BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation Against:

Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D.

Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610

Respondent.

Case No. 800-2018-048464

DECISION

The attached Stipulated Surrender of License and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on May 05, 2023.

IT IS SO ORDERED April 28, 2023.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Reji Varghese

Interim Executive Director

1	ROB BONTA		
2	Attorney General of California		
	ROBERT MCKIM BELL Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
3	WENDY WIDLUS Deputy Attorney General		
4	State Bar No. 82958		
5	California Department of Justice 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702		
6	Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 269-6457		
7	Facsimile: (916) 731-2117 E-mail: Wendy.Widlus@doj.ca.gov		
8	Attorneys for Complainant	La portion	
	BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA		
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
10	STATE OF G	ALIFORNIA	
11	The state of the s	limati — p	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation/Petition to Revoke Probation Against:	Case No. 800-2018-048464	
13	ROBERTO HERNANDEZ MARIANO, M.D.	OAH No. 2022090632	
	5022 Gateway Rd Alta Loma, CA 91701-1403	STIPULATED SURRENDER OF	
14		LICENSE AND ORDER	
1.5	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610		
16	Respondent.		
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19	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AG	REED by and between the parties to the above-	
20	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:		
21	PARTIES		
22	1. Reji Varghese (Complainant) is the Interim Executive Director of the Medical Board		
23	of California (Board). He is represented in this matter by Rob Bonta, Attorney General of the		
24	State of California, by Wendy Widlus, Deputy Attorney General.		
25	2. Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by		
26	attorney William C. Fleming, Jr., whose address is: 950 East 3rd Street, Suite 2631, Los Angeles,		
27	CA 90013.		
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3. On March 10, 1992, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610 to Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. (Respondent). That license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation/Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464 and will expire on July 31, 2023, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

4. The Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464 was filed before the Board on October 17, 2018. The First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation was filed before the Board on September 1, 2022, and is currently pending against Respondent. The First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on September 1, 2022. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation. A copy of the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464 is attached as Exhibit A and is incorporated by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464. Respondent also has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

- 8. Respondent admits the truth of each and every charge and allegation in the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464, agrees that cause exists for discipline and hereby surrenders his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610 for the Board's formal acceptance.
- 9. Respondent understands that by signing this stipulation he enables the Board to issue an order accepting the surrender of his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate without further process.

CONTINGENCY

- 10. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Board. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Board may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and surrender, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Surrender and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 11. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 12. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Order:

ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610, issued to Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D., is surrendered and accepted by the Board.

1. The surrender of Respondent's Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate and the

acceptance of the surrendered license by the Board shall constitute the imposition of discipline against Respondent. This stipulation constitutes a record of the discipline and shall become a part of Respondent's license history with the Board.

- 2. Respondent shall lose all rights and privileges as a physician in California as of the effective date of the Board's Decision and Order.
- 3. Respondent shall cause to be delivered to the Board his pocket license and, if one was issued, his wall certificate on or before the effective date of the Decision and Order.
- 4. If Respondent ever files an application for licensure or a petition for reinstatement in the State of California, the Board shall treat it as a petition for reinstatement. Respondent must comply with all the laws, regulations and procedures for reinstatement of a revoked or surrendered license in effect at the time the petition is filed, and all of the charges and allegations contained in the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464 shall be deemed to be true, correct and admitted by Respondent when the Board determines whether to grant or deny the petition.
- 5. Respondent shall pay the agency its costs of investigation and enforcement in the amount of \$13,965 prior to issuance of a new or reinstated license.
- 6. If Respondent should ever apply or reapply for a new license or certification, or petition for reinstatement of a license, by any other health care licensing agency in the State of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in the First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation, No. 800-2018-048464 shall be deemed to be true, correct, and admitted by Respondent for the purpose of any Statement of Issues or any other proceeding seeking to deny or restrict licensure.

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ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Surrender of License and Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney William C. Fleming, Jr. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Surrender of License and Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DATED: 3-20-23

ROBERTO HERNANDEZ MARIANO,

M.D.

Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. the terms and conditions and other matters contained in this Stipulated Surrander of License and

Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 3-20-23

WILLIAM C. FLEMING, IR. Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Surrender of License and Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California of the Department of Consumer Affairs.

DATED: March 21, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

ROB BONTA
Attorney General of California
ROBERT MCKIM BELL
Supervising Deputy Attorney General

Wendy Widlus

WENDY WIDLUS
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

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Exhibit A

First Amended Accusation and Petition to Revoke Probation No. 800-2018-048464

1	XAVIER BECERRA Attorney General of California	•	
2	ROBERT MCKIM BELL		
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General VLADIMIR SHALKEVICH		
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 173955		
.5			
6	Los Angeles, California 90013		
7	Facsimile: (213) 897-9395		
8	Attorneys for Complainant		
9	BEFORE THE		
	DEDADTMENT OF CONSTRAIN A FEW IDS		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11	In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation		
12	and Petition to Revoke Probation Against:	Case No. 800-2018-048464	
13	ROBERTO HERNANDEZ MARIANO, M.D. 13701 Riverside Drive, Ste 406	FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION AND PETITION TO REVOKE	
14	Sherman Oaks, CA 91423-2448	PROBATION	
15	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 73610,		
16 17	Respondent.	·	
18	Complainant alleges:		
19	PARTI	<u>es</u>	
20	1. William Prasifka (Complainant) brings this First Amended Accusation and Petition to		
21	Revoke Probation (Petition) solely in his official capacity as the Executive Director of the		
22	Medical Board of California (Board).		
23	2. On March 10, 1992, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number		
24	G 73610 to Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. (Respondent). That license was in full force and		
25	effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on July 31, 2023, unless		
26	renewed.		
27	3. On or about October 21, 2015, in a prior disciplinary action entitled In the Matter of		
28	the Accusation Against Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. before the Medical Board of		
	1		
li	FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION AND PETITION TO REVOKE PROBATION NO. 800-2018-048464		

"Knowingly making or signing any certificate or other document directly or indirectly related to the practice of medicine or podiatry which falsely represents the existence or nonexistence of a state of facts, constitutes unprofessional conduct."

9. Section 810 of the Code states:

- "(a) It shall constitute unprofessional conduct and grounds for disciplinary action, including suspension or revocation of a license or certificate, for a health care professional to do any of the following in connection with his or her professional activities:
- "(1) Knowingly present or cause to be presented any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under a contract of insurance.
- "(2) Knowingly prepare, make, or subscribe any writing, with intent to present or use the same, or to allow it to be presented or used in support of any false or fraudulent claim.
- A(b) It shall constitute cause for revocation or suspension of a license or certificate for a health care professional to engage in any conduct prohibited under Section 1871.4 of the Insurance Code or Section 549 or 550 of the Penal Code.
- "(c) (1) It shall constitute cause for automatic suspension of a license or certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000), Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 2900), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000), or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000), or pursuant to the Chiropractic Act or the Osteopathic Act, if a licensee or certificate holder has been convicted of any felony involving fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with providing benefits covered by worker's compensation insurance, or has been convicted of any felony involving Medi-Cal fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with the Medi-Cal program, including the Denti-Cal element of the Medi-Cal program, pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000), or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The board shall convene a disciplinary hearing to determine whether or not the license or certificate shall be suspended, revoked, or some other disposition shall be considered, including, but not limited to, revocation with the opportunity to petition for reinstatement, suspension, or other limitations on the license or certificate as the board deems appropriate.
- "(2) It shall constitute cause for automatic suspension and for revocation of a license or certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000), Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 2900), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000), or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000), or pursuant to the Chiropractic Act or the Osteopathic Act, if a licensee or certificate holder has more than one conviction of any felony arising out of separate prosecutions involving fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with providing benefits covered by worker's compensation insurance, or in conjunction with the Medi-Cal program, including the Denti-Cal element of the Medi-Cal program pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000), or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and

Institutions Code. The board shall convene a disciplinary hearing to revoke the license or certificate and an order of revocation shall be issued unless the board finds mitigating circumstances to order some other disposition.

- "(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that paragraph (2) apply to a licensee or certificate holder who has one or more convictions prior to January 1, 2004, as provided in this subdivision.
- "(4) Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a board from suspending or revoking a license or certificate pursuant to any other provision of law.
- "(5) Board, as used in this subdivision, means the Dental Board of California, the Medical Board of California, the Board of Psychology, the State Board of Optometry, the California State Board of Pharmacy, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, and the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners.
- "(6) More than one conviction, as used in this subdivision, means that the licensee or certificate holder has one or more convictions prior to January 1, 2004, and at least one conviction on or after that date, or the licensee or certificate holder has two or more convictions on or after January 1, 2004. However, a licensee or certificate holder who has one or more convictions prior to January 1, 2004, but who has no convictions and is currently licensed or holds a certificate after that date, does not have "more than one conviction" for the purposes of this subdivision.
- "(d) As used in this section, 'health care professional' means any person licensed or certified pursuant to this division, or licensed pursuant to the Osteopathic Initiative Act, or the Chiropractic Initiative Act.
 - 10. Section 2234 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
 - 11. Section 2236 of the Code states:
- (a) The conviction of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter. The record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence only of the fact that the conviction occurred.
- (b) The district attorney, city attorney, or other prosecuting agency shall notify the Division of Medical Quality of the pendency of an action against a licensee charging a felony or misdemeanor immediately upon obtaining information that the defendant is a licensee. The notice shall identify the licensee and describe the crimes charged and the facts alleged. The prosecuting agency shall also notify the clerk of the court in which the action is pending that the defendant is

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disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the administrative law judge may direct a licensee found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the (b) In the case of a disciplined licensee that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership. (c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not (d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights (f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION AND PETITION TO REVOKE PROBATION NO. 800-2018-048464

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION AND PETITION TO REVOKE PROBATION NO. 800-2018-048464

 U.S.C. § 982 (a) (7), Subscribing to a False Income Tax Return; 18 U.S.C. §982 (a) (7) 28 U.S.C. § 2461 (c) and Criminal Forfeiture.

- 15. According to the First Superseding Indictment, the fraudulent scheme operated, in substance, as follows:
- A. Respondent as a physician, together with other defendants who were charged as his co-conspirators, committed health care fraud while operating two clinics: (1) R&R Med Spa, which was opened in or around July 2008, and continuing through in or around April 2016 and (2) NU-Me Aesthetic and Anti-Aging Center ("Nu-Me Spa"), beginning in or around February 2016 through around April 2017, collectively referred here as "Clinics," both located in the Central District of California.
- B. Various Health Insurance Companies, including Anthem, International Longshore and Warehouse Union Pacific Maritime Association Benefit Plan ("ILWU-PMA"); Aetna, United Healthcare; CIGNA Health Management; Health Net; Federal Employees Health Benefits Program; Blue Shield of California (collectively Health Insurance Companies) reimburse physicians and other health care providers for medical services, including physician examinations, allergy testing, ultrasounds, nerve conduction tests, vascular studies, and other medically necessary services that were rendered to individuals (Beneficiaries) who received insurance coverage from the Health Insurance Companies.
- C. The Health Insurance Companies would not reimburse physicians and other health care providers for medically unnecessary services and for cosmetic procedures provided to beneficiaries, including skin rejuvenation procedures, facials, laser hair removal and Botox injections.
- D. The co-conspirators, would induce Health Insurance Companies' beneficiaries to visit the Clinics to receive free or discounted cosmetic procedures if the beneficiaries provided their health insurance information to the Clinics.
- E. Once co-conspirators received the insurance information from the beneficiaries,
 Respondent, together with several of the other defendants, including an employee and insurance
 biller of the Clinics, would submit, and cause to be submitted, false and fraudulent claims for

reimbursement for medical services to the Health Insurance Companies. At times, Respondent and several of the other defendants would submit, and cause to be submitted, false and fraudulent claims to the Health Insurance Companies for unnecessary medical procedures. At other times, Respondent, together with his co-conspirators, would submit, and cause to be submitted, false and fraudulent claims to the Health Insurance Companies for medical procedures that were never provided to the beneficiaries.

- F. After the Health Insurance Companies issued payments based on the false and fraudulent claims, co-conspirators Khadem, Sarkisyan, and Ilangezyan, "would calculate a 'credit,' which would be a portion of the amount that the Health Insurance Companies had paid, and give this credit to the beneficiaries to use to receive free or discounted cosmetic procedures from the Clinics. Respondent would provide cosmetic procedures to beneficiaries at the Clinics.
- G. Khadem and co-conspirator 1 (CC-1), another employee of the Clinics, would recruit doctors to work part-time at the Clinics (the 'recruited doctors'). Khadem and CC-1 would open bank accounts for the recruited doctors and would retain signatory authority on the accounts. Khadem and CC-1 would cause the addresses for the recruited doctors on file with the Health Insurance Companies to be changed to the addresses of the Clinics or post office boxes near the Clinics, so that Khadem and CC-1 would have access to the payment checks from the Health Insurance Companies. Respondent, together with Khadem, Sarkisyan, and CC-1, would keep for themselves a percentage of the funds that the Health Insurance Companies paid for claims that were submitted under the names of the recruited doctors.
- H. A co-conspirator, Gary Jizmejian (Jizmejian), who was a Senior Investigator in the Special Investigations Unit (SIU) for the health insurance company Anthem Blue Cross (Anthem), would provide confidential information relating to Anthem to Khadem and CC-1, knowing and intending that co-conspirator Khadem would use the confidential information to submit, and cause to be submitted, false and fraudulent claims for reimbursement to Anthem.
- 16. On or about November 5, 2020, in the United States District Court, for the Central District of California, in a proceeding entitled *United States of America v. Roshanak Khadem, aka* "Roxanne Khadem," aka "Roxy Khadem," Gary Jizmejian, Roberto Mariano, Marina Sarkisyan,

Lucine Ilangezyan, aka "Lulu Ilangezyan," case number CR 18-00288-SVW, Respondent was convicted, upon his guilty plea to count 1 of the First Superseding Indictment, of a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1349 – conspiracy to commit healthcare fraud.

<u>United States of América v. Roberto Hernandez Mariano</u>, case number CR 17-CR00255 (False Statement in Bankruptcy)

- 17. On April 28, 2017, in the United States District Court for the Central District of California in a proceeding entitled *United States of America v. Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, case number 17 CR 00255 RHW, Respondent was indicted and charged with False Statement in Bankruptcy; (18 U S.C. § 152(3); Concealment of Assets in Bankruptcy; (18 U.S.C. § 152(1); Causing an Act to Be Done; (18 U.S.C. § 2); and Causing an Act to be Done; (18 U.S.C. § 2 (b).
 - 18. The fraudulent scheme operated, in substance, as follows:
- A. Beginning in or about 2005 and continuing through at least in or about May 2012, Respondent resided in a single-family residence located in Pasadena, California (the "Pasadena Residence"). Respondent had purchased the Pasadena Residence using a loan from Countrywide Home Loans that was secured by a Deed of Trust on the Pasadena Residence.
- B. On or about May 22, 2008, Respondent filed, and caused to be filed, in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California a bankruptcy petition that was assigned case name and number, *In re: Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, Case No. 2:08-bk-17106-EC. In the petition and subsequent schedules, Respondent identified Countrywide Home Loans as a creditor holding secured claims. The filing of the petition triggered the automatic stay provisions under the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 362, which effectively precluded Respondent's creditors from taking any action to enforce their rights as creditors in the absence of a court order lifting the automatic stay. On or about July 8, 2008, as a result, in part, of Respondent failing to appear at the "duly noticed § 341(a) meeting of creditors," this bankruptcy case was dismissed and the automatic stay was vacated.
- C. On or about September 14, 2010, Respondent filed, and caused to be filed, in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California a bankruptcy petition that was assigned case name and number, *In re: Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, 2:10-bk-49014-AA. In

the petition, Respondent, identified Bank of America, which had acquired Countrywide Home Loans, as a creditor. The filing of the petition triggered the automatic stay provisions under the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 362, which effectively precluded Respondent's creditors from taking any action to enforce their rights as creditors in the absence of a court order lifting the automatic stay. On or about October 4, 2010, as a result of Respondent's failure to file required documents, this bankruptcy case was dismissed and the automatic stay was vacated.

- D. On or about September 22, 2011, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, for the benefit of HarborView 2005-10 Trust Fund (the "New Owner") became the lawful owner of the Pasadena Residence.
- E. On or about October 26, 2,011, the New Owner caused to be issued to Respondent a Notice to Quit that informed and instructed Respondent that he was required to vacate the Pasadena Residence and make it available to the New Owner. On or about February 10, 2012, the New owner filed in Los Angeles County Superior Court an unlawful detainer/eviction action against Respondent that sought to force Respondent to surrender possession of the Pasadena Residence to the New Owner.
- F. On or about April 23, 2012, Respondent filed, and caused to be filed, in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California a bankruptcy petition that was assigned case name and number, *In re: Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, 2: 12-bk-24278-BR. In the petition and subsequent schedules, Respondent identified US Bancorp (the parent corporation of U.S. Bank, N.A.) as a creditor. The filing of the petition triggered the automatic stay provisions under the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 362, which effectively precluded Respondent's creditors from taking any action to enforce their rights as creditors in the absence of a court order lifting the automatic stay. On or about May 24, 2012, the New Owner moved for relief from the automatic stay. On or about July 2, 2012, the bankruptcy court granted the New Owner's motion for relief from the automatic stay. On or about July 11, 2012, as a result of Respondent's failing to appear "for examination at the initial Section 341(a) meeting of creditors," this bankruptcy case was dismissed and the automatic stay was vacated.

-- A On or about May 1, 2012, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, Respondent knowingly and fraudulently made and willfully caused to be made a materially false declaration and statement under penalty of perjury within the meaning of Title 28, United States Code, Section 1746, in and in relation to a case under Title 11, United States Code, namely, bankruptcy case number 2:12-bk-24278 in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, by submitting and declaring under penalty of perjury to be true a Schedule I - Current Income Of Individual Debtor, which represented that Respondent's monthly regular income from operation of a business was \$1,400.00 per month when, in fact, as Respondent well knew, his monthly regular income from operation of a business was substantially and materially greater.

- B. On or about May 1, 2012, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, Respondent knowingly and fraudulently made, and willfully caused to be made, a materially false declaration and statement under penalty of perjury within the meaning of Title 28, United States Code, Section 1746, in and in relation to a case under Title 11, United States Code, namely, bankruptcy case number 2:12-bk-24278 in United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, by submitting and declaring under penalty of perjury to be true a Statement of Financial Affairs, which represented that defendant MARIANO'S "gross amount of income" from "employment, trade, or profession, or from operation of [Respondent's] business, including part-time activities either as an employee or in independent trade or business" was \$7,000.00 for "2012 YTD," \$35,000.00 for "2011 Employment Income," and \$33,000.00 for "2010 Employment Income," when, in fact, as Respondent well knew, his income from employment or operation of a business for these periods was substantially and materially greater.
- C. On or about May 1, 2012, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, Respondent knowingly and fraudulently made, and willfully caused to be made, a materially false declaration and statement under penalty of perjury within the meaning of Title 28, United States Code, Section 1746, in and in relation to a case under Title 11, United States Code, namely, bankruptcy case number 2:12-bk-24278. in United States Bankruptcy Court for the

Central District of California, by submitting and declaring under penalty of perjury to be true a Schedule B - Personal Property, which represented that the total value of all of Respondent's personal property was \$1,000, consisting of \$130 "cash on hand," \$120 in a "Chase checking account," \$50 in "books," \$400 in clothing," and \$300 in "computer and printer," when, in fact, as Respondent well knew, the total value of his personal property was substantially and materially in excess of \$1,000, including, in particular., \$30,060.54 held by Respondent in Citibank account ****8217 (the "Citibank Account") as of May 1, 2012.

- 20. Respondent violated 18 U.S.C. §152(1), 2(b) as follows:
- D. Beginning on or about April 23, 2012, and continuing through at least on or about July 11, 2012, in Los Angeles County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, Respondent knowingly and fraudulently concealed, and willfully caused to be concealed, from the United States Bankruptcy Court, the bankruptcy trustee, and creditors of bankruptcy case number 2:12-bk-24278, a material amount of property belonging to the bankruptcy estate of Respondent, namely, the Citibank Account and the \$30,060.54 held by Respondent in the Citibank Account as of May 1, 2012, by, among other means, on or about May 1, 2012, submitting and causing to be submitted a Schedule B Personal Property that listed only a single "Chase checking account" with a current value of \$120.00 and stated that the total value of all of Respondent's personal property, including the "Chase checking account," was \$1,000.00.
- 21. On or about October 14, 2020, in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, in the matter entitled *United States of America vs. Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, case number CR 17-00255-RHW, Respondent was convicted upon his plea of guilty of a violation of 18 USC §§ 152 (3) and 2(b), false statement in bankruptcy.

FIRST CAUSE TO REVOKE PROBATION

(Failure to Obey All Laws)

22. At all times after the October 21, 2015 effective date of Respondent's probation, Condition 7 stated:

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"Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws, all rules governing the practice of medicine in California and remain in full compliance with any court ordered criminal probation, payments, and other orders."

- 23. Respondent's probation is subject to revocation because he failed to comply with Probation Condition 7. The circumstances are as follows:
- 24. Allegations of Paragraphs 13 through 21 are incorporated herein by reference. Each of the following is a violation of Probation Condition 7:
 - A. Respondent failed to obey all federal, state and local laws in that, while on probation with the Board and subject to Condition 7, he engaged in health care fraud in the manner set forth in the First Superseding Indictment filed on June 18, 2019, in the United States District Court for the Central District of California in *United States of America v. Roshanak Khadem, aka "Roxanne Khadem," aka "Roxy Khadem," Gary Jizmejian, Roberto Mariano, Marina Sarkisyan, Lucine Ilangezyan, aka "Lulu Ilangezyan,"* case number CR 18-00288-SVW, asserting violations of Conspiracy to Commit Health Care Fraud: (18 U S.C. § 1349; 18 U.S.C. § 1347), Health Care Fraud; (18 U.S.C. § 2:), Aiding and Abetting and Causing an Act to be Done; (18 U.S.C. § 982 (a) (7), 28 U.S.C. § 2461 (c) and Criminal Forfeiture.
 - B. Furthermore, by virtue of the allegations in the First Superseding Indictment in case number CR 18-00288-SVW, and his subsequent plea of guilty to Count One therein, Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano violated Condition 7 of his probation by failure to obey Business and Professions Code sections 810, 2234, subdivision (e), and 2261.
 - C. Furthermore, by virtue of the allegations in the First Superseding Indictment in case number CR 18-00288-SVW, and his subsequent plea of guilty to Count One therein, Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. violated Business and Professions Code section 2236.
 - D. Furthermore, Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. failed to obey all federal, state and local laws in that he was convicted of making false statements in a bankruptcy proceeding and concealing assets in bankruptcy, in the manner set forth in the

2.7

Indictment filed in the United States District Court for the Central District of California on April 28, 2017, in *United States of America v. Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, case number 17 CR 00255 RHW, By virtue of his guilty plea in case number 17 CR 00255 RHW, Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. violated Condition 7 of his probation by the violating Business and Professions Code section 2236.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Conviction of a Crime)

- 25. Respondent Roberto Hernandez Mariano, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2236 of the Code, in that he was convicted of crimes substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a physician and surgeon. The circumstances are as follows:
 - 26. Allegations of paragraphs 13 through 21, are incorporated herein by reference.
- 27. Respondent is subject to discipline pursuant to Section 2236 because on or about November 5, 2020, in the United States District Court, for the Central District of California, in a proceeding entitled *United States of America v. Roshanak Khadem, aka "Roxanne Khadem," aka "Roxy Khadem," Gary Jizmejian, Roberto Mariano, Marina Sarkisyan, Lucine Ilangezyan, aka "Lulu Ilangezyan,"* case number CR 18-00288-SVW, Respondent was convicted, upon his guilty plea to Count 1 of the First Superseding Indictment, of a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1349 conspiracy to commit healthcare fraud.
- 28. Respondent is subject to discipline pursuant to Section 2236 because on or about October 14, 2020, in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, in the matter entitled *United States of America vs. Roberto Hernandez Mariano*, case number CR 17-00255-RHW, Respondent was convicted upon his plea of guilty of a violation of 18 USC §§ 152 (3) and 2(b), false statement in bankruptcy.

DISCIPLINARY CONSIDERATIONS

29. To determine the degree of discipline, if any, to be imposed on Respondent,
Complainant alleges that on October 21, 2015, Respondent was previously disciplined by the
Board in connection with an action entitled *In the Matter of the Accusation Against Roberto*Hernandez Mariano, M.D., Case Number 18-2013-230573. In that case, his license was revoked;

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION AND PETITION TO REVOKE PROBATION NO. 800-2018-048464