1 2 3 4 5 6	KATHLEEN A. KENEALY Acting Attorney General of California JANE ZACK SIMON Supervising Deputy Attorney General CAROLYNE EVANS Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 289206 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 703-1211 Facsimile: (415) 703-5480 Attorneys for Complainant	FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO FIXEGREE 20/7 BY Poly Frenches ANALYST		
7 8 9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PODIATRIC MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
10	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 500-2015-000211		
11	MICHAEL ALAN STEIN, D.P.M.			
12	1300 Bancroft Ave, #103 San Leandro, CA 94577	ACCUSATION		
13	Podiatrist License No. E 2905			
14	Respondent.			
15				
16 17	Complainant alleges:			
18	PARTIES			
19	Brian Naslund (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity as			
20	the Executive Officer of the Board of Podiatric Medicine, Department of Consumer Affairs.			
21	2. On or about December 10, 1981, the Board of Podiatric Medicine issued Podiatrist			
22	License Number E 2905 to MICHAEL ALAN STEIN, D.P.M. (Respondent). The Podiatrist			
23	License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will			
24	expire on January 31, 2019, unless renewed.			
25	JURISDICTION			
26	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Podiatric Medicine (Board),			
27	Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section			
28	references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.			
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	(MICHAEL ALAN STEIN, D.P.M., Case No. 500-2015-000211) ACCUSATION			

4. Section 2472 of the Code states, in pertinent part:

"(a) The certificate to practice podiatric medicine authorizes the holder to practice podiatric medicine.

"(b) As used in this chapter, "podiatric medicine" means the diagnosis, medical, surgical, mechanical, manipulative, and electrical treatment of the human foot, including the ankle and tendons that insert into the foot and the nonsurgical treatment of the muscles and tendons of the leg governing the functions of the foot.

- 5. Section 2497, subdivision (a), of the Code states that "[t]he board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension of, or the revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, a certificate to practice podiatric medicine for any of the causes set forth in Article 12 (commencing with Section 2220) in accordance with Section 2222."
- 6. Section 2222 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that "[a]ny acts of unprofessional conduct or other violations proscribed by [the Medical Practice Act] are applicable to licensed doctors of podiatric medicine" and that the Board may "order the revocation, suspension, or other restriction of, or the modification of that penalty, and the reinstatement of any certificate of a doctor of podiatric medicine within its authority as granted by [the Medical Practice Act] and in conjunction with the administrative hearing procedures established pursuant to Sections 11371, 11372, 11373, and 11529 of the Government Code."
- 7. Section 2234 of the Code, a part of Article 12 of the Medical Practice Act, states, in relevant part:

"The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
 - "(b) Gross negligence.

"(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.

- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care."

·· ...;

- 8. Section 2263 of the Code, a part of Article 12 of the Medical Practice Act, provides that "[t]he willful, unauthorized violation of professional confidence constitutes unprofessional conduct."
 - 9. Section 2497.5 of the Code states:
- "(a) The board may request the administrative law judge, under his or her proposed decision in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before the board, to direct any licensee found guilty of unprofessional conduct to pay to the board a sum not to exceed the actual and reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- "(b) The costs to be assessed shall be fixed by the administrative law judge and shall not be increased by the board unless the board does not adopt a proposed decision and in making its own decision finds grounds for increasing the costs to be assessed, not to exceed the actual and reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- "(c) When the payment directed in the board's order for payment of costs is not made by the licensee, the board may enforce the order for payment by bringing an action in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licensee directed to pay costs.

"(d) In any judicial action for the recovery of costs, proof of the board's	decision
shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for pay	ment.

- "(e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licensee who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
 - "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licensee who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one year period for those unpaid costs.
- "(f) All costs recovered under this section shall be deposited in the Board of Podiatric Medicine Fund as a reimbursement in either the fiscal year in which the costs are actually recovered or the previous fiscal year, as the board may direct."

FACTS

- 10. At all times relevant to this matter, Respondent was licensed and practicing podiatric medicine in California.
- 11. Respondent has treated the fingernails of a number of his patients by laser for onychomycosis of the nails. After diagnosing the condition, he photographed the patients' nails and sent the photos, labeled with the patients' names, to a medical doctor to confirm his diagnosis before providing treatment. The medical doctor did not oversee or supervise the treatment and only very rarely saw the patients personally. Respondent paid the medical doctor a monthly stipend for her services. Respondent regularly sent these photographs to the medical doctor from his cell phone without encryption and without patient consent to having the photos sent without encryption.
- 12. For a period of at least two to five years, Respondent secretly video recorded female office staff, patients, and members of the general public without their knowledge or consent for his private viewing. The videos concentrated on the chest and buttock areas of clothed women.

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FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence, Repeated Negligent Acts, Violation of Professional Confidence)

13. Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct and subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (b) (gross negligence) and (c) (repeated negligent acts), and 2263 (violation of professional confidence) of the Code in that, as described above, he secretly took videos of patients and various body parts of patients with his cell phone without their consent for his private viewing.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence, Repeated Negligent Acts)

14. Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct and subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (b) (gross negligence) and (c) (repeated negligent acts), of the Code in that, as described above, he secretly took videos of his female staff and of female members of the general public without their knowledge and consent for his private viewing.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

15. Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct and subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (c) (repeated negligent acts), of the Code in that, as described above, he transmitted unencrypted patient information and photos to his retained medical doctor using his cell phone and e-mail without patient consent to transmit the information without encryption.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

16. Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct and subject to disciplinary action under section 2234, subdivision (c) (repeated negligent acts), of the Code in that, as described above, he provided laser treatments for onychomycosis on patients' fingernails.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Podiatric Medicine issue a decision:

(MICHAEL ALAN STEIN, D.P.M., Case No. 500-2015-000211) ACCUSATION