with no changes with
2 medication at this time." The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's
3 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. The documented plan included
4 "continue current therapy" which included Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50
5 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his
6 Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

7 21. On or about August 17, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
8 documented, "Telephone appointment [and] I'm depressed and anxious," as the patient's chief
9 complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
10 patient experienced changes in stability including, lethargy, decreased motivation, feeling lazy
11 and unproductive, and social anxiety (overthinking, overanalyzing, and worrying which adversely
12 affected the patient's ability to function and find work). Respondent documented that the patient
13 denied any medication side effects, but his progress note also documented that the patient "Self
14 tried pristiq 100 mg but did not tolerate." The patient's mental status exam was normal and
15 Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's
16 documented plan noted "genomic testing kit sent" with no changes to the current medications of
17 Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg
18 (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December
19 15, 2022.

20 22. On or about September 21, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent
21 who documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom," as the patient's chief complaint.
22 Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the patient
23 experienced some stability (but noted the patient "remains depressed and anxious") and suffered
24 from a medication side effect of irritability for the self-taken Pristiq. The patient's mental status
25 exam was normal and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the
26 same. Respondent's documented plan included continuing Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab
27 t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. and starting a trial
28 of Viibryd 10 mg with the dosage to be gradually increased. Respondent electronically signed his

1 Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

2 23. On or about November 30, 2020, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent
3 who documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] Viibryd not approved [by
4 insurance]," as the patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted,
5 among other things, that the patient experienced some stability and increased anxiety "due to
6 switching pharmacies and getti[ng] different generic manufacturers for her meds" with side
7 effects (insomnia and headache) reported with new generic medications. Respondent encouraged
8 the patient to go back to her previous pharmacy. Respondent reviewed the genomic testing
9 results with the patient, and notated that the patient "will plan trying wellbutrin after the holidays,
10 will wait for her to stabilize back to baseline." The patient's mental status exam was normal and
11 Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Prescribing records
12 show that Respondent continued treatment with Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d.,
13 trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s. (with a note to "refill meds to Walgreens"), and Adderall 30
14 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on
15 December 15, 2022.

16 24. On or about January 27, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
17 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] No change since last visit," as the
18 patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things,
19 that the patient experienced some stability with the patient experiencing more depression over the
20 last few months (with the Covid quarantine being a possible contributing factor), with no
21 medication side effects reported. The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's
22 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's documented plan
23 included continuing Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab
24 t.i.d., trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and starting a trial of Wellbutrin XL 150 mg 1-tab every
25 24 hours. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15,
26 2022.

27 25. On or about February 18, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
28 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] "I'm doing OK," as the patient's

1 chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
2 patient experienced increased stability and was "feeling a little bit better" and "less depressed
3 overall," with some nausea medication side effects that "improved with time." The patient's
4 mental status exam was normal and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder
5 remained the same. Respondent's plan included increasing Wellbutrin XL dosage to 300 mg 1-
6 tab every morning and start L-methylfolate 15 mg, 1 capsule once a day and no changes to the
7 current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d.,
8 and trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for
9 this visit on December 15, 2022.

10 26. On or about April 7, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
11 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I'm doing OK," as the patient's chief
12 complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
13 patient experienced increased stability with "more motivation [and] desire to do things" with a
14 reported medication side effect of "having more problems making decisions." The patient's
15 mental status exam was normal and Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder
16 remained the same. Respondent's documented plan included no changes to the current
17 medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d.,
18 trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., and L-methylfolate 15 mg 1 capsule once a day for the
19 anxiety disorder. Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December
20 15, 2022.

21 27. On or about May 19, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
22 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I stopped the methylfolate," as the
23 patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things,
24 that the patient experienced stability improved and that the patient was "doing well at home [and]
25 going outdoors more often [and] doing well at work," with a medication side effect of fatigue
26 which improved after not taking the trazadone. The patient's mental status exam was normal and
27 Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's
28 documented plan included stopping trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s., continuing Xanax

1 (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d., continuing current therapy
2 and allowing the patient to transition back to baseline.³ Respondent electronically signed his
3 Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

4 28. On or about June 28, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
5 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I'm doing better," as the patient's
6 chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
7 patient was stable, there were no medication side effects, and treatment options were discussed
8 which included no changes to medications. The patient's mental status exam was normal and
9 Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's
10 documented plan included no changes to the current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg
11 1-tab t.i.d., Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d., and trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s. Respondent
12 electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

13 29. On or about August 16, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
14 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I'm doing OK. I haven't been
15 vaccinated" as the patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted,
16 among other things, that the patient was stable, "still focusing well duration of action about 4
17 hours," had no medication side effects, and that they discussed treatment options which included
18 no changes of medication. The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's
19 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's documented plan
20 included no changes to the current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d.,
21 Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d., and trazadone 50 mg (#30) 1-tab q.h.s. Respondent
22 electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

23 30. On or about October 13, 2021, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
24 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I'm doing OK," as the patient's chief
25 complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
26 patient was stable, suffered from a medication side effect of "neck pain with current brand [of
27

28 ³ The medications list documented the patient "Not-taking/PRN [as needed] Wellbutrin
XL 300 mg..." and "Not-Taking/PRN L-methylfolate 15 mg capsule...."

1 Adderall],” and that they discussed treatment options which included changing the brand of
2 Adderall and/or pharmacy. The patient’s mental status exam was normal; and Respondent’s
3 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent’s documented plan
4 included no changes to the current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., and
5 trying a different brand of Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his
6 Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

7 31. On or about March 14, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
8 documented, “Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I’m doing OK,” as the patient’s chief
9 complaint. Respondent did a “[w]ellness check” which noted, among other things, that the
10 patient was stable, had no medication side effects, and that they discussed treatment options
11 which included no changes to medication. The patient’s mental status exam was normal and
12 Respondent’s assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent’s
13 documented plan included no changes to the current medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg
14 1-tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. Respondent electronically signed his Progress
15 Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

16 32. On or about May 11, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
17 documented, “Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I’m doing OK,” as the patient’s chief
18 complaint. Respondent did a “[w]ellness check” which noted, among other things, that the
19 patient was stable, “sleeping well uses trazadone ‘rarely’ about 2x/month,” had no medication
20 side effects, and that they discussed treatment options which included no changes to medication.
21 The patient’s mental status exam was normal and Respondent’s assessment of ADHD and anxiety
22 disorder remained the same. Respondent’s documented plan included no changes to the current
23 medications of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d., but
24 Respondent failed to document about any future use of trazadone. Respondent electronically
25 signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

26 33. On or about July 13, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
27 documented, “Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I’m doing OK,” as the patient’s chief
28 complaint. Respondent did a “[w]ellness check” which noted, among other things, that the

1 patient had decreased stability (patient having difficulty staying on task, following through, and
2 making decisions, with an increase in anxiety), had no medication side effects, and that they
3 discussed treatment options which included a trial of gabapentin 100 mg t.i.d. and the monitoring
4 of anxiety and attention span. The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's
5 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's documented plan
6 included starting a trial of gabapentin 100 mg 1 capsule t.i.d. (along with Xanax [alprazolam]
7 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d.) Respondent electronically signed his
8 Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

9 34. On or about August 15, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
10 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] No change since last visit," as the
11 patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things,
12 that the patient was somewhat stable, having inconsistent effects (and side effects) with
13 gabapentin, and was "[s]till not focusing well with adderall, thinks its the brand," and that they
14 discussed treatment options which included discontinuing the gabapentin and "switch to adderall
15 at CVS [pharmacy]." The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's assessment
16 of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's documented plan included
17 continuing Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., switching to the CVS brand of Adderall 30
18 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d, and discontinuing the trial of gabapentin. Respondent electronically signed
19 his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

20 35. On or about September 12, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent
21 who documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] Everythings back to normal," as
22 the patient's chief complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other
23 things, that the patient was stable, had no medication side effects, and that they discussed
24 treatment options which included not changing medications and "doing better since using the
25 CVS brand [of Adderall]." The patient's mental status exam was normal and Respondent's
26 assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's documented plan
27 included continuing Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d.
28 Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for this visit on December 15, 2022.

1 36. On or about November 9, 2022, Patient A had a follow-up visit with Respondent who
2 documented, "Videoconferencing appointment: Zoom [and] I'm doing OK," as the patient's chief
3 complaint. Respondent did a "[w]ellness check" which noted, among other things, that the
4 patient was stable, had no medication side effects, and that they discussed treatment options
5 which included not changing medications. The patient's mental status exam was normal and
6 Respondent's assessment of ADHD and anxiety disorder remained the same. Respondent's
7 documented plan was to continue current therapy which included Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-
8 tab t.i.d. and Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab t.i.d. (with a notation of "will try to get [new] brand
9 Adderall, consider [another] pharmacy"). Respondent electronically signed his Progress Note for
10 this visit on December 15, 2022.

11 37. Respondent authorized early refills for medications without an adequate justification
12 and/or explanation and/or sent prescriptions for the same controlled substance to two different
13 pharmacies on the same day as described below:

14 a. On or about February 24, 2020, Respondent issued a new prescription for
15 Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d., without an adequate justification and/or explanation, to
16 Walgreens pharmacy while there was still a refill available on an earlier prescription for the same
17 drug on or about January 15, 2020;

18 b. On or about May 19, 2021, Respondent issued simultaneous prescriptions for
19 Adderall 30 mg (#90) 1-tab b.i.d. (twice a day) to CVS pharmacy and Walgreens pharmacy,
20 without an adequately justification and/or explanation. The prescription Respondent issued to
21 CVS was filled on or about May 19, 2021 and sold to Patient A on June 15, 2021; and the
22 prescription Respondent issued to Walgreens was filled and sold to Patient A on or about May 19,
23 2021;

24 c. On or about August 8, 2021, Patient A filled a prescription for Xanax
25 (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-tab t.i.d. and filled another prescription of Xanax (alprazolam) 0.25 mg 1-
26 tab t.i.d., which was an early refill of the drug without an adequate justification and/or
27 explanation; and

28 ////

1 d. On or about November 9, 2021, Respondent issued a prescription for Adderall
2 30 mg (#60) b.i.d. to CVS pharmacy and the next day issued a prescription for generic Adderall
3 30 mg t.i.d. to Walgreens pharmacy, without an adequate justification and/or explanation. The
4 prescriptions that Respondent issued to CVS and Walgreens were both filled and sold to Patient A
5 shortly after they were issued.

6 38. Respondent repeatedly failed to maintain adequate medical record documentation for
7 Patient A, including when he failed to adequately document: (a) his justification for maintaining
8 Patient A on Adderall at 90 mg per day, (b) any intermittent monitoring of Patient A's pulse and
9 blood pressure, (c) any periodic monitoring of CURES as required by California Health and
10 Safety Code Section 11165.4, and (d) a prompt and timely review of his Progress Notes.

11 39. The acts and/or omissions by Respondent set forth, above, with respect to Patient A,
12 either collectively or in any component or combination thereof, constitute repeated negligent acts.

13 40. Respondent committed negligence when he repeatedly failed to adequately document
14 an adequate justification and/or explanation for maintaining Patient A on Adderall at 90 mg per
15 day.

16 41. Respondent committed negligence when he failed to conduct and/or document any
17 intermittent monitoring of Patient A's pulse and blood pressure.

18 42. Respondent committed negligence when he authorized prescriptions or early refills,
19 without an adequate justification and/or explanation and/or sent prescriptions for the same
20 controlled substance to two different pharmacies on the same day.

21 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

22 **(Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Records)**

23 43. Respondent is further subject to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as
24 defined by section 2266, of the Code, in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records
25 in connection with his care and treatment of Patient A as follows:

26 44. The allegations of the First Cause for Discipline are incorporated by reference as if
27 fully set forth herein.

28 ////

1 THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

2 (Failure to Consult CURES Database)

3 45. Respondent is further subject to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234 of
4 the Code, and Health and Safety Code section 11165.4, in that he failed to periodically consult
5 CURES to review Patient A's controlled substance history as required by the statute and as
6 follows:

7 46. The allegations of the First Cause for Discipline are incorporated by reference as if
8 fully set forth herein.

9 PRAYER

10 WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
11 and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

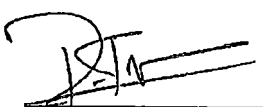
12 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number G 58063,
13 issued to Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D.;

14 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva,
15 M.D.'s authority to supervise physician assistants and advanced practice nurses;

16 3. Ordering Respondent Edmundo S. Jesalva, M.D., to pay the Board the costs of the
17 investigation and enforcement of this case, and if placed on probation, the costs of probation
18 monitoring; and

19 4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

20
21 DATED: FEB 25 2025

22 
23 REJI VARGHESE
24 Executive Director
25 Medical Board of California
26 Department of Consumer Affairs
27 State of California
28 Complainant

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