

BEFORE THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the First Amended
Accusation Against:

Akash Bajaj, M.D.

Physician's and Surgeon's
Certificate No. A 83927

Respondent.

Case No.: 800-2019-056941

DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on April 26, 2024.

IT IS SO ORDERED: March 27, 2024.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA



Laurie Rose Lubiano, J.D., Chair
Panel A

1 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
2 JUDITH T. ALVARADO
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
3 LATRICE R. HEMPHILL
Deputy Attorney General
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Attorneys for Complainant
7

8 **BEFORE THE**
9 **MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA**
10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
11 **STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

12 In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation
Against:

13 **AKASH BAJAJ, M.D.**
14 **13160 Mindanao Way, Suite 300**
15 **Marina del Ray, CA 90292-6393**

16 **Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate**
17 **No. A 83927,**

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2019-056941

OAH No. 2022070169

**STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND
DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

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19
20 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-
21 entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:

22 **PARTIES**

23 1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board of
24 California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this
25 matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Latrice R. Hemphill, Deputy
26 Attorney General.
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28

1 CULPABILITY

2 9. Respondent understands and agrees that the charges and allegations in First Amended
3 Accusation No. 800-2019-056941, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline
4 upon his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate.

5 10. Respondent does not contest that, at an administrative hearing, complainant could
6 establish a prima facie case with respect to the charges and allegations in First Amended
7 Accusation No. 800-2019-056941, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit
8 A, and that he has thereby subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate, No. A 83927 to
9 disciplinary action.

10 11. Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to
11 discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's probationary terms as set forth in the
12 Disciplinary Order below.

13 CONTINGENCY

14 12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California.
15 Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical
16 Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and
17 settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the
18 stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek
19 to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails
20 to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
21 Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal
22 action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having
23 considered this matter.

24 13. Respondent agrees that if he ever petitions for early termination or modification of
25 probation, or if an accusation and/or petition to revoke probation is filed against him before the
26 Board, all of the charges and allegations contained in First Amended Accusation No. 800-2019-
27 056941 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by respondent for purposes of any such
28 proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California.

1 14. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile
2 copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile
3 signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

4 15. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
5 the Board may, without further notice or opportunity to be heard by the Respondent, issue and
6 enter the following Disciplinary Order:

7 **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

8 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 83927 issued
9 to Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D. is revoked. However, the revocation is stayed and Respondent
10 is placed on probation for two (2) years on the following terms and conditions:

11 1. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective
12 date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in
13 advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider
14 with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent.
15 Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course
16 not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully
17 complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical
18 record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing
19 Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

20 A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the
21 First Amended Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole
22 discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the
23 course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the
24 effective date of this Decision.

25 Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its
26 designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than
27 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

28 2. MONITORING - PRACTICE. Within 30 calendar days of the effective date of this

1 Decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for prior approval as a practice
2 monitor, the name and qualifications of one or more licensed physicians and surgeons whose
3 licenses are valid and in good standing, and who are preferably American Board of Medical
4 Specialties (ABMS) certified. A monitor shall have no prior or current business or personal
5 relationship with Respondent, or other relationship that could reasonably be expected to
6 compromise the ability of the monitor to render fair and unbiased reports to the Board, including
7 but not limited to any form of bartering, shall be in Respondent's field of practice, and must agree
8 to serve as Respondent's monitor. Respondent shall pay all monitoring costs.

9 The Board or its designee shall provide the approved monitor with copies of the Decision
10 and First Amended Accusation, and a proposed monitoring plan. Within 15 calendar days of
11 receipt of the Decision, First Amended Accusation, and proposed monitoring plan, the monitor
12 shall submit a signed statement that the monitor has read the Decision and First Amended
13 Accusation, fully understands the role of a monitor, and agrees or disagrees with the proposed
14 monitoring plan. If the monitor disagrees with the proposed monitoring plan, the monitor shall
15 submit a revised monitoring plan with the signed statement for approval by the Board or its
16 designee.

17 Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, and continuing throughout
18 probation, Respondent's practice shall be monitored by the approved monitor. Respondent shall
19 make all records available for immediate inspection and copying on the premises by the monitor
20 at all times during business hours and shall retain the records for the entire term of probation.

21 If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a monitor within 60 calendar days of the effective
22 date of this Decision, Respondent shall receive a notification from the Board or its designee to
23 cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after being so notified. Respondent
24 shall cease the practice of medicine until a monitor is approved to provide monitoring
25 responsibility.

26 The monitor shall submit a quarterly written report to the Board or its designee which
27 includes an evaluation of Respondent's performance, indicating whether Respondent's practices
28 are within the standards of practice of medicine, and whether Respondent is practicing medicine

1 safely, billing appropriately or both. It shall be the sole responsibility of Respondent to ensure
2 that the monitor submits the quarterly written reports to the Board or its designee within 10
3 calendar days after the end of the preceding quarter.

4 If the monitor resigns or is no longer available, Respondent shall, within 5 calendar days of
5 such resignation or unavailability, submit to the Board or its designee, for prior approval, the
6 name and qualifications of a replacement monitor who will be assuming that responsibility within
7 15 calendar days. If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a replacement monitor within 60
8 calendar days of the resignation or unavailability of the monitor, Respondent shall receive a
9 notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3)
10 calendar days after being so notified. Respondent shall cease the practice of medicine until a
11 replacement monitor is approved and assumes monitoring responsibility.

12 In lieu of a monitor, Respondent may participate in a professional enhancement program
13 approved in advance by the Board or its designee that includes, at minimum, quarterly chart
14 review, semi-annual practice assessment, and semi-annual review of professional growth and
15 education. Respondent shall participate in the professional enhancement program at
16 Respondent's expense during the term of probation.

17 3. CLINICAL COMPETENCE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM. Within 60 calendar days
18 of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a clinical competence assessment
19 program approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall successfully
20 complete the program not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment unless
21 the Board or its designee agrees in writing to an extension of that time.

22 The program shall consist of a comprehensive assessment of Respondent's physical and
23 mental health and the six general domains of clinical competence as defined by the Accreditation
24 Council on Graduate Medical Education and American Board of Medical Specialties pertaining to
25 Respondent's current or intended area of practice. The program shall take into account data
26 obtained from the pre-assessment, self-report forms and interview, and the Decision, First
27 Amended Accusation, and any other information that the Board or its designee deems relevant.
28 The program shall require Respondent's on-site participation for a minimum of three (3) and no

1 more than five (5) days as determined by the program for the assessment and clinical education
2 evaluation. Respondent shall pay all expenses associated with the clinical competence
3 assessment program.

4 At the end of the evaluation, the program will submit a report to the Board or its designee
5 which unequivocally states whether the Respondent has demonstrated the ability to practice
6 safely and independently. Based on Respondent's performance on the clinical competence
7 assessment, the program will advise the Board or its designee of its recommendation(s) for the
8 scope and length of any additional educational or clinical training, evaluation or treatment for any
9 medical condition or psychological condition, or anything else affecting Respondent's practice of
10 medicine. Respondent shall comply with the program's recommendations.

11 Determination as to whether Respondent successfully completed the clinical competence
12 assessment program is solely within the program's jurisdiction.

13 If Respondent fails to enroll, participate in, or successfully complete the clinical
14 competence assessment program within the designated time period, Respondent shall receive a
15 notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3)
16 calendar days after being so notified. The Respondent shall not resume the practice of medicine
17 until enrollment or participation in the outstanding portions of the clinical competence assessment
18 program have been completed. If the Respondent did not successfully complete the clinical
19 competence assessment program, the Respondent shall not resume the practice of medicine until a
20 final decision has been rendered on the accusation and/or a petition to revoke probation. The
21 cessation of practice shall not apply to the reduction of the probationary time period

22 4. NOTIFICATION. Within seven (7) days of the effective date of this Decision, the
23 Respondent shall provide a true copy of this Decision and First Amended Accusation to the Chief
24 of Staff or the Chief Executive Officer at every hospital where privileges or membership are
25 extended to Respondent, at any other facility where Respondent engages in the practice of
26 medicine, including all physician and locum tenens registries or other similar agencies, and to the
27 Chief Executive Officer at every insurance carrier which extends malpractice insurance coverage
28 to Respondent. Respondent shall submit proof of compliance to the Board or its designee within

1 15 calendar days.

2 This condition shall apply to any change(s) in hospitals, other facilities or insurance carrier.

3 5. OBEY ALL LAWS. Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws, all rules
4 governing the practice of medicine in California and remain in full compliance with any court
5 ordered criminal probation, payments, and other orders.

6 6. INVESTIGATION/ENFORCEMENT COST RECOVERY. Respondent is hereby
7 ordered to reimburse the Board its costs of investigation and enforcement, including, but not
8 limited to, expert review, amended accusations, legal reviews, investigation(s), and subpoena
9 enforcement, as applicable, in the amount of \$39,781.00 (thirty-nine thousand seven hundred
10 eighty one dollars and zero cents). Costs shall be payable to the Medical Board of California.
11 Failure to pay such costs shall be considered a violation of probation.

12 Payment must be made in full within 30 calendar days of the effective date of the Order, or
13 by a payment plan approved by the Medical Board of California. Any and all requests for a
14 payment plan shall be submitted in writing by respondent to the Board. Failure to comply with
15 the payment plan shall be considered a violation of probation.

16 The filing of bankruptcy by respondent shall not relieve respondent of the responsibility to
17 repay investigation and enforcement costs.

18 7. QUARTERLY DECLARATIONS. Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations
19 under penalty of perjury on forms provided by the Board, stating whether there has been
20 compliance with all the conditions of probation.

21 Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations not later than 10 calendar days after the end
22 of the preceding quarter.

23 8. GENERAL PROBATION REQUIREMENTS.

24 Compliance with Probation Unit

25 Respondent shall comply with the Board's probation unit.

26 Address Changes

27 Respondent shall, at all times, keep the Board informed of Respondent's business and
28 residence addresses, email address (if available), and telephone number. Changes of such

1 addresses shall be immediately communicated in writing to the Board or its designee. Under no
2 circumstances shall a post office box serve as an address of record, except as allowed by Business
3 and Professions Code section 2021, subdivision (b).

4 Place of Practice

5 Respondent shall not engage in the practice of medicine in Respondent's or patient's place
6 of residence, unless the patient resides in a skilled nursing facility or other similar licensed
7 facility.

8 License Renewal

9 Respondent shall maintain a current and renewed California physician's and surgeon's
10 license.

11 Travel or Residence Outside California

12 Respondent shall immediately inform the Board or its designee, in writing, of travel to any
13 areas outside the jurisdiction of California which lasts, or is contemplated to last, more than thirty
14 (30) calendar days.

15 In the event Respondent should leave the State of California to reside or to practice
16 Respondent shall notify the Board or its designee in writing 30 calendar days prior to the dates of
17 departure and return.

18 9. INTERVIEW WITH THE BOARD OR ITS DESIGNEE. Respondent shall be
19 available in person upon request for interviews either at Respondent's place of business or at the
20 probation unit office, with or without prior notice throughout the term of probation.

21 10. NON-PRACTICE WHILE ON PROBATION. Respondent shall notify the Board or
22 its designee in writing within 15 calendar days of any periods of non-practice lasting more than
23 30 calendar days and within 15 calendar days of Respondent's return to practice. Non-practice is
24 defined as any period of time Respondent is not practicing medicine as defined in Business and
25 Professions Code sections 2051 and 2052 for at least 40 hours in a calendar month in direct
26 patient care, clinical activity or teaching, or other activity as approved by the Board. If
27 Respondent resides in California and is considered to be in non-practice, Respondent shall
28 comply with all terms and conditions of probation. All time spent in an intensive training

1 program which has been approved by the Board or its designee shall not be considered non-
2 practice and does not relieve Respondent from complying with all the terms and conditions of
3 probation. Practicing medicine in another state of the United States or Federal jurisdiction while
4 on probation with the medical licensing authority of that state or jurisdiction shall not be
5 considered non-practice. A Board-ordered suspension of practice shall not be considered as a
6 period of non-practice.

7 In the event Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation exceeds 18 calendar
8 months, Respondent shall successfully complete the Federation of State Medical Boards' Special
9 Purpose Examination, or, at the Board's discretion, a clinical competence assessment program
10 that meets the criteria of Condition 18 of the current version of the Board's "Manual of Model
11 Disciplinary Orders and Disciplinary Guidelines" prior to resuming the practice of medicine.

12 Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation shall not exceed two (2) years.

13 Periods of non-practice will not apply to the reduction of the probationary term.

14 Periods of non-practice for a Respondent residing outside of California will relieve
15 Respondent of the responsibility to comply with the probationary terms and conditions with the
16 exception of this condition and the following terms and conditions of probation: Obey All Laws;
17 General Probation Requirements; Quarterly Declarations; Abstain from the Use of Alcohol and/or
18 Controlled Substances; and Biological Fluid Testing.

19 11. COMPLETION OF PROBATION. Respondent shall comply with all financial
20 obligations (e.g., restitution, probation costs) not later than 120 calendar days prior to the
21 completion of probation. This term does not include cost recovery, which is due within 30
22 calendar days of the effective date of the Order, or by a payment plan approved by the Medical
23 Board and timely satisfied. Upon successful completion of probation, Respondent's certificate
24 shall be fully restored.

25 12. VIOLATION OF PROBATION. Failure to fully comply with any term or condition
26 of probation is a violation of probation. If Respondent violates probation in any respect, the
27 Board, after giving Respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and
28 carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an Accusation, or Petition to Revoke

1 Probation, or an Interim Suspension Order is filed against Respondent during probation, the
2 Board shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall
3 be extended until the matter is final.

4 13. LICENSE SURRENDER. Following the effective date of this Decision, if
5 Respondent ceases practicing due to retirement or health reasons or is otherwise unable to satisfy
6 the terms and conditions of probation, Respondent may request to surrender his or her license.
7 The Board reserves the right to evaluate Respondent's request and to exercise its discretion in
8 determining whether or not to grant the request, or to take any other action deemed appropriate
9 and reasonable under the circumstances. Upon formal acceptance of the surrender, Respondent
10 shall within 15 calendar days deliver Respondent's wallet and wall certificate to the Board or its
11 designee and Respondent shall no longer practice medicine. Respondent will no longer be subject
12 to the terms and conditions of probation. If Respondent re-applies for a medical license, the
13 application shall be treated as a petition for reinstatement of a revoked certificate.

14 14. PROBATION MONITORING COSTS. Respondent shall pay the costs associated
15 with probation monitoring each and every year of probation, as designated by the Board, which
16 may be adjusted on an annual basis. Such costs shall be payable to the Medical Board of
17 California and delivered to the Board or its designee no later than January 31 of each calendar
18 year.

19 15. FUTURE ADMISSIONS CLAUSE. If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for
20 a new license or certification, or petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care
21 licensing action agency in the State of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in
22 First Amended Accusation No. 800-2019-056941 shall be deemed to be true, correct, and
23 admitted by Respondent for the purpose of any Statement of Issues or any other proceeding
24 seeking to deny or restrict license.

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1 **ACCEPTANCE**

2 I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully
3 discussed it with my attorney, Courtney E. Pilchman, Esq. I understand the stipulation and the
4 effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated
5 Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be
6 bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

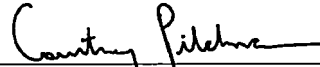
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8 DATED: 2.13.24



9 _____
AKASH BAJAJ, M.D.
Respondent

10 I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D. the terms and
11 conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
12 I approve its form and content.

13 DATED: 2/13/24



14 _____
COURTNEY E. PILCHMAN, ESQ.
Attorney for Respondent

15
16 **ENDORSEMENT**

17 The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully
18 submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

19
20 DATED: _____

Respectfully submitted,

21 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
22 JUDITH T. ALVARADO
Supervising Deputy Attorney General

23
24 LATRICE R. HEMPHILL
25 Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

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ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Courtney E. Pilchman, Esq. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DATED: _____
AKASH BAJAJ, M.D.
Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D. the terms and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order. I approve its form and content.


DATED: _____
COURTNEY E. PILCHMAN, ESQ.
Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

DATED: February 14, 2024

Respectfully submitted,
ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
JUDITH T. ALVARADO
Supervising Deputy Attorney General


LATRICE R. HEMPHILL
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

1 ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
2 JUDITH T. ALVARADO
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8 **BEFORE THE**
9 **MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA**
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12 In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation
Against:

Case No. 800-2019-056941

OAH No. 2022070169

13 **AKASH BAJAJ, M.D.**
14 **13160 Mindanao Way, Suite 300**
Marina del Ray, CA 90292

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION

15 **Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate**
16 **No. A 83927,**

17 Respondent.

18 **PARTIES**

19
20 1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation solely in his
21 official capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of
22 Consumer Affairs (Board).

23 2. On or about July 11, 2003, the Medical Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's
24 Certificate Number A 83927 to Akash Bajaj, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's
25 Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will
26 expire on May 31, 2025, unless renewed.

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1 JURISDICTION

2 3. This First Amended Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of
3 the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code)
4 unless otherwise indicated.

5 4. Section 2227 of the Code states:

6 (a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of
7 the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government
8 Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered
9 into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the
10 provisions of this chapter:

11 (1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.

12 (2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one
13 year upon order of the board.

14 (3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation
15 monitoring upon order of the board.

16 (4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a
17 requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the
18 board.

19 (5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of
20 probation, as the board or an administrative law judge may deem proper.

21 (b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters,
22 medical review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations,
23 continuing education activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that are
24 agreed to with the board and successfully completed by the licensee, or other matters
25 made confidential or privileged by existing law, is deemed public, and shall be made
26 available to the public by the board pursuant to Section 803.1.

27 5. Section 2234 of the Code, states:

28 The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with
unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional
conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or
abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.

(b) Gross negligence.

(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more
negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a
separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute
repeated negligent acts.

(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically

1 appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single
2 negligent act.

3 (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or
4 omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but
5 not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the
6 licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure
7 constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

8 (d) Incompetence.

9 (e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption that is
10 substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and
11 surgeon.

12 (f) Any action or conduct that would have warranted the denial of a certificate.

13 (g) The failure by a certificate holder, in the absence of good cause, to attend
14 and participate in an interview by the board. This subdivision shall only apply to a
15 certificate holder who is the subject of an investigation by the board.

16 6. Section 2266 of the Code states: The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain
17 adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes
18 unprofessional conduct.

19 COST RECOVERY

20 7. Section 125.3 of the Code states:

21 (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a
22 disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the
23 Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the
24 administrative law judge may direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or
25 violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the
26 investigation and enforcement of the case.

27 (b) In the case of a disciplined licensee that is a corporation or a partnership, the
28 order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.

(c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where
actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its
designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of
investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of
investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not
limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.

(d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount
of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested
pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard
to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board
may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if
the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to
subdivision (a).

///

1 (e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as
2 directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any
3 appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights
4 the board may have as to any licensee to pay costs.

5 (f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be
6 conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

7 (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or
8 reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered
9 under this section.

10 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion,
11 conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any
12 licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement
13 with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid
14 costs.

15 (h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement
16 for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs
17 to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.

18 (i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of
19 the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.

20 (j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in
21 that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative
22 disciplinary proceeding.

23 DEFINITIONS

24 8. Thermal facet joint rhizotomy is a procedure that cuts or destroys the medial branch
25 nerves that carry pain signals from the facet joints to the brain, by heating the nerves with radio
26 waves to deaden them and stop them from sending pain signals.

27 9. Radiofrequency ablation, which is also known as fulguration, is a minimally invasive
28 technique that shrinks the size of tissue or other growths in the body, by using the heat generated
from an electrical current that is produced by a radio wave. Radiofrequency ablation is often used
to treat chronic back and neck pain.

10 10. C2-C6 indicate the specific joints between each vertebrae of part of the cervical spine.

11 11. Spinal cord edema refers to swelling of the spinal cord. The swelling can cause
12 compression and injury to the spinal cord.

13 12. Intramedullary Hematoma refers to a hemorrhage within the spinal cord.

14 13. Hemiparesis is weakness or the inability to move on one side of the body.

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1 14. Diaphragmatic paralysis is a condition in which either the right or left side of the
2 diaphragm loses the ability to contract to allow proper inspiration.

3 15. Propofol is a drug that slows the activity of your brain and nervous system. It is
4 commonly used as general anesthesia to sedate patients during surgery.

5 16. Cervical facet intra-articular joint injection is a procedure where steroids are injected
6 into the facet joint, within the neck, that is inflamed or injured, to reduce the pain.

7 17. Decadron is a corticosteroid, similar to a natural hormone, used to relieve
8 inflammation in various parts of the body.

9 18. A trigger point injection is a pain management treatment that involves injecting a
10 local anesthetic into a trigger point to relax muscles and relieve pain.

11 19. A stellate ganglion block is an injection of anesthetic medication into a collection of
12 nerves in the neck, which helps relieve pain in the head, neck, and upper arm and chest.

13 FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

14 20. Respondent is a board-certified anesthesiologist, who is also board-certified in pain
15 management. Respondent owns Remedy Pain Solution, Inc., which has locations in Marina Del
16 Rey, CA and Manhattan Beach, CA.

17 Patient A

18 21. Patient A¹ is a seventy-nine (79) year-old woman who first presented to Respondent
19 on or about March 14, 2019, complaining of neck pain primarily on the left side. Patient A had a
20 history of neck pain and headaches, and previously had two temporary nerve blocks. She also
21 tried other conservative therapy to address the pain, including pain medication, physical therapy,
22 and a home exercise plan. While Patient A experienced temporary pain relief after the
23 aforementioned treatments, the pain consistently returned.

24 22. During the initial visit, Respondent discussed a cervical facet intra-articular joint
25 injection procedure with Patient A. Respondent discussed the risks, benefits, and alternatives
26 with Patient A and she agreed to have the procedure.

27 ///

28 ¹ The patients are identified by letter in this Accusation to protect their privacy.

1 23. On or about March 18, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent for the joint injection
2 procedure. Following the procedure, Patient A was given ice and monitored for 30 minutes
3 before being discharged.

4 24. On or about April 8, 2019, April 19, 2019, and May 9, 2019, Patient A again
5 presented to Respondent, complaining of the persistent neck pain. Patient A acknowledged that
6 the previous joint injection provided her some pain relief but the pain soon returned. Respondent
7 assessed Patient A and she agreed to additional joint injection procedures, which he performed
8 during each aforementioned visit.

9 25. On or about May 31, 2019, Patient A presented to Respondent at Beach District
10 Surgery Center, located at 514 N. Prospect Ave., #100, Redondo Beach, California 90277.
11 Patient A was examined by Respondent and reiterated that she still experienced pain in her neck.
12 Respondent discussed performing a thermal facet joint rhizotomy at Patient A's left C2/3, C3/4,
13 C4/5, and C5/6 levels. After discussion, Patient A consented to the procedure to address her pain.

14 26. Patient A underwent monitored anesthesia care during the procedure, which consisted
15 of a bolus of approximately 1.5 mg of propofol. According to Respondent's medical records,
16 Patient A's vital signs were stable and she was positioned in a left side up position on the
17 fluoroscopy table, and prepped for surgery. A lateral image was obtained to identify the proposed
18 trajectory towards each cervical level. The radiofrequency ablation was performed at each level
19 on the left.

20 27. Following the procedure, Patient A was sent to the Post Anesthesia Care Unit.
21 Patient A indicated that she had difficulty moving her left leg and left arm, and was experiencing
22 numbness in those areas. Respondent noted that he and his staff monitored Patient A and her
23 neurological testing for about four hours, and noticed there was a lack of improvement.
24 Subsequently, Respondent decided to transfer Patient A to the hospital for further evaluation.

25 28. Patient A was transferred to Providence Little Company of Mary Medical Center's
26 (PLCMMC) Emergency Department, located at 4101 Torrance Blvd., Torrance, California 90503.

27 29. Patient A was admitted to PLCMMC and examined. PLCMMC completed a
28 magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of Patient A's cervical spine. The MRI revealed multiple

1 abnormalities, including cervical spine edema with blood in the spinal cord at the C2 level.
2 Additionally, there was a curvilinear signal abnormality with associated enhancement within the
3 midline/right ventral cord at C2, which could have represented a traumatic injury, procedural
4 related injury, or a metastatic lesion. A neurosurgeon reviewed the MRI and recommended that
5 Patient A receive Decadron and be admitted to the intensive care unit (ICU).

6 30. Ultimately, while at PLCMMC, Patient A was diagnosed with the following: left-
7 sided hemiparesis; intramedullary hematoma at C2; C1-C3 spinal cord edema; and left
8 diaphragmatic paralysis. Doctors provided Patient A with a treatment plan and she was
9 discharged from PLCMMC on or about June 7, 2019.

10 **Patient B**

11 31. Patient B was a fifty-three (53) year-old man who first presented to Respondent in or
12 about 2015, for pain management. Patient B had a history of neck and back pain, edema,
13 hepatitis C, and hypotension, among other things.

14 32. Respondent treated Patient B through 2017, during which time Patient B was seen by
15 several physicians to address his litany of medical issues.

16 33. Throughout his treatment of Patient B, on or about December 15, 2015, May 25,
17 2016, September 14, 2016, January 6, 2017, and March 14, 2017, Respondent performed trigger
18 point injections to address Patient B's back and shoulder pain.

19 34. Respondent also routinely prescribed Patient B fentanyl² patches at high doses, to
20 address his pain, with concomitant prescriptions for diazepam.³ Respondent also prescribed
21 tramadol, a synthetic opioid analgesic and a Schedule IV controlled substance and a dangerous
22 drug pursuant to Code section 4022, to treat Patient B's pain. Patient B routinely submitted to
23 urine toxicology screenings throughout his treatment with Respondent. Additionally, Respondent
24 communicated with Patient B's other treating physicians regarding his medication regimen and

25 _____
26 ² Fentanyl is a synthetic opioid analgesic used for severe pain. It is 100 times stronger
27 than morphine. It is a Schedule II controlled substance and a dangerous drug pursuant to Code
28 section 4022.

³ Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance used to treat anxiety disorders, and used
with other medications to treat muscle spasms and stiffness. It is a dangerous drug pursuant to
Code section 4022.

1 possible addiction to controlled substances. Accordingly, Respondent knew that Patient B was
2 receiving prescriptions for high dose alprazolam, a benzodiazepine Schedule IV controlled
3 substance and dangerous drug pursuant to Code section 4022.

4 35. On or about March 14, 2017, Respondent had his last appointment with Patient B.
5 During this appointment, they discussed weaning Patient B off narcotics and resources that could
6 assist. Respondent lowered Patient B's fentanyl patch from 50 micrograms per hour to 25
7 micrograms per hour (10 units) and 12 micrograms per hour (10 units).

8 **Patient C**

9 36. Patient C is a thirty-nine (39) year-old woman who was referred to Respondent for
10 pain management.

11 37. On or about October 27, 2021, Respondent performed an initial right-side stellate
12 ganglion block procedure on Patient C.

13 38. On or about November 17, 2021, Patient C signed a consent form for another stellate
14 ganglion block procedure, as well as a consent for the use of nitrous oxide. The consent form
15 identified possible risks of the procedure, including bleeding, infection, cardiac arrest, and death,
16 among other things.

17 39. Prior to the procedure, Respondent administered 3 milliliters of 2% lidocaine (local
18 anesthetic) and 5 milliliters of .5% Marcaine (local anesthetic). Subsequently, Respondent
19 performed a left-side stellate ganglion block under fluoroscopic guidance.

20 40. Following the procedure, Patient C felt nauseous and was administered oxygen.
21 Patient C eventually became unresponsive. Respondent's staff performed CPR until emergency
22 services arrived. Patient C lost her pulse and emergency technicians performed advance cardiac
23 life support measures. Patient C's pulse was regained, she was intubated, and transferred to the
24 intensive care unit at the University of California Los Angeles (UCLA) hospital. It was
25 determined that Patient C suffered cardiac arrest. While at UCLA, the attending physician
26 completed an extensive work-up to rule out potential causes of her cardiac arrest, including a
27 magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of the brain, computerized tomography (CT) of the head and
28 neck, multiple labs, echocardiogram, and toxicology screens.

1 FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

2 (Gross Negligence)

3 41. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2234, subdivision (b),
4 in that Respondent was grossly negligent in his treatment of Patient A. The circumstances are as
5 follows:

6 Patient A

7 42. Complainant hereby re-alleges the facts set forth in paragraphs 25 through 30, above,
8 as though fully set forth.

9 43. According to Respondent's records, during Patient A's May 31, 2019 procedure, a
10 lateral image was obtained to visualize the proposed trajectory towards the C2/3 facet medial
11 branch. The skin and tissue was then anesthetized with 1% lidocaine, creating a skin wheal. A
12 needle was inserted through the skin and directed via fluoroscopic navigation towards the target
13 region. The position of the needle was confirmed by anterior posterior (AP) and lateral
14 fluoroscopic views. Once the needle was in place, confirmation of placement was achieved and a
15 similar procedure was performed at C3/4, C4/5, and C5/6. Radiofrequency was undertaken at
16 each level and the needles were removed.

17 44. The standard of care when performing a radiofrequency ablation is to assess the
18 position of the needles in both an AP view and a lateral view, to ensure the needles are in the
19 proper position and to avoid any critical structures. Additionally, it is the standard of care to
20 document the final needle positions in the two views and save fluoroscopic images.

21 45. Respondent's records noted that the position of the needles were confirmed by AP
22 and lateral views. However, Respondent's records did not include an AP view. Further, the
23 images included in Respondent's records appear to be slightly oblique views and not true lateral
24 views.

25 46. Respondent failed to assess and/or document the needle positions through both a true
26 lateral view and an AP view. As a result, the needle was placed too medial.

27 47. The standard of care when performing a radiofrequency ablation also requires a
28 physician to keep the patient awake, avoiding deep sedation, in order to talk to the patient during

1 stimulation and thermal lesioning. Feedback from patients can be vital to reduce the potential for
2 severe and permanent complications during an interventional procedure.

3 48. Respondent's operative report indicates that monitored anesthesia care was used
4 during the procedure. However, in the Pre-Anesthesia Evaluation records, the anesthesiologist
5 for this case, A.C., indicates that general anesthesia was used during the procedure. The
6 anesthesia records note that a 100 mg bolus of propofol was given at the start of the procedure,
7 followed by a continuous propofol drip for the duration of the procedure.

8 49. The bolus of propofol and continuous propofol drip would cause deep sedation and
9 supports a level of general anesthesia. Additionally, propofol is not recommended for
10 interventional pain procedures because of its potency, which can make a patient unable to
11 communicate when a needle is inadvertently placed incorrectly.

12 50. Respondent's operative report is silent as to whether Patient A was conscious or
13 conversant during the procedure. However, the level of anesthesia documented supports deep
14 sedation. As such, Patient A was unable to provide feedback during the procedure.

15 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

16 **(Repeated Negligent Acts)**

17 51. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2234, subdivision (c),
18 in that Respondent was negligent in his treatment of Patient A, Patient B, and Patient C. The
19 circumstances are as follows:

20 52. The facts and allegations set forth in the First Cause for Discipline are incorporated
21 herein by reference as if fully set forth.

22 53. Each of the alleged acts of gross negligence set forth in the First Cause for Discipline
23 is also a negligent act.

24 **Patient B**

25 54. Complainant hereby re-alleges the facts set forth in paragraphs 31 through 35, above,
26 as though fully set forth.

27 55. The standard of care calls for a prudent pain management physician to be aware of
28 the safe dosing guidelines for the prescribing of opiates with benzodiazepines and the high risk

1 the combination prescribing presented for the patient. At no point in his care of Patient B did
2 Respondent address this concomitant prescribing and the associated risks with Patient B. The
3 combination of opioid analgesic with diazepam was not standard of care by 2016, especially
4 when Patient B was on high dose alprazolam.

5 56. The prescribing of high dose fentanyl and diazepam, while Patient B was also
6 receiving high dose alprazolam from another provider is a departure from the standard of care.

7 57. The standard of care requires routine physical examinations of patients who are
8 taking high-dose opioid analgesic medications in combination with other controlled substances,
9 particularly high-dose benzodiazepines. The standard of care also requires routine urine
10 toxicology screenings and CURES monitoring.

11 58. Even though Respondent conducted routine urine toxicology screenings, during the
12 treatment period of Patient B, there was no indication that Respondent conducted routine physical
13 examinations. This constitutes a departure from the standard of care.

14 **Patient C**

15 59. Complainant hereby re-alleges the facts set forth in paragraphs 36 through 40, above,
16 as though fully set forth.

17 60. The standard of care requires ultrasound guidance when performing a stellate
18 ganglion block, since the collection of nerves in the neck are surrounded by critical soft tissue
19 structures that are only visible under ultrasound guidance. These structures are not visible under
20 fluoroscopic guidance. Ultrasound guidance allows for direct visualization of the needle in real
21 time, so that the critical vascular structures in the neck can be avoided.

22 61. Although cardiac arrest is a known risk of the stellate ganglion block procedure, it
23 could have been avoided if Respondent had performed the procedure under ultrasound guidance.
24 Respondent's failure to do so constitutes a departure from the standard of care.

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1 THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

2 (Incompetence)

3 62. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2234, subdivision (d),
4 in that he demonstrated a lack of knowledge in the care and treatment of Patient A. The
5 circumstances are as follows:

6 63. The facts and allegations set forth in the First Cause for Discipline are incorporated
7 herein by reference as if fully set forth.

8 64. The standard of care when performing a radiofrequency ablation requires the ability
9 to assess and identify any potential complications arising from the procedure.

10 65. Respondent's operative report notes that two cubic centimeters of 1% lidocaine was
11 used to anesthetize Patient A's skin and subcutaneous tissue at each level. Consequently,
12 Respondent believed that Patient A's post-operative symptoms were the result of the local
13 anesthetic exposure, which causes transient numbness and weakness.

14 66. One percent lidocaine has a duration of action of one to two hours. As such, any
15 numbness or weakness experienced by Patient A would have been expected to improve about two
16 hours after the procedure, which they did not. Further, Patient A also experienced numbness and
17 weakness to her lower extremities, which would not be caused by the lidocaine.

18 67. The persistent numbness and weakness, which lasted longer than the duration of
19 lidocaine, and the numbness and weakness to the left leg should have alerted Respondent that
20 Patient A was dealing with a serious complication and not just an effect of the local anesthetic.

21 68. Respondent failed to identify the symptoms in Patient A and timely diagnose the
22 complications, which resulted in patient harm.

23 69. Respondent's acts and/or omissions as set forth in paragraphs 64 through 68, above,
24 whether proven individually, jointly, or in any combination thereof, constitute incompetence
25 pursuant to Code section 2234, subdivision (d). Therefore, cause for discipline exists.

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1 **FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

2 **(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)**

3 70. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2266 in that
4 Respondent failed to maintain accurate records of his care and treatment of Patient A and Patient
5 C.

6 71. The facts and allegations set forth in the First Cause for Discipline in paragraphs 41
7 through 50, above, are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth.

8 72. The facts and allegations set forth in the Second Cause for Discipline in paragraphs
9 59 through 61, above, are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth.

10 73. The standard of care requires a physician to keep timely and accurate medical
11 records. Despite Respondent first treating Patient C on or about October 27, 2021, he did not
12 complete his operative note for the visit until November 22, 2021. This delay between when he
13 performed a procedure and when he completed the required documentation constitutes a
14 departure from the standard of care.

15 **FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

16 **(Unprofessional Conduct)**

17 74. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2234, subdivision (a),
18 in that Respondent engaged in unprofessional conduct. The circumstances are as follows:

19 75. The allegations in the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Causes for Discipline, in
20 paragraphs 41 through 73, above, are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth.

21 **DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS**

22 76. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent,
23 Complainant alleges that on or about August 9, 2018, in a prior disciplinary action titled *In the*
24 *Matter of the Reprimand Against Akash Bajaj, M.D.* before the Medical Board of California, in
25 Case Number 800-2017-029088, Respondent's license was publicly reprimanded for repeated
26 negligent acts and failure to maintain adequate and accurate records. That decision is now final
27 and is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

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PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number A 83927, issued to Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D.;
2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D.'s authority to supervise physician assistants and advanced practice nurses;
3. Ordering Respondent Akash Bajaj, M.D., to pay the Board the costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, and if placed on probation, the costs of probation monitoring; and
4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: OCT 31 2023



REJI VARGHESE
Executive Director
Medical Board of California
Department of Consumer Affairs
State of California
Complainant

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