# BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

Stephen Banister, M.D.

Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23826

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2021-077034

#### DECISION

The attached Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on <u>December 19, 2023</u>.

IT IS SO ORDERED <u>December 12, 2023</u>.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

JENNA JONES POR

Reji Varghese

**Executive Director** 

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1	ROB BONTA			
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ			
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General  MEGAN R. O'CARROLL			
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 215479			
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255			
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-7543			
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-2247 Attorneys for Complainant			
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9	BEFOR			
10	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS			
11	STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA		
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2021-077034		
	STEPHEN BANISTER, M.D.	OAH No. 2023010364		
13	194 Gold Flat Road Nevada City, CA 95959-3237	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF		
14	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G	LICENSE AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER		
15	23826			
16	Respondent.			
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18	AT 10 ADDDD A CTIDI II ATED AND A CD	EED by and between the nexties to the shove-		
19		EED by and between the parties to the above-		
20	entitled proceedings that the following matters are			
21	PAR			
22		xecutive Director of the Medical Board of		
23	California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this			
24	matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Megan R. O'Carroll, Deputy			
25	Attorney General.			
26	2. Stephen Banister, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by attorney.			
27	3. On or about December 15, 1972, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's			
28	Certificate No. G 23826 to Stephen Banister, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's			
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Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2021-077034 and will expire on July 31, 2023, unless renewed.

## **JURISDICTION**

4. Accusation No. 800-2021-077034 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on September 20, 2022. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. A copy of Accusation No. 800-2021-077034 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference.

#### ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2021-077034. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel at his own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

## **CULPABILITY**

- 8. Respondent understands that the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2021-077034, if proven at a hearing, constitute cause for imposing discipline upon his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate.
- 9. For the purpose of resolving the Accusation without the expense and uncertainty of further proceedings, Respondent agrees that, at a hearing, Complainant could establish a factual

basis for the charges in the Accusation and that those charges constitute cause for discipline. Respondent hereby gives up his right to contest that cause for discipline exists based on those charges.

10. Respondent understands that by signing this stipulation he enables the Board to issue an order accepting the surrender of his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate without further process.

#### **CONTINGENCY**

- 11. Business and Professions Code section 2224, subdivision (b), provides, in pertinent part, that the Medical Board "shall delegate to its executive director the authority to adopt a ... stipulation for surrender of a license."
- 12. Respondent understands that, by signing this stipulation, he enables the Executive Director of the Board to issue an order, on behalf of the Board, accepting the surrender of his Physician's Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23862 without further notice to, or opportunity to be heard by, Respondent.
- 13. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order shall be subject to the approval of the Executive Director on behalf of the Board. The parties agree that this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order shall be submitted to the Executive Director for his consideration in the above-entitled matter and, further, that the Executive Director shall have a reasonable period of time in which to consider and act on this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order after receiving it. By signing this stipulation, Respondent fully understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind this stipulation prior to the time the Executive Director, on behalf of the Medical Board, considers and acts upon it.
- 14. The parties agree that this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order shall be null and void and not binding upon the parties unless approved and adopted by the Executive Director on behalf of the Board, except for this paragraph, which shall remain in full force and effect. Respondent fully understands and agrees that in deciding whether or not to approve and adopt this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, the Executive Director and/or the Board may receive oral and written communications from its staff and/or the

Attorney General's Office. Communications pursuant to this paragraph shall not disqualify the Executive Director, the Board, any member thereof, and/or any other person from future participation in this or any other matter affecting or involving respondent. In the event that the Executive Director on behalf of the Board does not, in his discretion, approve and adopt this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, with the exception of this paragraph, it shall not become effective, shall be of no evidentiary value whatsoever, and shall not be relied upon or introduced in any disciplinary action by either party hereto. Respondent further agrees that should this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order be rejected for any reason by the Executive Director on behalf of the Board, Respondent will assert no claim that the Executive Director, the Board, or any member thereof, was prejudiced by its/his/her review, discussion and/or consideration of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order or of any matter or matters related hereto.

## ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- 15. This Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties herein to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final and exclusive embodiment of the agreements of the parties in the above-entitled matter.
- 16. The parties agree that copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order, including copies of the signatures of the parties, may be used in lieu of original documents and signatures and, further, that such copies shall have the same force and effect as originals.
- 17. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree the Executive Director of the Board may, without further notice to or opportunity to be heard by Respondent, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order on behalf of the Board:

#### ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23826, issued to Respondent Stephen Banister, M.D., is surrendered and accepted by the Board.

1. The surrender of Respondent's Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate and the acceptance of the surrendered license by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline

against Respondent. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part of Respondent's license history with the Board.

- Respondent shall lose all rights and privileges as a Physician and Surgeon in
   California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- 3. Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board his pocket license and, if one was issued, his wall certificate on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.
- 4. Respondent shall pay the agency its costs of investigation and enforcement in the amount of \$29,282.50 prior to issuance of a new or reinstated license. The Board shall not grant a new or reinstated license until all cost recovery has been paid in full.
- 5. If Respondent ever files an application for licensure or a petition for reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement. Respondent must comply with all the laws, regulations and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked or surrendered license in effect at the time the petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2021-077034 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board determines whether to grant or deny the petition. Should Respondent seek licensure with any other health care licensing agency in the State of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2021-077034, shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted in such other proceeding.

## **ACCEPTANCE**

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DATED:	8	/16	/2	3	
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STEPHEN BANISTER, M.D.

Respondent

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1	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Stephen Banister, M.D. the terms and			
2	conditions and other matters contained in this Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary			
3	Order. I approve its form and content.			
4	DATED: August 16, 2023	Albert Garcia		
5		Attorney for Respondent		
6				
7	<u>ENDORSEMENT</u>			
8	The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is hereby			
9	respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California of the Department of			
10	Consumer Affairs.			
11	DATED:8/17/2023	Respectfully submitted,		
12		ROB BONTA Attorney General of California		
13		ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
14		M D 01011		
15		Megan R. O'Carroll		
16		MEGAN R. O'CARROLL Deputy Attorney General		
17	·	Attorneys for Complainant		
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19	SA2022300293			
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# Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2021-077034

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	ROB BONTA Attorney General of California STEVEN D. MUNI Supervising Deputy Attorney General MEGAN R. O'CARROLL Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 215479 1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-7543 Facsimile: (916) 327-2247 Attorneys for Complainant  BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
13	·			
15	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2021-077034		
16	STEPHEN BANISTER, M.D. 194 Gold Flat Road	ACCUSATION		
17	Nevada City, CA 95959-3237			
18	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 23826,			
19	Respondent.			
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21				
22	<u>PARTIES</u>			
23	1. William Prasifka (Complainant) bring	1. William Prasifka (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity		
24	as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs			
25	(Board).			
26	2. On or about December 15, 1972, the	2. On or about December 15, 1972, the Medical Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's		
27	Certificate Number G 23826 to Stephen Banister, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and			
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	1			

(STEPHEN BANISTER, M.D.) ACCUSATION NO. 800-2021-077034

Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on July 31, 2023, unless renewed.

## **JURISDICTION**

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2227 of the Code provides that a licensee who is found guilty under the Medical Practice Act may have his or her license revoked, suspended for a period not to exceed one year, placed on probation and required to pay the costs of probation monitoring, or such other action taken in relation to discipline as the Board deems proper.
  - 5. Section 22341 of the Code, states:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (b) Gross negligence.
- (c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- (1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
  - (d) Incompetence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unprofessional conduct under section 2234 of the Code is conduct which breaches the rules or ethical code of the medical profession, or conduct which is unbecoming to a member in good standing of the medical profession, and which demonstrates an unfitness to practice medicine. (Shea v. Board of Medical Examiners (1978) 81 Cal.App.3d 564, 575.).

- 6. Section 2266 of the Code states: The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct.
  - 7. Health and Safety Code section 120370 provides, in pertinent part:
- (a)(1) Prior to January 1, 2021, if the parent or guardian files with the governing authority a written statement by a licensed physician and surgeon to the effect that the physical condition of the child is such, or medical circumstances relating to the child are such, that immunization is not considered safe, indicating the specific nature and probable duration of the medical condition or circumstances, including, but not limited to, family medical history, for which the physician and surgeon does not recommend immunization, that child shall be exempt from the requirements of this chapter, except for Section 120380, and exempt from Sections 120400, 120405, 120410, and 120415 to the extent indicated by the physician and surgeon's statement.
- (2) Commencing January 1, 2020, a child who has a medical exemption issued before January 1, 2020, shall be allowed continued enrollment to any public or private elementary or secondary school, child care center, day nursery, nursery school, family day care home, or developmental center within the state until the child enrolls in the next grade span.

For purposes of this subdivision, "grade span" means each of the following:

- (A) Birth to preschool, inclusive.
- (B) Kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, inclusive, including transitional kindergarten.
- (C) Grades 7 to 12, inclusive.
- (3) Except as provided in this subdivision, on and after July 1, 2021, the governing authority shall not unconditionally admit or readmit to any of those institutions specified in this subdivision, or admit or advance any pupil to 7th grade level, unless the pupil has been immunized pursuant to Section 120335 or the parent or guardian files a medical exemption form that complies with Section 120372.
- (b) If there is good cause to believe that a child has been exposed to a disease listed in subdivision (b) of Section 120335 and the child's documentary proof of immunization status does not show proof of immunization against that disease, that child may be temporarily excluded from

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 the school or institution until the local health officer is satisfied that the child is no longer at risk of developing or transmitting the disease.

- 8. Health and Safety Code section 120372 provides, in pertinent part:
- (a)(1) By January 1, 2021, the department shall develop and make available for use by licensed physicians and surgeons an electronic, standardized, statewide medical exemption certification form that shall be transmitted directly to the department's California Immunization Registry (CAIR) established pursuant to Section 120440. Pursuant to Section 120375, the form shall be printed, signed, and submitted directly to the school or institution at which the child will attend, submitted directly to the governing authority of the school or institution, or submitted to that governing authority through the CAIR where applicable. Notwithstanding Section 120370, commencing January 1, 2021, the standardized form shall be the only documentation of a medical exemption that the governing authority may accept.
  - (2) At a minimum, the form shall require all of the following information:
- (A) The name, California medical license number, business address, and telephone number of the physician and surgeon who issued the medical exemption, and of the primary care physician of the child, if different from the physician and surgeon who issued the medical exemption.
- (B) The name of the child for whom the exemption is sought, the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, and the name and address of the child's school or other institution.
- (C) A statement certifying that the physician and surgeon has conducted a physical examination and evaluation of the child consistent with the relevant standard of care and complied with all applicable requirements of this section.
- (D) Whether the physician and surgeon who issued the medical exemption is the child's primary care physician. If the issuing physician and surgeon is not the child's primary care physician, the issuing physician and surgeon shall also provide an explanation as to why the issuing physician and not the primary care physician is filling out the medical exemption form.
  - (E) How long the physician and surgeon has been treating the child.

(9) Tetanus.

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 (10) Varicella (chickenpox).

- (11) Any other disease deemed appropriate by the department, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States

  Department of Health and Human Services, the American Academy of Pediatrics, and the American Academy of Family Physicians.
- (b) That the persons required to be immunized be allowed to obtain immunizations from whatever medical source they so desire, subject only to the condition that the immunization be performed in accordance with the regulations of the department and that a record of the immunization is made in accordance with the regulations.
  - (c) Exemptions from immunization for medical reasons.
- (d) For the keeping of adequate records of immunization so that health departments, schools, and other institutions, parents or guardians, and the persons immunized will be able to ascertain that a child is fully or only partially immunized, and so that appropriate public agencies will be able to ascertain the immunization needs of groups of children in schools or other institutions.
- (e) Incentives to public health authorities to design innovative and creative programs that will promote and achieve full and timely immunization of children.

#### COST RECOVERY

10. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case, with failure of the licensee to comply subjecting the license to not being renewed or reinstated. If a case settles, recovery of investigation and enforcement costs may be included in a stipulated settlement.

## FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

11. In 2015, in response to decreasing rates of childhood vaccination and increasing rates of childhood diseases, the California Legislature amended Health and Safety Code section 120325 to eliminate personal beliefs as a basis for exemption from required immunizations for

school-aged children. As a result, school-aged children were required to have immunizations for 10 vaccine-preventable childhood illnesses as a condition of school and daycare attendance, with exceptions permitted only for valid medical reasons. It is the standard of care for physicians and surgeons to only provide exemptions for vaccinations for valid medical reasons. The determination of what constitutes a valid medical reason to avoid or delay a vaccine is established by guidelines from the Centers for Disease Control's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP), and the American Academy of Pediatrics.

- 12. In 2021, in order to track exemptions from vaccine-preventable childhood illnesses in schools and daycare centers, California established the California Immunization Registry for Medical Exemptions (CAIR), a database of vaccine exemption status, overseen by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). The CAIR database tracks exemptions issued to patients with a record of the physician issuing the exemption, the type and duration of exemption, and whether the CDPH determined the exemption was medically valid, or whether it was revoked. When the CDPH revokes five or more exemptions from a physician, the CDPH is required to refer the physician to the Board for evaluation as to whether the physician's conduct violated the standard of care, and thus, warrants discipline against the medical license.
- 13. In this case, the CDPH revoked at least 13 separate vaccine exemptions issued by Respondent and consequently referred Respondent's conduct to the Board for evaluation for potential disciplinary action against his license. Respondent is a physician who practices out of his home, under the practice name "Banister Holistic Medicine." Respondent is not Board-certified in any specialty, although he participated in post-graduate training in the field of Family Medicine. In all but one of the patient cases reviewed, the medical records showed that Respondent had only a single visit with each patient, and that he issued the medical exemption on that single visit.
- 14. In all the exemptions Respondent uploaded to the CAIR database, he listed himself as the primary care physician, despite seeing most of the patients on only the single occasion that he issued the exemption. Supplemental records show that Patient 8 has a primary care physician

who is a physician at Kaiser Permanente. On each of the CAIR forms Respondents uploaded to the database, he certified that all of his statements in the form were true and correct.

## Patient 12

- 15. Patient 1 was a three-year-old boy when Respondent saw him for the first and only time on or about March 20, 2019. Respondent documented a brief physical examination as being normal. Respondent further documented that Patient 1 experienced random fevers. Under "assessment," Respondent documented that Patient 1 was generally healthy, with random fevers and family history of vaccine reactions.
- 16. There is a note that appears to refer to a relative of Patient 1, a 19-year-old woman. This may be the positive family history Respondent alluded to in the illegible documentation. It reports that the female relative experienced fevers and immobility as a result of vaccine reactions and a headache/stomach ache after the HPV vaccine, and that the relative's brother has autism. Although Respondent documented that Patient 1, and his relatives, had vaccine reactions, he did not document review of prior medical records for Patient 1 or his relatives that potentially could have provided more information about these vaccine reactions.
- 17. Respondent documented the plan as vaccine exemption. On or about March 20, 2019, Respondent provided a permanent vaccine exemption to polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, Influenza, and COVID vaccines.<sup>3</sup> On or about August 17, 2021, Respondent uploaded this medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 1. In the database, Respondent documented "Other: Siblings with severe vaccine reactions" as the medical basis for exemption for each of these vaccines.
- 18. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 1 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 1 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The patients in this pleading are referred to by numbers in order to protect their privacy. The identity of the patients will be provided to Respondent in discovery.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Covid did not exist on March 20, 2019. Respondent explained in his interview with Board investigators that he added the exemption for Covid and flu vaccines, by handwritten note, after the fact. He did not update the record or exemption to accord with this fact.

- 19. Patient 2 is the sister of Patient 1. She was a two-year-old girl when she saw
  Respondent for the first and only time on March 20, 2019. Respondent documented that she had
  frequent colds. Respondent noted that the examination was normal except for a dark tongue.
  Respondent noted a family history of vaccine reactions, which was the same family history as for
  Patient 1. Again, Respondent did not document review of prior medical records for Patient 2, or
  her relatives, that potentially could have provided more information about these vaccine
  reactions.
- 20. Respondent documented the plan as vaccine exemption. On or about March 20, 2019, Respondent provided a permanent vaccine exemption to polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, Influenza, and Covid vaccines. On or about August 17, 2021, Respondent uploaded this medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 2. In the database, Respondent documented "Other: Siblings with severe vaccine reactions" as the medical basis for exemption for each of these vaccines.
- 21. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 2 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 2 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 3

- 22. Respondent saw Patient 3 on or about May 21, 2019. Respondent documented a family history of lupus, fibromyalgia, irritable bowel syndrome, and lichen sclerosis. Respondent further documented that Patient 3's step-brother had a vaccine reaction that caused fever and immobility for two weeks. Respondent did not document which vaccine caused this reaction, or any review of prior medical records of the step-brother regarding this vaccine reaction, which potentially could have provided more information about the reaction and which vaccine caused it.
- 23. On or about May 21, 2019, Respondent provided Patient 3 with a permanent vaccine exemption for polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, and Influenza

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Covid did not exist on March 20, 2019. Respondent explained in his interview with Board investigators that he added the exemption for covid and flu vaccines, by handwritten note, after the fact. He did not update the record or exemption to accord with this fact.

vaccines. On or about March 31, 2021, Respondent submitted a medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 3 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "Other: vaccine reaction, brother" as the medical basis for the exemption. Respondent saw Patient 3 on one other occasion, on or about May 14, 2021.

24. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 3 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 3 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

## Patient 4

- 25. Patient 4 was a three-year-old girl when she saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about August 28, 2018. Respondent documented a family history of psoriasis, endometriosis, Lyme disease, diabetes, myeloma, and autism spectrum disorder. None of these diseases were reported in any immediate family member. He further documented additional notes about a family member having asthma following a vaccination, although these notes are difficult to read and do not indicate which vaccine this was. On this basis Respondent issued a permanent vaccine exemption for polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, and Tdap vaccines to Patient 4.
- 26. On or about March 31, 2021, Respondent submitted a medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 4 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing vaccine reaction in the family as the medical basis for the exemption.
- 27. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 4 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 4 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 5

28. Patient 5 was a three-year-old boy when he saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about April 2, 2019. The record denotes a lengthy history of various diseases in non-first-degree relatives. None of the diseases or illnesses are related to vaccines except a notation that Patient 5's mother had fever and severe nausea after receiving a vaccine and that an uncle

had anaphylaxis "due to a shot." The notes do not indicate which, if any, vaccines caused a reaction.

- 29. On or about April 2, 2019, Respondent issued a vaccine exemption for Patient 5 for polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, and Influenza vaccines. Respondent cited "three close relatives with severe vaccine reactions" and "family history multiple autoimmune disorders" as the reasons for the exemptions. On or about May 17, 2021, Respondent submitted a medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 5 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "3 close relatives with severe vaccine reactions" as the medical basis for the exemptions.
- 30. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 5 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 5 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 6

- 31. Patient 6 was a two-year-old boy when he saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about May 2, 2019. He was noted to be a healthy child, who had not received any vaccinations. Under "assessment," Respondent documented that Patient 6's brother had experienced a vaccine reaction. The reaction is documented as being a high fever for four days and leg swelling. A secondary reaction is noted as being a speech delay. There is further notation of a family history of seizure disorder and diabetes.
- 32. The assessment notes family history of vaccine reaction in a brother, and the plan indicates "VAX X" (vaccine exemption). On or about May 2, 2019, Respondent issued a permanent vaccine exemptions for Patient 6 for polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, and Influenza vaccines. Respondent cited "patient and family medical history" as the reason for the exemptions.
- 33. On or about April 17, 2021, Respondent submitted a medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 6 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "sibling with severe vaccine reactions" as the medical basis for the exemptions.

34. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 6 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 6 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 7

- 35. Patient 7 is the brother of Patient 6. He was a three-year-old boy when he saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about May 2, 2019. Patient 7 was noted to have a speech delay and a history of left-sided hydronephrosis.<sup>5</sup> He was further noted to have had a reaction to a vaccine causing a fever for several days and swelling to his leg. His family history was positive for seizure disorder and diabetes.
- 36. On or about May 2, 2019, Respondent issued a permanent, blanket vaccine exemption to Patient 7 with the reason documented as "patient and family medical history." On or about January 26, 2021, Respondent submitted a medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 7 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "prior vaccine reactions" as the reason.
- 37. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 7 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 7 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 8

38. Patient 8 was a three-year-old girl when she saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about October 17, 2019. She was noted to have been healthy until her brother was born the previous year, and that she had been "sick a lot" after that. A family history of fibrous dysplasia as well as irritable bowel syndrome and obsessive compulsive disorder is noted. Under "Family History" Respondent referred to an attachment to the medical records. This attachment contains a lengthy medical history of grandparents, aunts and uncles who were "vaccine damaged." These vaccine injuries are reported to have been cerebral palsy, sweats, convulsions, joint swelling, and pain. A great-aunt was noted to have a vaccine reaction that "sent her to ICU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hydronephrosis is the swelling of a kidney, which can prevent urine from draining to the bladder.

for 4 weeks and almost died." The specific vaccines and reactions are not noted except for the maternal grandmother's reaction.

- 39. On or about October 17, 2019, Respondent provided permanent vaccine exemptions for Patient 8 for polio, DTap, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, and Influenza vaccines. Respondent cited "family history multiple autoimmune disorders" as well as "patient and family medical history—patient has chronic illness, four immediate family with severe vaccine reactions" as the reasons for the exemptions. However, the records show that the family members with reported vaccine reactions are not immediate family members of Patient 8, and Respondent did not determine which vaccines had caused the reactions other than that the Rubella vaccine affected the maternal grandmother.
- 40. On or about February 12, 2021, Respondent submitted a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 8 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "four immediate family with severe vaccine reactions" as the medical basis for the exemptions.
- 41. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 8 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 8 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 9

42. Patient 9 was 2-year-old girl when she saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about April 13, 2019. Respondent documented that Patient 9 was "very healthy", but that her brother had experienced a vaccine reaction to the Dtap and rotavirus vaccines in which he was lethargic and sick on the day of the vaccination, with a rash and unhappy for the following three days. Respondent characterized this reaction as "a severe vaccine reaction" in the medical notes, although this does not constitute a severe reaction within the meaning of the guidelines issued by the ACIP and the American Academy of Pediatrics. An attached document lists that an uncle had an "anaphylactic reaction to MMR vaccine," but there are no additional records of this reaction. The list further contains a summary of various health conditions without reference to vaccines in other family members. The family history of vaccine reactions are not contraindications to

vaccination, nor are the medical issues in the family. In his assessment, Respondent documented that Patient 9's brother had a vaccine reaction, and that the plan is to issue a vaccine exemption to Patient 9.

- 43. On or about April 3, 2019, Respondent provided permanent vaccine exemptions for polio, DTaP, MMR, HIB, Hepatitis B, Varicella, Tdap, HPV, and Influenza vaccines to Patient 9. On or about December 12, 2021, Respondent uploaded a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 9, for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "severe vaccine reactions in two close family members" as the medical basis for the exemptions
- 44. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 9 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 9 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 10

- 45. Patient 10 was a 10-year-old boy when he saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about December 18, 2019. Respondent documents that Patient 10 had not received vaccines or experienced any vaccine reactions. Records are present from another medical provider who had issued Patient 10 a vaccine exemption previously, but that provider had not indicated a medical reason for the exemption. Respondent documented that Patient 10's mother, aunt and uncle had experienced a rash and fever from vaccines in the past. The specific vaccines are not documented. There is no further medical records or follow up information on those reactions. Respondent's health history is documented to include that Patient 10 had a history of various symptoms including speech delay, insomnia, hyperactivity and mucus. Respondent documented a family history of autoimmune disorders including celiac disease, multiple sclerosis, psoriasis, and rheumatoid arthritis in unspecified relatives.
- 46. Respondent issued a permanent vaccine exemption for Patient 10 on or about December 18, 2019, for "chronic complex illness," "patient and family medical history –3 close relatives with vaccine reactions," and "family history of multiple autoimmune diseases."

- 47. On or about March 6, 2021, Respondent submitted a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 10 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing chronic complex illness of the patient and family, and three close relatives with vaccine reactions as the basis for the medical exemption.
- 48. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 10 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 10 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 11

- 49. Patient 11 was a three-year-old girl when she saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about August 20, 2019. In her family history Respondent noted that her father had had a fever after a vaccination, possibly at age 14, which resulted in and emergency room visit. Her father was further noted to have psoriasis, and her mother to have granuloma annulare. Respondent's assessment of Patient 11 included a family history of autoimmune disorders and vaccine reaction. The plan was determined to be a vaccine exemption.
- 50. On or about August 20, 2019, Respondent issued a permanent vaccine exemption for Patient 11 for all vaccines based on "patient and family medical history." On or about February 9, 2021, Respondent submitted a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 11 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "severe vaccine reaction, parent" as the medical basis for the exemption.
- 51. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 11 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 11 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patient 12

52. Patient 12 is a female patient born in 2011. Respondent issued a vaccine exemption to Patient 12 on or about April 25, 2017. As of October of 2021, Respondent did not maintain any medical records for Patient 12 apart from the exemption itself. The stated reason for the 2017 exemption was "family history of autoimmune disease" and "family history of allergic reaction to multiple vaccines."

- 53. On or about June 1, 2021, Respondent submitted a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 12 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines stating the medical basis for the exemption as "vaccine reactions."
- 54. Respondent's lack of medical records for Patient 12 renders his vaccine exemption to Patient 12 lacking any documented support or medical rationale for the exemption.

#### Patient 13

- 55. Patient 13 was a 10-year-old girl when she saw Respondent for the first and only time on or about August 17, 2021. Respondent documented an unremarkable examination. Under assessment he documented that Patient 13 has a family history of vaccine reaction to the rotavirus vaccine from her mother. Although in rare cases, a severe vaccine reaction in patient's mother would be a contraindication or precaution to a specific vaccine, Respondent did not document review of prior medical records for the patient's mother or state the specific nature of vaccine reaction other than documenting that it was "severe" and there were "residuals."
- 56. On or about August 17, 2021, Respondent issued a permanent vaccine exemption to Patient 13 for all vaccines based on "mother with severe vaccine reaction plus residuals." Respondent added a handwritten note to the exemption referencing covid-19, without updating the date on the document. On or about August 31, 2021, Respondent submitted a permanent medical exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 13 for the DTaP, HepB, Hib, IPV, MMR, Tdap, and VAR/VZV vaccines, citing "severe vaccine reaction, parent" as the medical basis for the exemption.
- 57. Respondent did not document a history in Patient 13 that would support a medical exemption to any single vaccine. Respondent provided permanent medical exemptions for all of the routine childhood vaccines to Patient 13 without sufficient medical rationale for doing so.

#### Patients 14, 15, and 16

58. The CAIR database maintained by the CDPH shows that Respondent issued permanent vaccine exemptions for at least three additional patients beyond the 13 patients described in detail above. On or about March 22, 2021, Respondent uploaded a vaccine exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 14, a child born on April 22, 2009. On or about

February 12, 2021, Respondent uploaded a vaccine exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 15, a child born on November 9, 2015. On or about March 6, 2021, Respondent uploaded a vaccine exemption to the CAIR database for Patient 16, a child born on December 15, 2013.

59. Respondent failed to maintain any medical records for Patients 14, 15, and 16. During his interview with Board investigators, Respondent stated that he provided the records for these three patients to their guardians and did not maintain his own copy of the records.

## FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## (Gross Negligence, Repeated Negligent Acts, Incompetence)

- 60. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2234 and/or 2234(b) and/or 2234(c) and/or 2234(d) in that he engaged in unprofessional conduct and was grossly negligent and/or repeatedly negligent and/or incompetent in his care and treatment of Patients 1 through 16.
- 61. Paragraphs 11 through 59, above, are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth here.
- 62. Respondent was grossly and or repeatedly negligent and incompetent in his care and treatment of Patients 1 through 16 for his acts and omissions including, but not limited to, the following:
- a. Providing permanent medical exemptions for multiple vaccines to Patients 1 through 13 without a valid reason to do so;
- b. Providing inadequate documentation to support permanent medical exemptions for multiple vaccines to Patients 1 through 11 and 13;
  - c. Failing to maintain any records for Patient 12 beyond the exemption itself;
  - d. Failing to maintain any records at all for Patients 14, 15, and 16;
- e. Listing family history of autoimmune disorders, and other non-vaccine linked conditions such as autism and cerebral palsy, as a valid medical reason to exempt patients from vaccination;
- f. Considering minor vaccine reactions such as fever, transient behavior changes, headache, rash, nausea, local swelling or pain, and abdominal pain as reasons to exempt a child from vaccination, whether those reactions occurred in an immediate or extended family member;

SA2022300293

## **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number G 23826, issued to Stephen Banister, M.D.;
- 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Stephen Banister, M.D.'s authority to supervise physician assistants and advanced practice nurses;
- 3. Ordering Stephen Banister, M.D., to pay the Board the costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, and if placed on probation, the costs of probation monitoring; and
  - 5. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:	SEP	20	ZUZZ	

WILLIAM PRASIFKA Executive Director

Medical Board of California

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California
Complainant