BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ln '	the	Matter	of	the A	Accus	ation	Against:
------	-----	--------	----	-------	-------	-------	----------

Hooshang Tabibian, M.D.

Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 40845

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2022-092780

DECISION

The attached Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on June 22, 2023.

IT IS SO ORDERED June 15, 2023.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Reji Varghese

Interim Executive Director

1	ROB BONTA							
2	Attorney General of California ROBERT MCKIM BELL							
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General WENDY WIDLUS							
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 82958							
5	California Department of Justice 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702							
6	Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 269-6457							
7	Facsimile: (916) 731-2117 E-mail: Wendy.Widlus@doj.ca.gov							
8	Attorneys for Complainant							
9	. BEFORE THE							
10	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS							
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA							
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 800-2022-092780							
13	HOOSHANG TABIBIAN, M.D.							
14	11611 San Vicente Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90049 STIPULATED SURRENDER OF							
15	LICENSE AND ORDER							
16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate							
17	Number A 40845 Respondent.							
18								
19								
20	In the interest of a prompt and speedy settlement of this matter, consistent with the public							
21	interest and the responsibility of the Medical Board of California of the Department of Consumer							
22	Affairs, the parties hereby agree to the following Stipulated Surrender and Disciplinary Order							
23	which will be submitted to the Board for approval and adoption as the final disposition of the							
24	Accusation No. 800-2022-092780.							
25	<u>PARTIES</u>							
26	1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Interim Executive Director of the Medical Board							
27	of California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in							
20	this matter by Rob Ronta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Wendy Widlus, Denuty							

//

Attorney General.

- 2. Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by attorney Derek F. O'Reilly-Jones, whose address is: Bonne Bridges Mueller O'Keefe & Nichols Los Angeles, 355 South Grand Ave., Ste. 1750, Los Angeles, CA 90071-1562.
- 3. On or about May 21, 1984, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 40845 to Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2022-092780 and will expire on September 20, 2023, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

4. Accusation No. 800-2022-092780 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on February 17, 2023. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation No. 800-2022-092780. A copy of Accusation No. 800-2022-092780 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2022-092780. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

- 8. Respondent admits the truth of each and every charge and allegation in Accusation No. 800-2022-092780, agrees that cause exists for discipline and hereby surrenders his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 40845 for the Board's formal acceptance.
- 9. Respondent understands that by signing this stipulation he enables the Board to issue an order accepting the surrender of his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate without further process.

CONTINGENCY

- 10. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and surrender, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Surrender and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 11. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 12. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Order:

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 40845, issued to Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., is surrendered and accepted by the Board.

1. The surrender of Respondent's Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate and the acceptance of the surrendered license by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline against Respondent. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part

of Respondent's license history with the Board.

- Respondent shall lose all rights and privileges as a Physician and Surgeon in California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board his pocket license and, if one was 3. issued, his wall certificate on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.
- If Respondent ever files an application for licensure or a petition for reinstatement in 4. the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement. Respondent must comply with all the laws, regulations and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked or surrendered license in effect at the time the petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2022-092780 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board determines whether to grant or deny the petition.
- Respondent shall pay the agency its costs of investigation and enforcement in the 5. amount of \$32,783.25 prior to filing a petition for a reinstated license or submitting an application for the issuance of a new or a reinstated license.
- If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for a new license or certification, or 6. petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care licensing agency in the State of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2022-092780, shall be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by Respondent for the purpose of any Statement of Issues or any other proceeding seeking to deny or restrict licensure.

 $/\!/$

//

 II_{\cdot}

23

24

25

26

27

ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney Derek F. O'Reilly-Jones. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DATED: 5/24-23 HOOSHANG TABIBIAN, M.D. Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. the terms and conditions and other matters contained in this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 06/05/2023 Derek O'Reilly-Jones

DEREK F. O'REILLY-JONES

Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California of the Department of Consumer Affairs.

DATED: June 6, 2023 Respectfully submitted,

ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
ROBERT MCKIM BELL
Supervising Deputy Attorney General

Wendy Widlus

WENDY WIDLUS
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

LA2022603627 65945514.docx

Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2022-092780

	1)								
1	ROB BONTA								
2	Attorney General of California ROBERT MCKIM BELL								
·3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General WENDY WIDLUS								
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 82958								
5	California Department of Justice 300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702								
6	Los Angeles, California 90013 Telephone: (213) 269-6457								
7	Facsimile: (916) 731-2117 E-mail: Wendy.Widlus@doj.ca.gov								
8	Attorneys for Complainant BEFORE THE								
9	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA								
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA								
11									
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2022-092780							
13	HOOSHANG TABIBIAN, M.D.	ACCUSATION							
14	11611 San Vicente Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90049-5106	. •							
15 16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 40845,	·							
17	Respondent.								
18									
	·								
19	D A DO	erro							
20	PART								
21	1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Deputy Director of the Medical Board of								
22	California (Board). He brought this action solely in his official capacity and is represented in this								
23	matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the State of California, by Wendy Widlus, Deputy								
24	Attorney General.								
25	2. On May 21, 1984, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number A								
26	40845 to Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. (Respondent). That license was in full force and effect at all								
27	times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on September 30, 2023, unless								
28	renewed.								
	1								

JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Section 2001.1 of the Code states:

Protection of the public shall be the highest priority for the Medical Board of California in exercising its licensing, regulatory, and disciplinary functions. Whenever the protection of the public is inconsistent with other interests sought to be promoted, the protection of the public shall be paramount.

5. Section 2004 of the Code states:

The board shall have the responsibility for the following:

- (a) The enforcement of the disciplinary and criminal provisions of the Medical Practice Act.
 - (b) The administration and hearing of disciplinary actions.
- (c) Carrying out disciplinary actions appropriate to findings made by a panel or an administrative law judge.
- (d) Suspending, revoking, or otherwise limiting certificates after the conclusion of disciplinary actions.
- (e) Reviewing the quality of medical practice carried out by physician and surgeon certificate holders under the jurisdiction of the board.
 - (f) Approving undergraduate and graduate medical education programs.
- (g) Approving clinical clerkship and special programs and hospitals for the programs in subdivision (f).
 - (h) Issuing licenses and certificates under the board's jurisdiction.
 - (i) Administering the board's continuing medical education program.
- 6. Section 2227 of the Code states:
- (a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
 - (1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.
 - (2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one

(d) Taking such other action in relation to the licentiate as the licensing agency in its discretion deems proper.

The licensing section shall not reinstate a revoked or suspended certificate or license until it has received competent evidence of the absence or control of the condition which caused its action and until it is satisfied that with due regard for the public health and safety the person's right to practice his or her profession may be safely reinstated.

10. Section 11529 of the Government Code states:

- (a) The administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel established pursuant to Section 11371 may issue an interim order suspending a license, imposing drug testing, continuing education, supervision of procedures, limitations on the authority to prescribe, furnish, administer, or dispense controlled substances, or other license restrictions. Interim orders may be issued only if the affidavits in support of the petition show that the licensee has engaged in, or is about to engage in, acts or omissions constituting a violation of the Medical Practice Act or the appropriate practice act governing each allied health profession, or is unable to practice safely due to a mental or physical condition, and that permitting the licensee to continue to engage in the profession for which the license was issued will endanger the public health, safety, or welfare. The failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to Section 820 of the Business and Professions Code may constitute grounds to issue an interim suspension order under this section.
- (b) All orders authorized by this section shall be issued only after a hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision (d), unless it appears from the facts shown by affidavit that serious injury would result to the public before the matter can be heard on notice. Except as provided in subdivision (c), the licensee shall receive at least 15 days' prior notice of the hearing, which notice shall include affidavits and all other information in support of the order.
- (c) If an interim order is issued without notice, the administrative law judge who issued the order without notice shall cause the licensee to be notified of the order, including affidavits and all other information in support of the order by a 24-hour delivery service. That notice shall also include the date of the hearing on the order, which shall be conducted in accordance with the requirement of subdivision (d), not later than 20 days from the date of issuance. The order shall be dissolved unless the requirements of subdivision (a) are satisfied.
- (d) For the purposes of the hearing conducted pursuant to this section, the licentiate shall, at a minimum, have the following rights:
 - (1) To be represented by counsel.
- (2) To have a record made of the proceedings, copies of which may be obtained by the licentiate upon payment of any reasonable charges associated with the record.
- (3) To present written evidence in the form of relevant declarations, affidavits, and documents.

The discretion of the administrative law judge to permit testimony at the hearing conducted pursuant to this section shall be identical to the discretion of a superior court judge to permit testimony at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 527 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

- (4) To present oral argument.
- (e) Consistent with the burden and standards of proof applicable to a preliminary injunction entered under Section 527 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the administrative law judge shall grant the interim order if, in the exercise of discretion,
- (1) There is a reasonable probability that the petitioner will prevail in the
- (2) The likelihood of injury to the public in not issuing the order outweighs the
- (f) In all cases in which an interim order is issued, and an accusation or petition to revoke probation is not filed and served pursuant to Sections 11503 and 11505 within 30 days of the date on which the parties to the hearing on the interim order

Upon service of the accusation or petition to revoke probation the licensee shall have, in addition to the rights granted by this section, all of the rights and privileges available as specified in this chapter. If the licensee requests a hearing on the accusation, the board shall provide the licensee with a hearing within 30 days of the request, unless the licensee stipulates to a later hearing, and a decision within 15 days of the date the decision is received from the administrative law judge, or the board shall nullify the interim order previously issued, unless good cause can be shown by

- (g) If an interim order is issued, a written decision shall be prepared within 15 days of the hearing, by the administrative law judge, including findings of fact and a conclusion articulating the connection between the evidence produced at the hearing
- (h) Notwithstanding the fact that interim orders issued pursuant to this section are not issued after a hearing as otherwise required by this chapter, interim orders so issued shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The relief that may be ordered shall be limited to a stay of the interim order. Interim orders issued pursuant to this section are final interim orders and, if not dissolved pursuant to subdivision (c) or (f), may only be challenged
- (1) In addition to, and not a limitation on, the authority to seek injunctive relief
- (2) A limitation on the emergency decision procedure provided in Article 13
- (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the

administrative law judge may direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

- (b) In the case of a disciplined licensee that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.
- (c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.
- (d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licensee to pay costs.
- (f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.
- (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid costs.
- (h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- (i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.
- (j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative disciplinary proceeding.

DEFINITIONS

12. The American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental

Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5) is used to diagnose and classify mental disorders. It is compiled by international experts in all aspects of mental health and is used to diagnose and classify mental disorders. This work is the authoritative resource practitioners use to define and classify mental disorders to improve diagnoses, treatment, and research.

13. According to the DSM-5, Mild Neurocognitive Disorder is defined by a noticeable decrement (i.e., reduction) in cognitive functioning that goes beyond normal changes seen in aging. Mild neurocognitive disorder typically presents as a marked decline in cognitive functioning and significant impairment in cognitive performance. Mild neurocognitive disorder should be referred for standardized neuropsychological testing and is diagnosed based on evidence of cognitive decline and reduction in performance of cognitive tasks. The test results should be compared with those deemed normal for the age, educational level, and cultural background of the patient.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 14. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 822 of the Code in that he is unable to practice his profession safely because his ability to practice is impaired due to mental illness, or physical illness affecting his competency. The circumstances are as follows:
- 15. On January 26, 2017, the Superior Court of Los Angeles issued an Order prohibiting the Respondent's practice of medicine. On August 29, 2018, the Board filed an Accusation against Respondent, and on October 4, 2018, the Board filed a First Amended Accusation Case No. 800-2015-016954 against Respondent. The following factual circumstances in paragraphs 16 through 18 support these actions.
- 16. The Respondent was employed as a physician by a medical spa practice to examine patients seeking various medical procedures, including filler injections, laser hair removal, laser vascular treatment, vascular treatment, sclerotherapy injection for varicose veins, and acne treatment. Each of these procedures is defined as the practice of medicine and requires a physician to provide the treatments instead of an unlicensed person. After Respondent examined patients, he referred them to an unlicensed cosmetologist at the medical spa practice who performed the medical procedures required to be performed by a licensed physician and surgeon.

- 17. As a result of Respondent's referral of patients to an unlicensed person, it was alleged in the First Amended Accusation in case number 800-2015-016954 that Respondent aided and abetted the unlicensed practice of medicine, committed gross negligence, repeated negligent acts, dishonest or corrupt acts, and unprofessional conduct.
- 18. On October 18, 2019, while represented by counsel, Respondent entered prima facie admissions to all of the charges alleged in the First Amended Accusation in Case No. 800-2015-016954.
- 19. On December 13, 2019, the Board's Decision In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation in Case No. 800-2015-016954 became effective. The Decision placed Respondent on five years' probation under certain terms and conditions that were explained to and accepted by Respondent.
- 20. Due to COVID-19 restrictions, Respondent's original probation inspector conducted phone interviews of Respondent to discuss his compliance with the terms and conditions of his probation in the above matter. On May 20, 2022, Respondent's new Board probation inspector went to Respondent's office and conducted her first quarterly probation interview with Respondent.
- 21. During the new probation inspector's interview with Respondent, the inspector became concerned about Respondent's cognitive ability as Respondent appeared to her to be "confused, slow of speech, slow to answer. . ." The inspector noticed Respondent was having a hard time understanding her questions, took a long time to answer her questions, and spoke very slowly when he did respond. The inspector was not aware that any previous similar issues had occurred with Respondent during his probationary period.
- 22. Respondent struggled to answer the inspector's question about whether he had completed his community service hours.
- 23. The inspector thought it was very odd that Respondent could not remember doing his community service as it was a major requirement of his probation, and he had allegedly finished it very quickly, completing twelve hours of community service a week during a three-month period in 2021.

- 24. Probation records indicated Respondent completed one hundred and fifty hours of community service from August 5, 2021, to October 28, 2021, in six-hour blocks every Tuesday and Thursday.
- 25. The inspector specifically asked Respondent if he had performed the community service required by his probation. Respondent stated he had not and did not know why. The inspector spoke with Respondent's office manager and asked if Respondent had performed his community service. Respondent's office manager said Respondent had, in fact, completed all of his community service and that she would provide documentation to the inspector. When the inspector again asked Respondent if he remembered doing any community service during the last year, he stated he did not remember doing any community service.
- 26. Respondent ultimately agreed to be examined by a psychiatrist. On October 24, 2022, the psychiatrist retained by the Board to conduct the voluntary mental examination of Respondent examined Respondent at the psychiatrist's office to determine whether he exhibited any condition which could interfere with his ability to practice medicine safely. Subsequently, the psychiatrist prepared a report expressing his views regarding the diagnosis of Respondent, based upon his examination.
- 27. According to the psychiatrist's report, the examination of Respondent was comprised of a clinical interview, psychological testing, the psychiatrist's direct observations, and a review of records. Following the examination, the psychiatrist believed that Respondent did not need to undergo a physical examination to rule out a physical illness.
- 28. However, the psychiatrist did conclude that the Respondent met the criteria for the diagnosis of Mild Neurocognitive Disorder under the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, 5th Edition (DSM-5). Respondent's neurocognitive disorder diagnosis meant Respondent's cognitive domains of complex attention, learning and memory, language, and social cognition are affected by this disorder. Consequently, the psychiatrist opined Respondent is unable to practice medicine safely at this time due to the neurocognitive disorder. Therefore, his continued practice of medicine poses a danger to public health, welfare, and safety.
 - 29. Based on the above facts on January 13, 2023, the Board filed a petition for issuance

of an Interim Suspension Order (ISO petition) pursuant to Government Code section 11529, with the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) in Los Angeles.

- 30. On February 3, 2023, the ISO petition was heard via videoconference by OAH Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) Julie Cabos-Owen. Deputy Attorney General (DAG) Widlus, represented Petitioner and attorney Derek O'Reilly-Jones represented Respondent.
- 31. The ALJ read and considered both sides' filed papers supporting and opposing the ISO petition, heard testimony from the Board's expert psychiatrist, and argument from both sides at the noticed hearing which was then submitted on February 3, 2023.
- 32. On February 8, 2023, the ALJ's Order granting the Board's ISO petition was issued. In the ALJ's Order the ALJ found that Respondent's expert's materials recommended Respondent undergo a PET/MRI of his brain to help determine any intracranial and functional abnormalities that would explain his Major Neurocognitive Disorder; undergo a full physical examination to further assess his health status; should undergo peer review, now and every three months until he retires from his practice; review of a random proportion of his charts, and reduce his patient volume down to 50% of his prior practice.
- 33. The ALJ found that Respondent's expert's materials did not adequately explain how these recommendations would ensure Respondent could practice medicine safely, despite Respondent's cognitive impairment and likely continued decline.
- 34. The ALJ found that the Board's expert psychiatrist testified credibly at the hearing when he opined that Respondent's expert's materials and recommendations of chart review and reduced patient volume are insufficient to protect public safety. The Board's expert psychiatrist noted that periodic chart review is focused on proper recordkeeping and cannot necessarily detect whether a physician is practicing safely. The Board's expert psychiatrist also noted that, given Respondent's cognitive decline, reducing his patient volume to even one percent does not make patients safer and insisted Respondent's patient case load should be zero because he cannot safely practice medicine
- 35. In the ALJ's Order granting the Board's ISO petition, the ALJ stated that both evaluators diagnosed Respondent with mild cognitive impairment and that given the consensus

regarding Respondent's mental condition and its effect on his ability to practice medicine safely, there is a reasonable probability that Petitioner will prevail in the underlying action.

- 36. In the ALJ's Order granting the Board's ISO petition, the ALJ stated that the evidence established the likelihood of injury to the public in not issuing an interim order outweighs the likelihood of injury to the licensee in issuing an interim order of suspension.
- 37. In the ALJ's Order granting the Board's ISO petition, the ALJ stated under the applicable law the Board is not required to wait until actual patient harm occurs and therefore the issuance of the interim order of suspension is necessitated by the Board's priority of public protection.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Mental Illness or Physical Illness Affecting Competence)

(Bus. & Prof. Code, § 822)

- 38. Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action under section 822 of the Code in that Respondent is unable to practice his profession safely because his ability to practice medicine is impaired due to mental illness, or physical illness affecting competency. The circumstances are as follows:
- 39. The complainant re-alleges paragraphs 14 through 37, inclusive above, as incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conduct Warranting Denial of a Certificate)

(Bus. & Prof. Code, § 2234, subd. (f))

- 40. Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action under Code section under section 2234, subdivision (f), in that he engaged in action or conduct that would have warranted the denial of a certificate. The circumstances are as follows:
- 41. Complainant re-alleges paragraphs 14 through 37, inclusive above, as incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS

3 4 5

6 7

8 9 10

11

12

13 14

15 16

17 18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

28

- 42. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., Complainant alleges that on January 26, 2017, in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County, in Case No. GD02106, the Court granted an order sought by the Board under Penal Code Section 23, and prohibited Respondent from practicing medicine in California, as a condition of bail.
- To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., Complainant alleges that on August 29, 2018, the Board filed an accusation against Respondent (In the Matter of the Accusation Against Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., Case No. 800-2015-016954.)
- To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., Complainant alleges that on October 4, 2018, the Board filed a first amended accusation against the Respondent. (In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation Against Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., Case No. 800-2015-016954.) On November 13, 2019, the Board issued a Decision that revoked Respondent's license, stayed the revocation, and placed Respondent on five years' probation under various terms and conditions. (In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation Against Hooshang Tabibian, M.D., case no. 800-2015-016954.) That decision is now final and is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

//

//