# BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ln	the	Matter	of the	he A	\ccus	ation	Agai	inst:

Elaheh Farshidi, M.D.

Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2020-071703

#### **DECISION**

The attached Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on <u>July 30, 2024</u>.

IT IS SO ORDERED July 23, 2024.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Reji Varghese

**Executive Director** 

1	ROB BONTA				
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ Supervising Deputy Attorney General				
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General ROSEMARY F. LUZON				
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 221544 600 West Presidency Suits 1800				
5	600 West Broadway, Suite 1800 San Diego, CA 92101				
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266				
7	Telephone: (619) 738-9074 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061				
8	Attorneys for Complainant				
9	DEEOD	e Tile			
10	BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA				
11	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
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13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2020-071703			
14	Elaheh Farshidi, M.D.	OAH No. 2023120773			
15	925 S. Euclid St. Anaheim, CA 92802	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF			
16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate	LICENSE AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER			
17	No. A 49801,				
18	Respondent.				
19					
20	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGR	EED by and between the parties to the above-			
21	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:				
22	<u>PARTIES</u>				
23	1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board of				
24	California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in thi				
25	matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Rosemary F. Luzon, Deput				
26	Attorney General.				
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- 2. Elaheh Farshidi, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by attorney Raymond J. McMahon, Esq., whose address is: DOYLE SCHAFER McMAHON, LLP, 5440 Trabuco Road, Irvine, CA 92620.
- 3. On or about August 6, 1991, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 to Respondent. The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 and will expire on May 31, 2025, unless renewed.

# **JURISDICTION**

- 4. On or about October 4, 2023, Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on or about October 4, 2023, at her address of record. Respondent timely filed her Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation.
- 5. A true and correct copy of Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

### **ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS**

- 6. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.
- 7. Respondent is fully aware of her legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against her; the right to present evidence and to testify on her own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws, having been fully advised of same by her attorney, Raymond J. McMahon, Esq.
- 8. Having the benefit of counsel, Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

#### **CULPABILITY**

- 9. Respondent does not contest that, at an administrative hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case with respect to the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703, and Respondent hereby gives up her rights to contest those charges. Respondent further agrees that she has thereby subjected her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 to disciplinary action. Respondent hereby surrenders her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 for the Board's formal acceptance.
- 10. Respondent agrees that her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 is subject to discipline and she agrees to be bound the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.
- 11. Respondent further agrees that if she ever petitions for reinstatement of her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801, or if an accusation or petition to revoke probation is ever filed against her before the Medical Board of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 shall be deemed true, correct, and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of any such proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California or elsewhere.

#### **CONTINGENCY**

- 12. Business and Professions Code section 2224, subdivision (b), provides, in pertinent part, that the Medical Board "shall delegate to its executive director the authority to adopt a ... stipulation for surrender of a license."
- 13. Respondent understands that, by signing this stipulation, she enables the Executive Director of the Board to issue an order, on behalf of the Board, accepting the surrender of her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 without further notice to, or opportunity to be heard by, Respondent.
- 14. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order shall be subject to the approval of the Executive Director on behalf of the Board. The parties agree that this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order shall be submitted to the Executive Director for his consideration in the above-entitled matter and, further, that the Executive Director shall have a

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reasonable period of time in which to consider and act on this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order after receiving it. By signing this stipulation, Respondent fully understands and agrees that she may not withdraw her agreement or seek to rescind this stipulation prior to the time the Executive Director, on behalf of the Medical Board, considers and acts upon it.

The parties agree that this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order 15. shall be null and void and not binding upon the parties unless approved and adopted by the Executive Director on behalf of the Board, except for this paragraph, which shall remain in full force and effect. Respondent fully understands and agrees that in deciding whether or not to approve and adopt this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, the Executive Director and/or the Board may receive oral and written communications from its staff and/or the Attorney General's Office. Communications pursuant to this paragraph shall not disqualify the Executive Director, the Board, any member thereof, and/or any other person from future participation in this or any other matter affecting or involving Respondent. In the event that the Executive Director on behalf of the Board does not, in his discretion, approve and adopt this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, with the exception of this paragraph, it shall not become effective, shall be of no evidentiary value whatsoever, and shall not be relied upon or introduced in any disciplinary action by either party hereto. Respondent further agrees that should this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order be rejected for any reason by the Executive Director on behalf of the Board, Respondent will assert no claim that the Executive Director, the Board, or any member thereof, was prejudiced by its/his/her review, discussion, and/or consideration of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order or of any matter or matters related hereto.

# ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

16. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties herein to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final, and exclusive embodiment of the agreements of the parties in the above-entitled matter.

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- 17. The parties agree that copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, including copies of the signatures of the parties, may be used in lieu of original documents and signatures and, further, that such copies shall have the same force and effect as originals.
- 18. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree the Executive Director of the Board may, without further notice to or opportunity to be heard by Respondent, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order on behalf of the Board:

#### **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801, issued to Respondent Elaheh Farshidi, M.D., is surrendered and accepted by the Board.

- 1. The surrender of Respondent's Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 and the acceptance of the surrendered license by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline against Respondent. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part of Respondent's license history with the Board.
- 2. Respondent shall lose all rights and privileges as a Physician and Surgeon in California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- 3. Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board her pocket license and, if one was issued, her wall certificate on or before the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- 4. If Respondent ever files an application for licensure or a petition for reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement. Respondent must comply with all the laws, regulations, and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked or surrendered license in effect at the time the petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 shall be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by Respondent when the Board determines whether to grant or deny the petition.
- 5. Respondent shall pay the Board its costs of investigation and enforcement in this matter in the amount of \$29,466.75 (twenty-nine thousand four hundred sixty-six dollars and seventy-five cents) prior to issuance of a new or reinstated license.
- 6. If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for a new license or certification, or petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care licensing agency in the State of

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1	California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2020-071703 shall			
2	be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by Respondent for the purpose of any Statement of			
3	Issues or any other proceeding seeking to deny or restrict licensure.			
4	ACCEPTANCE			
5	I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order and			
6	have fully discussed it with my attorney, Raymond J. McMahon, Esq. I understand the			
7	stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801.			
8	I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and			
9	intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of			
10	California.			
11	Eluti:			
12	DATED: 7/1/2024 Classifications			
13	ELAHEH FARSHIDI, M.D.  Respondent			
14				
15	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Elaheh Farshidi, M.D., the terms and			
16	conditions and other matters contained in this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary			
17	Order. I approve its form and content.			
18				
19	DATED: July 8, 2024  RAYMOND J. MCMAHON, ESQ.			
20	Attorney for Respondent			
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1	<u>ENDORSEMENT</u>				
2	The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is hereby				
3	respectfully submit	tted for consideration b	y the Medical Board of California of the Department of		
4	Consumer Affairs.				
5	DATED:	7/8/24	Respectfully submitted,		
6			ROB BONTA Attorney General of California		
7   8			ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
9					
10			ROSEMARY F. LUZON Deputy Attorney General		
11			Attorneys for Complainant		
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# Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2020-071703

1	ROB BONTA				
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ				
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General ROSEMARY F. LUZON				
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 221544				
5	600 West Broadway, Suite 1800 San Diego, CA 92101				
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266				
7	Telephone: (619) 738-9074 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061				
8	Attorneys for Complainant				
9	DEFOR	י מדנינים ה			
10	BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA				
11	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
12					
13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2020-071703			
14	Elaheh Farshidi, M.D.	ACCUSATION			
15	925 S. Euclid St. Anaheim, CA 92802				
16 17	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801,				
18	Respondent.	,			
19					
20	PAR	<u>ries</u>			
21	1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) brings	his Accusation solely in his official capacity as			
22	the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs				
23	(Board).	•			
24	2. On or about August 6, 1991, the Boa	rd issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate			
25	No. A 49801 to Elaheh Farshidi, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate				
26	was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on				
27	May 31, 2025, unless renewed.				
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	(ELAHEH F	ARSHIDI, M.D.) ACCUSATION NO. 800-2020-071703			

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3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.

4. Section 2220 of the Code states:

Except as otherwise provided by law, the board may take action against all persons guilty of violating this chapter. . .

- 5. Section 2227 of the Code states:
- (a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
  - (1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.
- (2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon order of the board.
- (3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation monitoring upon order of the board.
- (4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the board.
- (5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of probation, as the board or an administrative law judge may deem proper.

#### 6. Section 2234 of the Code states:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.

- (1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

#### 7. Section 2266 of the Code states:

The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct.

#### COST RECOVERY

#### 8. Section 125.3 of the Code states:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the administrative law judge may direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- (b) In the case of a disciplined licensee that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.
- (c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.
- (d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licensee to pay costs.
- (f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

- (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid costs.
- (h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- (i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.
- (j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative disciplinary proceeding.

# FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Repeated Negligent Acts)

- 9. Respondent has subjected her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined by section 2234, subdivision (c), of the Code, in that she committed repeated negligent acts in her care and treatment of Patient A, as more particularly alleged hereinafter:
- 10. On or about September 22, 2017, Patient A had his first visit with Respondent. He presented for a consultation because his physician had moved and he needed a physical and to refill his medications. His chronic conditions included cerebrovascular accident (CVA), chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder (COPD) exacerbation, other chronic pain, and Type 2 diabetes with complications, among other conditions. Respondent performed a Review of Systems (ROS), which was positive for anxiety, depression, gait disturbance, numbness in the extremities, and rash, but negative for musculoskeletal issues such as back pain, joint pain, joint swelling, muscle weakness, and neck pain. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which was positive for wheezing and lumbar spine tenderness, but negative for neurological and psychiatric problems.

References to "Patient A" herein are used to protect patient privacy.

The Assessment and Plan included "Other chronic pain," for which Respondent recommended observation, continued medication, and referral to a specialist.

- labs and refill his medications. His active medications list included hydrocodone-acetaminophen<sup>2</sup> 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for gait disturbance and back pain, but negative for anxiety, depression, and insomnia. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which revealed left-sided weakness, multiple ecchymosis on the arm, and decreased breath sounds. The musculoskeletal exam, which included a visual overview of all four extremities, and the neurological exam, which included deep tendon reflexes, were normal. The psychiatric exam was also normal. Respondent discussed the lab results with Patient A and counseled him on diet, exercise, and his medications and side effects. Respondent refilled alprazolam<sup>3</sup> 2 mg (#30), three times daily as needed.
- 12. On or about November 17, 2017, Patient A presented to Respondent for a rash and cough. His active medications list included hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed, and alprazolam 2 mg, three times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for cough, dyspnea, wheezing, pruritus, rash, and back pain, but negative for anxiety, depression, and insomnia. On the physical exam, Respondent noted ecchymosis on the arm and wheezing. The musculoskeletal exam was positive for lumbar spine tenderness, and the neurological exam included a normal sensory exam and normal deep tendon reflexes. The psychiatric exam was also normal. Respondent renewed the prescription for alprazolam 2mg (#120), increasing the dosage to four times daily as needed.
- 13. On or about December 15, 2017, Patient A presented to Respondent for leg pain, back pain, and to refill his medications. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed. According to the History of Present Illness, the leg pain started one year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hydrocodone-acetaminophen is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Alprazolam (Xanax) is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

ago, the severity level was "7," and the pain was constant, fluctuating, sharp, aggravated by movement and walking, and associated with limping and weakness. The lower back pain started 10 years ago. The pain was fluctuating, persistent, radiated to the back and left thigh, aggravated by daily activities, associated with burning, sharp, and shooting pain, and relieved by pain medications. The ROS was positive for back pain, joint pain, limping, and weakness, but negative for anxiety, depression, and insomnia. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which revealed ecchymosis on the arm and use of a cane. The musculoskeletal exam noted lumbar spine tenderness and left knee tenderness, and the neurological exam included a normal sensory exam and normal deep tendon reflexes. The psychiatric exam was also normal. The Assessment and Plan included "Other specified persistent mood disorders," for which Respondent recommended continued medication and follow-up as needed. It also included "Xanax use disorder, moderate, dependent, [and] chronic," but there was no documented plan. Respondent refilled hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 14. On or about January 15, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for a rash and to refill his medications. His active medications list included hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for anxiety, depression, back pain, and skin changes. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which included ecchymosis on the arm, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, a normal musculoskeletal exam with visual overview of all four extremities, a normal neurological exam with a normal sensory exam and normal deep tendon reflexes, and a normal psychiatric exam. The Assessment and Plan included persistent mood disorders and chronic pain, and Respondent recommended continued medication as ordered for both conditions. She advised him to schedule a follow-up visit as needed for his persistent mood disorders. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 15. On or about March 14, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for a consult on increased anxiety, severe back pain, chest pain, and possible bypass surgery. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The History of Present Illness noted multiple chronic conditions, including peripheral vascular disease, other chronic pain, moderate

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Xanax use disorder, and bullous pemphigoid. The ROS was positive for chest pain, anxiety, and depression. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which included ecchymosis on the arms, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, decreased breath sounds, inappropriate mood and affect, and musculoskeletal issues, including lordosis, lumbar spine tenderness, moderate pain with motion, and mild osteoarthritis of the hands. The Assessment and Plan recommended a lower extremity study to further evaluate Patient A's peripheral vascular disease, continued medication for his chronic pain with a follow-up visit to be scheduled in one month, and observation and continued medication for his Xanax use disorder. Respondent also counseled Patient A on his medications and side effects.

- 16. On or about April 11, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent with complaints of blood in the urine. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. Patient A requested a consult and refill of his medications. He reported being hospitalized due to fainting. He also complained of severe pain with urination post-hospitalization, which required follow-up with urology. Respondent advised him to see pain management, and he reported having an appointment in one month. Respondent then noted, "this will be [the] last time to get meds from me." Patient A reported being able to walk for 10 minutes, but found it difficult to complete many other activities of daily living, such as ascending and descending stairs, community errands, cooking, getting dressed, driving, and getting in and out of the bathtub and vehicle. The ROS was positive for hematuria, but negative for anxiety, depression, insomnia, and musculoskeletal issues. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which showed ecchymosis on the arms, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, a normal neurological exam, and inappropriate mood and affect. No musculoskeletal exam was performed. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended continued medication for chronic pain and referral to a specialist. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 17. On or about May 9, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent with right hand and left leg complaints. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. He reported not being

able to hold anything with his right hand and having problems with his left leg. He had pending appointments with neurology, psychiatry, and pain management, and he was being seen by urology and ENT. He also requested a refill of his medications. The ROS was positive for numbness in the extremities, anxiety, and depression. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, wound on the right leg, and use of a cane. The musculoskeletal exam included lumbar spine tenderness, the neurological exam included decreased position sense of the upper extremities, and the psychiatric exam included inappropriate mood and affect. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended continued medication, referral to a specialist, and follow-up as needed for his persistent mood disorders. She also recommended referral to a specialist for his Xanax user disorder. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 18. On or about June 6, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for a consultation regarding worsening skin issues. The ROS was positive for dyspnea, anxiety, back pain, and joint pain. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and inappropriate mood and affect (depression). In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent referred Patient A to a specialist for Xanax use disorder and chronic pain, respectively, and she advised him to cut down on the Xanax. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 19. On or about July 3, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent to refill his medications. He reported having difficulty getting to pain management. His active medications list included hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for anxiety, depression, and back pain. The physical exam was the same as the last visit. Respondent discussed diet, exercise, and medications and side effects with Patient A. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation and continued medication for his Xanax use disorder and chronic pain, respectively. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 20. On or about August 6, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent to refill his medications. He reported not being able to see a specialist. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for anxiety, depression, insomnia, and back pain. The physical exam was the same as the last visit. Respondent discussed diet, exercise, and medications and side effects with Patient A. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation, continued medication, and diet and exercise for his chronic pain. Respondent also recommended observation, continued medication, and referral to a specialist for his depression and advised him to schedule a follow-up visit in one month.
- 21. On or about September 5, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for a consultation and to refill his medications. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for anxiety, depression, pruritus, rash, and back pain. The physical exam revealed ecchymosis on the arm, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, mild osteoarthritis of the left and right hands, and inappropriate mood and affect (depression). Respondent discussed diet, exercise, and medications and side effects with Patient A. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation and continued medication for his persistent mood disorders, depression, and chronic pain, respectively. She also advised him to schedule a follow-up visit with her in one month for his persistent mood disorders. Respondent refilled hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 22. On or about October 3, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for pain in the lower extremities emanating from the back. He reported being told that he had spinal stenosis and was advised to see a spine surgeon. He also stated that ortho and pain management decided that they could help him. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for numbness in the extremity, pruritus, skin lesion, and back pain. The physical exam revealed ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the leg,

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lumbar spine tenderness, and decreased position sense of the lower extremity. However, Respondent did not document assessing range of motion or performing a straight leg test to evaluate Patient A's complaints of lower extremity pain. The Assessment and Plan recommended observation and continued medication for his fibromyalgia, spinal stenosis, bilateral sciatica, and other chronic pain, as well as referral to a specialist for his fibromyalgia, Xanax use disorder, and lower back pain. Respondent refilled hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

On or about November 5, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent for a consultation 23. and with complaints of voice loss, back pain, and knee pain. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. Patient A reported that his pain management appointment had been postponed again, but he made an appointment with a new doctor. Respondent noted that Patient A's back pain was fluctuating, persistent, and radiating to the back right thigh and left knee. Patient A described the pain as an ache, burning, deep, discomforting, sharp, and aggravated by changing positions, daily activities, and descending stairs. He stated that the symptoms were relieved by pain medications. Regarding Patient A's knee pain, Respondent noted that it started 10 years ago and was constant, fluctuating, accompanied by joint tenderness, aggravated by bending, climbing and descending stairs, and movement, and relieved by pain medications. The ROS was positive for voice loss, back pain, joint swelling, and joint tenderness. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the leg, dry buccal mucosa with erythema of the oropharynx, and mild wheezing. The musculoskeletal and psychiatric exams were normal. Respondent noted that his mouth was very dry and his blood sugar was high. However, Respondent did not document any additional information about his high blood sugar, diet, and signs of hyperglycemia. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation and follow-up labs for his diabetes with hyperglycemia. She instructed him on using an inhaler and nebulizer at home and recommended observation for his COPD exacerbation. She recommended observation, follow-up with pain management, and pain medication for his lower extremity pain, as well as observation

and medication for his anxiety. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 24. On or about December 5, 2018, Patient A presented to Respondent to refill his medications. He reported having a new cardiologist and neurologist. He had a pending appointment with pain management, but needed pain medication. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. They discussed Patient A's lab results, diet, exercise, and medications and side effects. The ROS was positive for voice loss. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the leg, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and inappropriate mood and affect with irritability. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation, continued medication, and referral to a specialist for his persistent mood disorders. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- On or about January 2, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent for a consultation, 25. back pain complaints, and an assessment of his chronic conditions. Patient A had a pending appointment with pain management the following month, and he reported having an onset of lower back pain a week earlier that radiated to the back, left foot, and left thigh. The pain was at a level of "7/10" and was fluctuating, persistent, aching, burning, deep, diffuse, discomforting, sharp, aggravated by changing positions, daily activities, and descending stairs, and relieved by pain medications. Patient A reported being able to walk for 10 minutes, but found it difficult to complete many other activities of daily living. The ROS was positive for extreme weakness, numbness in the extremity, back pain, muscle weakness, and weakness in the legs, but negative for anxiety and depression. Respondent also conducted a physical exam, which showed ecchymosis on the arm, wound on the right leg, use of a cane, pemphigoid lesion on the leg, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and inappropriate mood and effect (depression). In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent noted COPD exacerbation and Xanax use disorder, among other diagnoses. She recommended observation and referral to a specialist for his Xanax use disorder and advised him to take his medications as ordered. Respondent refilled

alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 26. On or about February 4, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent for frequent falls and to refill his medications. He was seen by physical therapy and was waiting for an electric wheelchair. He recently fell again, resulting in a scar on his feet. The ROS was positive for fatigue, gait disturbance, anxiety, depression, skin lesion, and back pain. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the legs, unstable gait, and inappropriate mood and affect. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation and continued medication for his diabetes, chronic pain, and bullous pemphigoid. Respondent also recommended observation and labs for his unstable gait. She referred him to a specialist for his diabetes, bullous pemphigoid, and unstable gait, and advised him to schedule a follow-up visit in three months for his diabetes. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 27. On or about February 11, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent to follow up on his lab results, which revealed low GFR (glomerular filtration rate), elevated lipids, and low hemoglobin. They discussed the lab results, diet, exercise, and medications and side effects. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for edema, back pain, and joint pain. The physical exam was remarkable for use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the legs, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and edema. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent recommended observation, continued medication, referral to a specialist, further diagnostic evaluations, and a follow-up visit as needed for his chronic kidney disease. She recommend observation, continued medication as adjusted, and referral to multiple specialists for his diabetes, as well as observation and continued medication for his chronic pain.
- 28. On or about March 4, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent for continuing leg ulcers and to refill his medications. His active medications list included hydrocodone-

acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for fatigue, ulcer, and joint pain, but negative for anxiety, depression, and insomnia. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the legs, decreased breath sounds, and lumbar spine tenderness. The neurological and psychiatric exams were normal. They discussed Patient A's lab results, diet, exercise, and medications and side effects. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent noted Xanax use disorder and recommended continued medication. In addition, Respondent noted screening for other disorders and recommended quality dashboard, abnormal follow-up, advanced care planning, cessation, fall risk discussion, functional status assessment, medication review, pain assessment, tobacco screening, and observation. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.

- 29. On or about April 3, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent to discuss ultrasound results, a new onset of rash, and to refill his medications. They discussed Patient A's diet, exercise, and medications and side effects. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for anxiety and depression, skin issues, and back pain.

  Respondent noted screening for alcohol and caffeine use and asking Patient A about feeling down, depressed, and his interest in activities. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the legs, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and inappropriate mood and affect (depression). Respondent noted additional comments regarding Patient A's rash. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent noted Xanax use disorder and chronic opiate drug use for therapeutic purposes, for which she recommended observation and continued medication. Respondent refilled alprazolam 2 mg (#120), four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg (#120), four times daily as needed.
- 30. On or about May 1, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent with complaints of not feeling well, needing help at home, and chest tightness. He also requested a refill of his medications. He reported going to pain management, but not being seen or given an appointment.

Respondent noted that she would discuss with the social worker how they could help Patient A, and she advised him to go to the emergency room if he had chest pain and to have blood testing performed. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was positive for fatigue, malaise, and joint pain. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, and pemphigoid lesion on the legs. The neurological and psychiatric exams were normal, but no musculoskeletal exam was noted. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent noted Xanax use disorder and chronic pain, for which she recommended observation and continued medication. She also referred him to a specialist for his Xanax use disorder.

- 31. On or about June 3, 2019, Patient A had his last visit with Respondent. He presented for a follow-up on his lab results and chronic conditions. Patient A reported not exercising due to severe back and knee pain, and they discussed medications and side effects. His active medications list included alprazolam 2 mg, four times daily as needed, and hydrocodone-acetaminophen 10-325 mg, four times daily as needed. The ROS was remarkable for pruritus, rash, back pain, and joint pain. Respondent noted a pain level of "6/10," and he was screened for alcohol and caffeine use. The physical exam was remarkable for ecchymosis on the arm, use of a cane, wound on the right leg, pemphigoid lesion on the legs, decreased breath sounds, lumbar spine tenderness, and left and right knee tenderness. The neurological and psychiatric exams were normal. In the Assessment and Plan, Respondent noted Xanax use disorder and recommended observation and continued medication. She recommended observation for his chronic pain and that he start taking his medications as ordered. Respondent also ordered a follow-up visit in one month.
- 32. Approximately three months later, on or about August 29, 2019, Respondent sent a letter to Patient A notifying him that she was no longer willing to be his primary care physician and advising that he must select another physician by on or about September 29, 2019.

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- 33. Respondent committed repeated negligent acts in her care and treatment of Patient A, which included, but were not limited to, the following:
  - A. Respondent improperly prescribed controlled substances for pain to Patient A by: (1) failing to weigh the risks and benefits of hydrocodone-acetaminophen use to Patient A before deciding to renew prescriptions that were started by a prior physician; (2) continuing to prescribe hydrocodone-acetaminophen to Patient A without reassessing the treatment plan and medication management, establishing patient goals for improving pain and function, assessing risks and benefits, and establishing criteria for tapering and discontinuing therapy; and (3) concurrently prescribing hydrocodone-acetaminophen with alprazolam despite Patient A's heightened risk of adverse reactions from using multiple CNS active medications due to Patient A's elderly age, and without reassessing Patient A's need for multiple CNS active medications, using the lowest effective dose, evaluating tapering or de-prescribing opportunities, and considering his health risks, such as COPD and kidney disease;
  - B. Respondent continuously prescribed alprazolam to Patient A for anxiety without stressing alternative treatments for better anxiety control, limiting the refills, considering safer alternative medication options until a specialist could be seen, and properly documenting addiction evaluations that she performed before refilling the prescriptions; and
  - C. Respondent failed to properly document: (1) the justifications for continuously prescribing hydrocodone-acetaminophen and alprazolam to Patient A despite Respondent's preference and insistence that he be seen by specialists; (2) alternative treatment options to Patient A's hydrocodone-acetaminophen and alprazolam regimen, additional evaluations to perform, and limitations for refills pending follow-up with specialists; (3) Respondent's preference and policy against managing patients who have complex medical problems and who use hydrocodone-acetaminophen and alprazolam, the importance of seeing specialists to assume care

and treatment as soon as possible, and her next course of action; (4) concerns about Patient A's hydrocodone-acetaminophen and alprazolam regimen, including discussions with Patient A regarding the risks of using these medications; (5) abnormalities in Patient A's mood or anxiety to support continuing to prescribe alprazolam; (6) addiction evaluations performed, including Patient A's stated reasons for taking alprazolam and his prior attempts at weaning; (7) the performance of a musculoskeletal exam on or about April 11, 2018; (8) an adequate physical exam to evaluate Patient A's complaints of lower extremity pain on or about October 3, 2018; and (9) information concerning Patient A's blood sugar level, diet, and signs of hyperglycemia on or about November 5, 2018.

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Medical Records)

34. Respondent has subjected her Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined by section 2266, of the Code, in that she failed to maintain adequate and accurate records regarding her care and treatment of Patient A, as more particularly alleged in paragraphs 10 through 33, above, which are hereby incorporated by reference and re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 49801, issued to Respondent Elaheh Farshidi, M.D.;
- 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Respondent Elaheh Farshidi, M.D.'s authority to supervise physician assistants and advanced practice nurses;

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1	3.	Ordering Respondent Ela	sheh Farshidi, M.D., to pay the Board the costs of the		
2	investigation	on and enforcement of this	case, and if placed on probation, the costs of probation		
3	monitoring; and				
4	4.	Taking such other and fu	rther action as deemed necessary and proper.		
5	•	OCT 0 6 2073			
6	DATED:	OCT 0 4 2023	JENNA JONES FOR		
7			Executive Director		
8			Medical Board of California Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
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