

**BEFORE THE
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

**In the Matter of the Accusation)
Against:)
)
)
JAMSHID ELIST, M.D.)
)
Physician's and Surgeon's)
Certificate No. A35400)
)
Respondent)
_____)**

Case No. 800-2015-016513

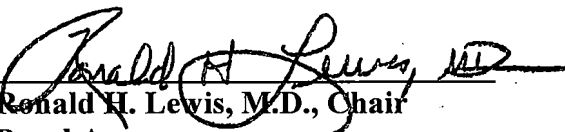
DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on August 16, 2019.

IT IS SO ORDERED July 18, 2019.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

By: 
Ronald H. Lewis, M.D., Chair
Panel A

1 XAVIER BECERRA
Attorney General of California
2 E. A. JONES III
Supervising Deputy Attorney General
3 CHRISTINE R. FRIAR
Deputy Attorney General
4 State Bar No. 228421
California Department of Justice
5 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702
Los Angeles, CA 90013
6 Telephone: (213) 269-6472
Facsimile: (213) 897-9395
7 *Attorneys for Complainant*

8
9 **BEFORE THE**
MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**
11 **STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

12 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

13 **JAMSHID ELIST, M.D.**
8500 Wilshire Blvd., # 707
14 Beverly Hills, California 90211

15 Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
No. A 35400,

16
17 Respondent.

Case Nos. 800-2015-016513; 800-2015-017521

OAH No. 2018110936

**STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND
DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

18
19 **IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED** by and between the parties to the above-
20 entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:

21 **PARTIES**

22 1. Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board
23 of California (Board). She brought this action solely in her official capacity and is represented in
24 this matter by Xavier Becerra, Attorney General of the State of California, by Christine R. Friar,
25 Deputy Attorney General.

26 2. Respondent Jamshid Elist, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by
27 attorneys James C. Schaeffer and Charles A. Mainieri of Boyce Schaeffer Mainieri LLP, located
28 at: 500 Esplanade Drive, Suite 950, Oxnard, California 93036 and Peter Osinoff of Bonne

1 Bridges, located at: 355 South Grand Avenue, Suite 1750, Los Angeles, California 90071-1562.

2 3. On or about June 23, 1980, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate
3 No. A 35400 to Jamshid Elist, M.D. (Respondent). The Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate was
4 in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought in Accusation No. 800-2015-
5 016513, and will expire on June 30, 2020, unless renewed.

6 **JURISDICTION**

7 4. Accusation No. 800-2015-016513 was filed before the Board, and is currently
8 pending against Respondent. The Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were
9 properly served on Respondent on August 27, 2018. Respondent timely filed his Notice of
10 Defense contesting the Accusation.

11 5. A copy of Accusation No. 800-2015-016513 is attached as Exhibit A and
12 incorporated herein by reference.

13 **ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS**

14 6. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the
15 charges and allegations in Accusation No. 800-2015-016513. Respondent has also carefully read,
16 fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and
17 Disciplinary Order.

18 7. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a
19 hearing on the charges and allegations in the Accusation; the right to confront and cross-examine
20 the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right
21 to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of
22 documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other
23 rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

24 8. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and
25 every right set forth above.

26 **CULPABILITY**

27 9. Respondent admits the truth of the charges and allegations in the Second Cause for
28 Discipline in Accusation No. 800-2015-016513, except lines 18-21 on page 10 of Accusation No.

1 800-2015-016513.

2 10. Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to
3 discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the
4 Disciplinary Order below.

5 **CONTINGENCY**

6 11. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California.
7 Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical
8 Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and
9 settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the
10 stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek
11 to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails
12 to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
13 Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal
14 action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having
15 considered this matter.

16 12. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile
17 copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile
18 signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

19 13. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that
20 the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following
21 Disciplinary Order:

22 **DISCIPLINARY ORDER**

23 **A. PUBLIC REPRIMAND**

24 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 35400
25 issued to Jamshid Elist, M.D., shall be and is hereby publicly reprimanded pursuant to California
26 Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a)(4). This public reprimand, which is
27 issued in connection with Respondent's care and treatment of Patient 2 as set forth in the Second
28 Cause for Discipline in Accusation No. 800-2015-016513, is as follows:

1 "You failed to maintain adequate and accurate medical records in your care and treatment
2 of Patient 2 in violation of Business and Professions Code section 2266, as more fully
3 described in the Second Cause for Discipline set forth in Accusation No. 800-2015-
4 016513."

5 **B. MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE**

6 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of
7 this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping approved in advance
8 by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the approved course provider with any
9 information and documents that the approved course provider may deem pertinent. Respondent
10 shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later
11 than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully
12 complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical
13 record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing
14 Medical Education ("CME") requirements for renewal of licensure.

15 A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the
16 Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board
17 or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have
18 been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of
19 this Decision.

20 Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its
21 designee not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not
22 later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

23 If Respondent fails to enroll, participate in, or successfully complete the medical record
24 keeping course within the designated time period, Respondent shall receive a notification from
25 the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after
26 being so notified. Respondent shall not resume the practice of medicine until enrollment or
27 participation in the medical record keeping course has been completed. Failure to successfully
28 complete the medical record keeping course outlined above shall constitute unprofessional

1 conduct and is grounds for further disciplinary action.

2 **ACCEPTANCE**

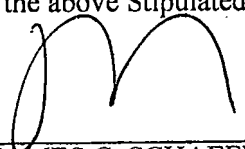
3 I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully
4 discussed it with my attorneys, James C. Schaeffer, Charles A. Mainieri and Peter Osinoff. I
5 understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate.
6 I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and
7 intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of
8 California.

9 DATED: May 7, 2019


10 JAMSHID ELIST, M.D.
Respondent

11 I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Jamshid Elist, M.D. the terms and
12 conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
13 I approve its form and content.

14 DATED: 5/7/19


15 JAMES C. SCHAEFFER
16 CHARLES A. MAINIERI
17 PETER OSINOFF
Attorney for Respondent

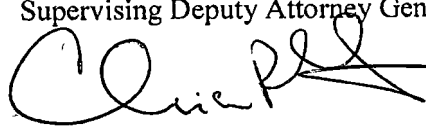
18 **ENDORSEMENT**

19 The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully
20 submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

21 Dated:

Respectfully submitted,

22 XAVIER BECERRA
23 Attorney General of California
24 E. A. JONES III
Supervising Deputy Attorney General



25 CHRISTINE R. FRIAR
26 Deputy Attorney General
27 Attorneys for Complainant

28 53360577.docx

Exhibit A

Accusation No. 800-2015-016513

1 4. Section 2227 of the Code states:

2 “(a) A licensee whose matter has been heard by an administrative law judge of the Medical
3 Quality Hearing Panel as designated in Section 11371 of the Government Code, or whose default
4 has been entered, and who is found guilty, or who has entered into a stipulation for disciplinary
5 action with the board, may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:

6 “(1) Have his or her license revoked upon order of the board.

7 “(2) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon
8 order of the board.

9 “(3) Be placed on probation and be required to pay the costs of probation monitoring upon
10 order of the board.

11 “(4) Be publicly reprimanded by the board. The public reprimand may include a
12 requirement that the licensee complete relevant educational courses approved by the board.

13 “(5) Have any other action taken in relation to discipline as part of an order of probation, as
14 the board or an administrative law judge may deem proper.

15 “(b) Any matter heard pursuant to subdivision (a), except for warning letters, medical
16 review or advisory conferences, professional competency examinations, continuing education
17 activities, and cost reimbursement associated therewith that are agreed to with the board and
18 successfully completed by the licensee, or other matters made confidential or privileged by
19 existing law, is deemed public, and shall be made available to the public by the board pursuant to
20 Section 803.1.”

21 5. Section 2234 of the Code, states:

22 “The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional
23 conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not
24 limited to, the following:

25 “(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the
26 violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.

27 “(b) Gross negligence.

28 “(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or

1 omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from
2 the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.

3 “(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate
4 for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.

5 “(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that
6 constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a
7 reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the
8 applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the
9 standard of care.

10 “(d) Incompetence.

11 “(e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially
12 related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.

13 “(f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate.

14 “(g) The practice of medicine from this state into another state or country without meeting
15 the legal requirements of that state or country for the practice of medicine. Section 2314 shall not
16 apply to this subdivision. This subdivision shall become operative upon the implementation of
17 the proposed registration program described in Section 2052.5.

18 “(h) The repeated failure by a certificate holder, in the absence of good cause, to attend and
19 participate in an interview by the board. This subdivision shall only apply to a certificate holder
20 who is the subject of an investigation by the board.”

21 6. Section 2266 of the Code states: “The failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain
22 adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes
23 unprofessional conduct.”

24 FACTS

25 Patient 1¹

26 7. Patient 1 is a 37-year-old man who contacted Respondent expressly for the purpose of
27 undergoing penile enhancement therapy. The records indicate that the patient was aware of

28 ¹ The patients herein are described numerically to protect their privacy.

1 various options to address his medical problem, aware of the controversial nature of surgery,
2 aware of the pros and cons, risks and benefits of different treatment options and specifically
3 reached out to Respondent from Pennsylvania to undergo a procedure that Respondent advertises
4 and supports. The patient reviewed a brochure and reviewed Respondent's website with respect
5 to this procedure, the indications and the outcomes but was not informed of the complications that
6 might ensue with an explant, if necessary.

7 8. Respondent evaluated Patient 1 for the first time on February 24, 2014, and the
8 patient was scheduled for surgery on the same day. Respondent diagnosed penile dysmorphia
9 (this is not a recognized clinical diagnosis--the preferred term refers to "Body Dysmorphic
10 Disorder, emphasis on penile size"). Respondent's notes reflect that Patient 1 was dissatisfied
11 with penile length and girth in the flaccid condition. Surgery was performed on February 24,
12 2014, at which point a suprapubic incision allowed entrance to the dorsum of the penis and a soft
13 silicone rod was trimmed and implanted subcutaneously, oversewn with mesh distally, irrigated
14 with antibiotic solution and given topical antibiotic coverage. This was performed as an
15 outpatient in an ambulatory surgery center and the patient was followed as an outpatient for the
16 next few days.

17 9. Patient 1 was given explicit instructions on wound care emphasizing that he should
18 not put pressure on the penis, should not engage in sexual activity, should not resume smoking
19 nor the use of alcohol for a number of weeks until the area was well-healed. Patient 1 flew home
20 from Beverly Hills to Pennsylvania but remained in close contact with Respondent's office via e-
21 mail, supplying numerous follow up comments about his course and numerous pictures.

22 10. Patient 1's communications indicate that he challenged the recommendations from
23 Respondent's office on numerous occasions and resumed alcohol use, tobacco use and vigorous
24 sexual activity before he was fully healed. By the patient's own admission, he was extremely
25 sexually active up to four times a day and had vigorous pressure on the penis from lap dancing at
26 a point in time when Patient 1 felt he was healed but Respondent did not think Patient 1 was
27 healed. As a consequence, the patient developed soreness in the penis and ultimately penile skin
28 breakdown with erosion of the device through the dorsum of the penile shaft. After a lengthy

1 intensive trial of conservative therapy at a distance, over the phone and via e-mail, the patient
2 returned to California because the device had eroded and become infected. He then underwent
3 device removal.

4 11. On May 27, 2014, as an outpatient, the device was removed via the same suprapubic
5 incision due to "inappropriate sexual and physical behavior" according to Respondent's notes.
6 Vigorous antibiotic therapy and antibiotic irrigation were used at this surgery and a scar revision
7 was undertaken.

8 12. Patient 1 returned home and was in frequent contact with Respondent's office
9 regarding his course of therapy. Numerous medications, many of which are not standard therapy,
10 were recommended for wound healing and to enhance the resolution of scar tissue including local
11 Kenalog injections (a steroid). During this interval, the patient was no longer sexually active.

12 13. Patient 1 was extremely interested in pursuing a new implant and wished to have the
13 re-implant done at the earliest possible opportunity. Respondent's notes indicate that he put the
14 patient off until such time as it appeared the wound had completely healed and risks for re-
15 implant were minimized. Patient 1's demands for the re-implant were aggressive requesting that
16 the surgery be done as early as possible. Respondent's notes and e-mails show that he told
17 Patient 1 that the repeat surgery should wait until the wound was completely healed and risk of
18 further complications were minimized.

19 14. Patient 1 used a number of nonstandard medications to enhance wound healing. He
20 took a prolonged course of antibiotics after the May 27, 2014, explant to minimize wound
21 infection. Ultimately, a decision was made to re-implant the penile prosthetic. At the same time,
22 Patient 1 requested a bilateral testicular prosthesis be implanted to enhance the size of the
23 testicles.

24 15. Respondent committed to the testicular implant but did not commit on the penile re-
25 implant until he had examined the patient and determined that he was a good candidate. On
26 October 27, 2014, five months following explant for extrusion, repeat surgery was performed and
27 an "extra large-sized penile prosthesis" (larger than the original implant) was placed into the
28 dorsum of the penile shaft in a subcutaneous position and, at the same time, through separate

1 lateral high scrotal incisions, bilateral testicular prostheses were also placed. The patient
2 underwent vigorous wound irrigation with antibiotics (but not standard according to AUA
3 protocols), IV antibiotics and a course of oral antibiotics thereafter. This was performed at an
4 ambulatory surgery center as an outpatient, but the patient followed up daily for the next several
5 days to ensure early proper wound healing. Ultimately, the suprapubic drain was removed and
6 the patient was discharged back home.

7 16. Patient 1 again used numerous nonstandard medications to enhance wound healing
8 and minimize complications but he ultimately developed evidence of erosion again on the dorsum
9 of the penis. By March 2, 2015, the device had eroded once again on the dorsum of the penis in
10 two spots (the same two spots of erosion that had occurred before) and the patient underwent a
11 repeat explant of the second device. The patient returned home to Pennsylvania where he noticed
12 considerable serosanguinous drainage from the penis and ultimately presented to a local
13 emergency room where he underwent repeat surgery for control of bleeding and drainage.

14 17. Patient 1 healed, but now complains of deformed erections, difficulty achieving
15 erections and scarring that causes retraction and tethering of the penile shaft with erection. He
16 has contacted numerous other urologists to investigate reconstructive surgery but has not
17 undertaken it so far because of the expense involved.

18 **Patient 2**

19 18. Patient 2 is a 54-year-old anesthesiologist from Texas who sought treatment from
20 Respondent on August 4, 2015, for complaints of a tethered left spermatic cord with high-riding
21 left testicle following a left hernia repair in 1994, which caused scarring of the left spermatic
22 cord. On the intake form Patient 2 indicates his displeasure with his penile length and girth. On
23 physical examination Respondent also noted that Patient 2 was dissatisfied with his penile
24 dimensions. Notwithstanding, Respondent's notes indicate that Patient 2's genital size
25 preoperatively was within normal limits. Based on the patient's subjective displeasure with the
26 dimensions of his penis, Respondent diagnosed penile dysmorphia. Rather than recommend
27 counseling for Body Dysmorphic Disorder-emphasis on penile size, Respondent recommended
28 surgical enhancement with a foreign body.

1 19. Patient 2 maintains that he was misinformed of the complications (only "1 in a
2 million") and was told by Respondent that the implant was free of consequences and free of
3 complications, despite the multipage informed consent form. Patient 2 further claims that he had
4 no preoperative complaints of erectile dysfunction or performance problems.

5 20. On August 4, 2015, Patient 2 underwent a left spermatic cord release, orchidopexy
6 and penile solid silicone rod subcutaneous implant procedures. He had no intraoperative or initial
7 post-operative complications. He returned home to Texas.

8 21. Shortly thereafter, Patient 2 complained of irritation and swelling of the penis, painful
9 sexual activity, temporary numbness of the penile shaft and difficulty voiding and ejaculating.
10 Patient 2 sought consultation from a local urologist who found that the penile implant was
11 compressing the urethra leading to obstruction upon erection, causing attempts at voiding or
12 ejaculation to create proximal ballooning of the urethra. The implant device was in imminent
13 danger of eroding the surrounding tissue.

14 22. By September 20, 2015, Patient 2 advised Respondent of his desire to have the
15 implant removed. Respondent strongly recommended that only he be allowed to perform the
16 removal surgery, as any other urologist would likely lead to disastrous complications. Patient 2
17 consulted with a second urologist in California, Dr. G.A., who confirmed inappropriate placement
18 of the penile implant causing Patient 2's complications. On December 9, 2015, Dr. G.A. removed
19 Patient 2's penile implant and revised the penile scar tissue. There were no complications and
20 Patient 2 returned to Texas.

21 23. Patient 2 remained dissatisfied with the resulting scarring of the penis, which caused a
22 dorsal curvature of the penis. Additionally, the penis was now shortened by 2.5 inches. Patient 2
23 returned to California and consulted with urology reconstruction specialist, Dr. J.G. at the
24 University of California, Irvine. Patient 2 underwent another surgical procedure on March 26,
25 2016, for exploration, revision and excision of scar tissue and plaque. The surgery was somewhat
26 successful, as the penis was elongated and had less curvature, but was not returned to its
27 preoperative state.

28 24. Patient 2 underwent a fourth surgery with Dr. J.G. on November 29, 2016, to correct

1 the upward dorsal curvature. By December 20, 2016, Patient 2 was improved with less curvature,
2 greater length and less pain, however, he still had not returned to his preoperative state.

3 25. Respondent's website and letterhead indicate that he is board certified by the
4 American Board of Urology; however, his board certification was dropped as of February 28,
5 2016.

6 26. The standard of care requires the surgeon to perform necessary surgery to relieve the
7 effects of illness and injury following a full informed consent, but to deny a patient surgery on
8 demand that is considered unnecessary. A complete and proper evaluation and diagnosis should
9 be made before full informed consent is offered. The informed consent includes indications for
10 surgery, the nature of intervention, pros and cons, risks and benefits, potential complications,
11 outcomes and side effects and the ensuing course of medical therapy. When the patient presents
12 with psychological disorders, it is the surgeon's duty to address the psychological issues and
13 patient dissatisfaction rather than immediately offering surgery. When surgery is offered for
14 cosmetic complaints, it is the duty of the surgeon to offer sufficient time for the patient to
15 consider the pros and cons and the consent discussion before committing to surgery.

16 27. It is appropriate and within the standard of care to offer surgery for conditions to
17 correct or alleviate the effects of medical disease. All of the patient's complaints should be
18 addressed, but those that are not supported by objective findings should not undergo surgical
19 intervention until all other options have been considered. Surgery, even when reversed, may lead
20 to scarring and other changes that cannot be totally corrected.

21 28. The standard of care requires that when the surgeon uses subcutaneous materials to
22 enhance penile length and girth, he/she needs to place them deep enough to not cause extrusion,
23 while simultaneously not intruding on existing tissue, especially the urethra. Such devices and
24 materials are generally placed on the dorsal aspect of the penis to avoid urethral compression.

25 **FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

26 **(Repeated Negligent Acts)**

27 29. Respondent Jamshid Elist, M.D. is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234,
28 subdivision (c) in that Respondent engaged in repeated negligent acts. The circumstances are as

1 follows:

2 **Patient 1**

3 30. Respondent's choice to repeat the surgery and place an extra large penile implant five
4 months following explant in the area that had previously extruded, represents a simple departure
5 from the standard of care.

6 31. Respondent's use of an extra large implant (larger than the original implant) and the
7 failure to use special protocols to reduce subsequent complications represents a simple departure
8 from the standard of care.

9 **Patient 2**

10 32. Respondent failed to give Patient 2 a full informed consent as to the indications for a
11 penile enhancement surgery. Respondent also failed to afford Patient 2 the proper opportunity to
12 consider his other options prior to undergoing surgery. These failures constitute a simple
13 departure from the standard of care.

14 33. Respondent encouraged Patient 2 to undergo a second, unrelated surgery, without
15 evidence that the penile implant was necessary. It is a simple departure from the standard of care
16 to add an additional unnecessary surgery beyond that which was anticipated, for a condition not
17 previously diagnosed.

18 34. Respondent improperly placed the penile implant² in Patient 2, along with surgical
19 mesh. The improper placement led to compression of the urethra and other complications,
20 including danger of implant extrusion, ballooning of the proximal urethra with ejaculation and
21 voiding, extensive scar formation, and foreshortening of penile length by 2.5 inches. The failure
22 to properly place the implant and surgical mesh is a simple departure from the standard of care.

23 35. It is a simple departure from the standard of care for Respondent to continue to claim
24 and advertise that he is board certified by the American Board of Urology, when his board
25 certification expired on February 28, 2016.

26 //

27 _____
28 ² Either improper placement of the device or improper size of the implant used caused the urethral compression and danger of implant extrusion.

1 **SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

2 **(Failure to Maintain Adequate and Accurate Medical Records)**

3 36. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2266, in that he failed to
4 maintain adequate and accurate medical records for Patient 2. The circumstances are as follows:

5 37. The standard of care requires the physician and surgeon to chart the patient's
6 complaints, pertinent medical history, review of systems, and physical examination at the time or
7 soon after a medical visit. The charting should be complete and sufficient to describe the
8 patient's condition at the time. The charting should be unique to the patient's situation and give a
9 true impression of the patient's condition and diagnosis at that time. Although preprinted forms
10 or computerized systems may be used, they should be adjusted and modified according to the
11 patient's condition.

12 38. As to Patient 2, Respondent's chart notes are boilerplate and preprinted. He did not
13 specifically refer to Patient 2's condition. The documented physical examination noted that the
14 patient's penile dimensions "are within normal limits." This documentation does not justify the
15 plan for penile augmentation. The impression of "penile dysmorphia" appears to be preprinted.
16 The description that the patient's testicles are atrophic and small appear to justify enhancement.
17 The charting and examinations by other physicians do not support these findings. Respondent's
18 preprinted notes give the appearance that Patient 2 had ample time to think about and consider the
19 procedure and the full informed consent. The timing of the preop visit, the informed consent and
20 time of the surgery; indicate that the consultation was immediately prior to the surgical procedure,
21 evidencing an insufficient time to process and consider the informed consent.

22 **PRAYER**

23 WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,
24 and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

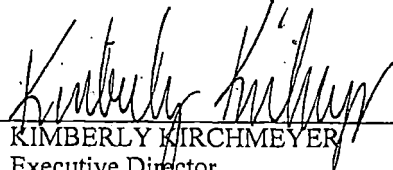
- 25 1. Revoking or suspending Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate Number A 35400,
26 issued to Jamshid Elist, M.D.;
- 27 2. Revoking, suspending or denying approval of Jamshid Elist, M.D.'s authority to
28 supervise physician assistants and advanced practice nurses;

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

3. Ordering Jamshid Elist, M.D., if placed on probation, to pay the Board the costs of probation monitoring; and

4. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: August 27, 2018



KIMBERLY KIRCHMEYER
Executive Director
Medical Board of California
Department of Consumer Affairs
State of California
Complainant

LA2018600484