# BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	) ) )
MARTIN C. SCHULMAN, M.D.	) Case No. 800-2017-033979
Physician's and Surgeon's	j –
Certificate No. G58731	)
	)
Respondent	)
	_)

#### **DECISION**

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on <u>January 2, 2020</u>.

IT IS SO ORDERED December 3, 2019.

MEDACAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Kristina D. Lawson, J.D., Chair

Panel B

	, ,	
1	XAVIER BECERRA	•
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General ROSEMARY F. LUZON	
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 221544	•
5	600 West Broadway, Suite 1800 San Diego, CA 92101	
6	P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266	
7	Telephone: (619) 738-9074 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061	
8	Attorneys for Complainant	· ·
9	Thiorneys for Complainain	,
10	BEFOR	
1	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
11	STATE OF C.	ALIFORNIA
12	To do Notato Calo A constitut A city	G N 000 0017 022070
13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2017-033979
14	MARTIN C. SCHULMAN, M.D. P. O. Box 746	OAH No. 2018100557
15	Cardiff By the Sea, CA 92007	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ORDER
16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731	
17	Respondent.	·
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19	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to the above-	
20	entitled proceedings that the following matters are	e true:
21	PAR	<u>ries</u>
22	Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant)	is the Executive Director of the Medical Board
23	of California (Board). She brought this action sol	ely in her official capacity and is represented in
24	this matter by Xavier Becerra, Attorney General of the State of California, by Rosemary F.	
25	Luzon, Deputy Attorney General.	
26	2. Respondent Martin C. Schulman, M.I	D. (Respondent) is represented in this
27	proceeding by attorney Steven H. Zeigen, Esq., w	rhose address is: 10815 Rancho Bernardo Rd.,
28	Suite 310, San Diego, CA 92127.	
		•

3. On or about September 22, 1986, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 to Respondent. The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2017-033979, and will expire on May 31, 2020, unless renewed.

#### **JURISDICTION**

4. On or about September 13, 2018, Accusation No. 800-2017-033979 was filed before the Board, and is currently pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on or about September 13, 2018, at his address of record. Respondent timely filed his Notice of Defense contesting the Accusation. A true and correct copy of Accusation No. 800-2017-033979 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth herein.

#### **ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS**

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2017-033979. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws, having been fully advised of same by his attorney of record, Steven H. Zeigen, Esq.
- 7. Having the benefit of counsel, Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

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**CULPABILITY** 

- 8. Respondent does not contest that, at an administrative hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case with respect to the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2017-033979, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, and that he has thereby subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 to disciplinary action.
- 9. Respondent agrees that if an accusation is ever filed against him before the Medical Board of California, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 800-2017-033979 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of that proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California.
- 10. Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 is subject to discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.

#### **CONTINGENCY**

- 11. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be subject to approval by the Board. The parties agree that this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be submitted to the Board for its consideration in the above-entitled matter and, further, that the Board shall have a reasonable period of time in which to consider and act on this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order after receiving it. By signing this stipulation, Respondent fully understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind this stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it.
- 12. The parties agree that this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be null and void and not binding upon the parties unless approved and adopted by the Board, except for this paragraph, which shall remain in full force and effect. Respondent fully understands and agrees that in deciding whether or not to approve and adopt this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, the Board may receive oral and written communications from its staff and/or the Attorney General's Office. Communications pursuant to this paragraph shall not disqualify the Board, any member thereof, and/or any other person from future participation in this or any other matter affecting or involving Respondent. In the event that the Board does not, in its

discretion, approve and adopt this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, with the exception of this paragraph, it shall not become effective, shall be of no evidentiary value whatsoever, and shall not be relied upon or introduced in any disciplinary action by either party hereto. Respondent further agrees that should this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order be rejected for any reason by the Board, Respondent will assert no claim that the Board, or any member thereof, was prejudiced by its/his/her review, discussion and/or consideration of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order or of any matter or matters related hereto.

#### **ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS**

- 13. This Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is intended by the parties herein to be an integrated writing representing the complete, final and exclusive embodiment of the agreements of the parties in the above-entitled matter.
- 14. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 15. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice to or opportunity to be heard by Respondent, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

#### DISCIPLINARY ORDER

#### 1. PUBLIC REPRIMAND.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Respondent Martin C. Schulman, M.D., Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731, shall be and is hereby Publicly Reprimanded pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a), subsection (4). This Public Reprimand is issued in connection with the allegations relating to Respondent's care and treatment of Patient A, as set forth in Accusation No. 800-2017-033979.

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#### 2. EDUCATION COURSE.

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval educational program(s) or course(s) which shall not be less than 25 hours. The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be aimed at correcting any areas of deficient practice or knowledge and shall be Category I certified. The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure. Following the completion of each course, the Board or its designee may administer an examination to test Respondent's knowledge of the course. Within one (1) year of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall provide proof of attendance for 50 hours of CME of which 25 hours were in satisfaction of this condition.

#### 3. PRESCRIBING PRACTICES COURSE.

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in prescribing practices approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The prescribing practices course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A prescribing practices course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

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Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

#### 4. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE.

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

#### 5. FAILURE TO COMPLY.

Any failure by Respondent to comply with the terms and conditions of the Disciplinary Order set forth above shall constitute unprofessional conduct and grounds for further disciplinary action.

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#### **ACCEPTANCE**

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Steven H. Zeigen, Esq. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be. bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DATED: 43/19

MARTIN C. SCHULMAN, M.D. Respondent

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Martin C. Schulman, M.D. the terms and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: 4/4/19

STEVEN I. ZEIGEN, ESQ. Attorney for Respondent

#### **ENDORSEMENT**

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

Dated: 4/4/19

Respectfully submitted,

XAVIER BECERRA
Attorney General of California
ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ
Supervising Deputy Attorney General

ROSEMARY F. LUZON
Deputy Attorney General
Attorneys for Complainant

SD2018701388/Stipulation and Disciplinary Order REV.doex

### Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2017-033979

1	XAVIER BECERRA	Pu PP	
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ	FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General ROSEMARY F. LUZON	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	
_	Deputy Attorney General	SACRAMENTO SEPT. 1320 18 BY MUDICIPATION ANALYST	
4	State Bar No. 221544 600 West Broadway, Suite 1800	BY MACHEOLOGY ( ANALYS)	
5	San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266	•	
.6	San Diego, CA 92186-5266		
7	Telephone: (619) 738-9074 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061		
8	Attorneys for Complainant		
9			
10	BEFORE THE		
11	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
12	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
13			
		Case No. 800-2017-033979	
14	Martin C. Schulman, M.D. P.O. Box 746	ACCUSATION	
15	Cardiff By the Sca, CA 92007		
16	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate		
17	No. G 58731,	·	
18.	Respondent.		
19	Complainant alleges:		
20	PARTIES		
21	Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her official		
22	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer		
23	Affairs (Board).		
24	2. On or about September 22, 1986, the Medical Board issued Physician's and		
25	Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 to Martin C. Schulman, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's		
26	and Surgeon's Certificate was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought		
27	herein and will expire on May 31, 2020, unless renewed.		
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**JURISDICTION** 

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Section 2220 of the Code states:

"Except as otherwise provided by law, the board may take action against all persons guilty of violating this chapter..." [Chapter 5, the Medical Practice Act.]

- 5. Section 2227 of the Code states:
- "(a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary action with the board, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
  - "(1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.
- "(2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon order of the board.
- "(3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation monitoring upon order of the board.
- "(4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the board.
- "(5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of probation, as the board or an administrative law judge may deem proper.

"(b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters, medical review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations, continuing education activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that are agreed to with the board and successfully completed by the licensee, or other matters made confidential or privileged by existing law, is deemed public, and shall be made available to the public by the board pursuant to Section 803.1."

#### 6. Section 2234 of the Code states:

"The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

"(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.

"(b)...

- "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

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7. Section 2266 of the Code states:

"The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct."

#### FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### (Repeated Negligent Acts)

- 8. Respondent has subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined by section 2234, subdivision (c), of the Code, in that he committed repeated negligent acts in his care and treatment of Patient A, as more particularly alleged hereinafter:
- 9. In or about August 2006, Respondent, a family care practitioner, began treating Patient A for his primary care needs. At the time, Patient A had completed a detoxification program for abuse of alcohol and hydrocodone. He also suffered from chronic back pain due to degenerative spine disc disease.
- 10. Respondent did not treat Patient A again until on or about January 6, 2010, when Patient A re-established care with Respondent as his primary care doctor. During this visit, Patient A told Respondent that he was drinking alcohol again on a weekly basis, but was not taking any opiate medications. Patient A told Respondent that he enjoyed drinking alcohol and it helped him to relieve his stress.
- 11. On or about March 8, 2010, Patient A went to the emergency room due to worsening back pain. Thereafter, Patient A took tramadol for back pain and diazepam<sup>2</sup> for anxiety.
- 12. On or about April 27, 2010, Respondent noted that Patient A took diazepam to help him get through alcohol withdrawal.

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26 References to "Patient A" herein are used to protect patient privacy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11057, subdivision (d), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

- 13. Over the next six months, Respondent regularly refilled Patient A's tramadol and diazepam prescriptions. Respondent also began to prescribe oxycodone<sup>3</sup> to Patient A. During this timeframe, Respondent noted in the medical records that Patient A continued to drink alcohol in order to relieve his back pain and stress, and that he also took diazepam to relieve his anxiety and alcoholic withdrawal symptoms on days that he did not drink.
- 14. On or about December 16, 2010, Patient A underwent spine surgery. His discharge medications included oxycodone, Oxycontin,<sup>4</sup> and diazepam.
- 15. On or about December 21, 2010, following Patient A's surgery, Patient A continued to experience pain, resulting in another hospital admission.
- 16. On or about January 8, 2011, Patient A had a post-surgery visit with Respondent. Patient A discussed his continuing alcoholism with Respondent. They also discussed chemical dependency and psychiatric treatment for Patient A. Prior to this visit, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 160mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was 40mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 40mg. During this visit, Respondent decreased Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage to 120mg, but increased his Oxycontin dosage to 60mg. Respondent continued Patient A on diazepam, but decreased the daily dosage to 30mg.
- 17. On or about February 1, 2011, Respondent increased Patient A's daily Oxycontin dosage to 80mg. Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 120mg.
- 18. On or about February 3, 2011, Respondent increased Patient A's daily Oxycontin dosage to 120mg and his daily oxycodone dosage remained at 120mg.
- 19. On or about March 7, 2011, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 120mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was 120mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg.
- 20. On or about August 11, 2011, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was decreased to 90mg, and his daily Oxycontin and diazepam dosage remained 120mg and 30mg, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Oxycontin is the extended release form of oxycodone, which is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 11055, subdivision (b), and a dangerous drug pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 4022.

- 21. Respondent continued to provide care and treatment to Patient A for the remainder of 2011 and through 2012.
- 22. On or about December 16, 2011, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 90mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was decreased to 90mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg.
- 23. On or about February 22, 2012, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage remained at 90mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was increased to 120mg, and his daily diazepam dosage also remained at 30mg.
- 24. On or about April 18, 2012, Respondent referred Patient A for a pain medicine consultation regarding intrathecal pumps and spinal cord stimulators. As of this date, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 90mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was 120mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg.
- 25. On or about May 9, 2012, Patient A had a pain medicine consultation. He was not deemed a candidate for a spinal cord stimulator. However, an intrathecal pump implantation was discussed with Patient A as an option and he was provided with further resources, including videos, to review at home. Patient A was advised that if he wished to proceed with the pump implantation, he had to stop his usage of long-acting opioid medications (but if medication aid was needed, it could be arranged through a psychiatrist). In addition, Patient A was advised that he had to be evaluated by a psychologist prior to the procedure. Patient A's current pain regimen and effectiveness was also reviewed and, according to the pain specialist, it was reasonable to continue Patient A on the current regimen.
- 26. On or about May 15, 2012, Respondent saw Patient A, who complained of worsening back pain. As a result, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was increased to 120mg. His daily Oxycontin dosage remained at 120mg and his daily diazepam dosage remained at 30mg. Respondent urged Patient A to watch the intrathecal pump implantation videos and to consider proceeding with the pump trial. If Patient A chose not to proceed with the trial, Respondent told Patient A that he could still see the pain specialist for suggestions on how to alter his pain medication regimen for better efficacy.

- 27. Patient A continued to complain of worsening back pain and, on or about June 5, 2012, Respondent increased Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage to 150mg. His daily Oxycontin dosage remained at 120mg and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg.
- 28. On or about June 20, 2012, Patient A complained that his pain had become steadily worse, prompting Respondent to, *inter alia*, confer with the pain specialist with whom Patient A consulted on or about May 9, 2012.
- 29. Between on or about June 20, 2012 and June 22, 2012, Respondent and the pain specialist discussed the need for Patient A to enter into a drug detoxification program and to undergo psychological evaluation before Patient A could be considered for participation in the intrathecal pump implantation trial. Respondent stated that Patient A needed more than a standard detoxification program, that a full chemical dependency program would be necessary, and that he would try to enforce a tapering down of his current medication regimen. The pain specialist responded that Patient A should call the pain management clinic and schedule a follow-up appointment, that he must be a patient of the clinic since his condition was chronic, that he would need a psychological evaluation, multidisciplinary team conference, and possibly counseling in order to be considered for the pump trial, and that the clinic had a psychiatrist/addictionologist who could assist with detoxification. The pain specialist stated: "There are some red flags that must be addressed before proceeding with a pump trial or it would be a disaster. And I cannot promise that he would be a candidate and must proceed with full evalation [sic] first. If you could reinforce this with him, it will help."
- 30. On or about June 21, 2012, Respondent attempted to call Patient A, but Patient A did not answer. The same day, Respondent spoke with Patient A's girlfriend and told her that he believed Patient A was developing a tolerance to his pain medications and that Patient A needed to taper down from the medications or to more acutely detox off of them, as well as alcohol, possibly in conjunction with participation in the pump implantation trial.
- 31. On or about July 11, 2012, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 150mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was decreased from 120mg to 90mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg.

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- 32. On or about August 7, 2012, Patient A's daily oxycodone dosage was 150mg, his daily Oxycontin dosage was increased back to 120mg, and his daily diazepam dosage was 30mg. During this visit, Patient A complained of worsening back pain. Respondent encouraged Patient A to watch the intrathecal pump implantation videos provided to him during his May 9, 2012, pain medicine consultation and to thereafter "go in for a trial of this treatment."
- dosage to 180mg and increased his daily Oxycontin dosage to 160mg. The previous day, on or about August 27, 2012, Patient A complained of "horific [sic] pain" at night and during the day. According to Patient A, he scheduled an appointment with the pain clinic for on or about September 12, 2012, but he could not wait that long for relief. Respondent gave Patient A the option of either taking Oxycontin 40mg every six hours or taking 40mg in the morning, 40mg in the afternoon, and 80mg (two 40mg tablets) in the evening, and Patient A chose the latter. Respondent told Patient A that he would check with the pain specialist to see if he could get him in sooner and get his input on what, if any, adjustments could be made to Patient A's pain medication regimen. Respondent also told Patient A that he would check with the surgeon who performed his December 16, 2010, spine surgery, to see if he wanted Patient A to come in for a further evaluation. Respondent planned to see Patient A again on or about August 31, 2012, to refill his prescriptions.
- 34. Between on or about August 27, 2012 and August 28, 2012, Respondent corresponded with both the pain specialist and surgeon. Respondent noted to the pain specialist that Patient A continued to drink "two 1.75 liter bottles of rum per week[,] though in the past it's been as much as three bottles. On nights when he does not drink he takes diazepam instead." Respondent told the pain specialist that Patient A should ideally undergo medication detoxification as part of getting an intrathecal pump implant. Respondent also stated that Patient A would be best served by medication detoxification and alcohol/drug rehabilitation.
- 35. On or about the morning of August 29, 2012, Patient A contacted Respondent and asked if he could come into the office to pick up "new stronger scripts for pain[.]" He told

Respondent that he had been up since 1:00 a.m. in severe pain and needed relief that day.

Respondent advised Patient A that he was unable to see him until the following afternoon, but if he could not wait until then, he should consider going to the emergency room so that he could be evaluated for possible admission to the hospital for pain control. They also discussed the possibility of Patient A permanently switching to a pain specialist for better pain management.

Patient A confirmed that he would come in to see Respondent the following afternoon.

- 36. On or about August 30, 2012, Patient A passed away.
- 37. During Respondent's care and treatment of Patient A, Respondent continuously prescribed oxycodone and Oxycontin to Patient A, however, Respondent did not have pain treatment contract with Patient A; he did not obtain Patient A's informed written consent to prescribe pain medications to him; he did not order routine urine toxicology testing to monitor potentially abusive and/or aberrant behaviors by Patient A; and he did not document any discussions with Patient A regarding the analgesic effects, side effects, and functional goals of taking oxycodone and Oxycontin.
- 38. Respondent committed repeated negligent acts in his care and treatment of Patient A, which included, but were not limited to the following:
  - (i) Respondent prescribed diazepam to Patient A on a long-term basis without a proper medical indication;
  - (ii) Respondent prescribed oxycodone and Oxycontin to Patient A on a long-term basis despite Patient A's active alcoholism;
  - (iii) Respondent prescribed diazepam, concurrently with oxycodone and.

    Oxycontin, without proper tapering of these medications; and
  - (iv) Respondent improperly initiated, managed, and monitored Patient A's oxycodone and Oxycontin therapy by failing to timely refer Patient A for a pain management consultation; failing to refer Patient A for medication detoxification and substance addiction programs, including psychiatric and psychological evaluations relating thereto; escalating the dosage of oxycodone and Oxycontin, respectively, without properly addressing Patient A's development of pain

medication tolerance and addiction, as well as the possibility of opioid-induced hyperalgesia syndrome<sup>5</sup>; and failing to try different long-acting opiate therapy for Patient A; and

(v) Respondent failed to have a pain treatment contract with Patient A; he failed to obtain Patient A's informed written consent to prescribe pain medications to him; he failed to order routine urine toxicology testing to monitor potentially abusive and/or aberrant behaviors by Patient A; and he failed to document any discussions with Patient A regarding the analgesic effects, side effects, and functional goals of taking oxycodone and Oxycontin.

#### SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

#### (Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Records)

39. Respondent has subjected his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731 to disciplinary action under sections 2227 and 2234, as defined by section 2266, of the Code, in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records regarding his care and treatment of Patient A, as more particularly alleged in paragraphs 8 through 38, above, which are hereby incorporated by reference and re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 58731, issued to Respondent Martin C. Schulman, M.D.;
- Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Respondent Martin C. Schulman,
   M.D.'s authority to supervise physician assistants, pursuant to section 3527 of the Code, and
   advanced practice nurses;
- 3. Ordering Respondent Martin C. Schulman, M.D., if placed on probation, to pay the Board the costs of probation monitoring; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Opioid-induced hyperalgesia syndrome is a condition in which the long-term use of opiates induces a hypersensitivity to painful stimuli with more perceived pain.

1	4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.		
2	11/1		
3	DATED: September 13, 2018  KIMBERLY KIRCHMEYER		
. 4	Executive Director  Medical Board of California		
5	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California		
6	Complainant		
	SDONI PRO 1299 PLESCRED J.		
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